



Go to Campbell's for
Mapole Straw
Hat Polish
All colors: 15c. per
bottle.

CAMPBELL'S PRESCRIPTION STORE
CORNER FORT AND DOUGLAS STS.

The Daily Colonist.

ESTABLISHED 1855

VOL XCVII

VICTORIA DAILY COLONIST, THURSDAY, MARCH 21, 1907

NO. 85

HALL & WALKER
AGENTS
WELLINGTON COLLIERY CO'S COAL
100 Government St. Telephone 83



MANICURE SETS In Sterling Silver

To match our Sterling Silver TOILET TABLE SETS in oxidised or bright finish, five to eighteen pieces to the set at prices ranging from \$15.00 down to.....\$7.00

Or in separate pieces from \$2.00 down to.....50c

ENGLISH MIRRORS

In Sterling Silver, the very latest designs, at prices varying from \$10 down to.....\$6.00

Challoner & Mitchell

The Jewellers

INCUBATOR OIL

We have a good stock of
ELAINE INCUBATOR OIL, per tin.....\$2.25

HOME-MADE JAMS IN GLASS JARS

Pure, Delicious and Wholesome.

Crab Apple Syrup, per jar 15c
Crab Apple Jelly, per jar 20c
Grape Fruit Marmalade, per jar 25c

DIXI H. ROSS & CO.

INDEPENDENT GROCERS 111 Government Street

NEW SPRING STYLES IN LADIES' SHOES

Special for Friday and Saturday Selling

LADIES' PATENT COLT BLUCHER CUT LACE BOOT at \$3.50
LADIES' PATENT COLT BLUCHER CUT OXFORDS, with dull kid
quarter, at \$3.50

McCandless Bros. & Cathcart

35 JOHNSON STREET

"Your Shoes will be right if you get them here."

GARDEN SEEDS

Sutton's Celebrated Steele Briggs
Seeds Seeds

All kinds Flower and Vegetable
TREE SPRAY—QT., HALF GAL. and 1 GAL. TINS

THE SAUNDERS GROCERY CO., Ltd.

PHONE 28. TRY THE OLD STORE. JOHNSON ST.

WINTER HARBOR CONDENSED CLAMS

LARGE TINS - - - - - 35c
SMALL TINS - - - - - 20c

TRY A TIN
THEY ARE DELICIOUS

The WEST END GROCERY CO.

Phone 88. TRY US 42 Government Street

MIKKELSEN EXPEDITION LETTERS ARE RECEIVED

Duchess of Bedford Frozen in Ice
200 Miles From Point
Barrow

ALL MEMBERS OF PARTY WELL

Preparations Nearly Completed for
Expedition in Search of Northern Island

Portland, Ore., March 20.—Letters from Ernest Leffingwell, geologist, containing the first news from the Anglo-American Polar expedition headed by Captain Mikkelsen since the expedition left Alaska, were received here today. The letters were dated Nov. 21 and 23, and were carried over the ice fields to land, where they were delivered to the Canadian mounted police.

Mr. Leffingwell states that the ship, the Duchess of Bedford, was frozen in solid ice about 200 miles off Point Barrow, and that the preparations were at that time almost completed for starting the expedition into the unknown country lying to the north. According to the writer, the start will be made early this spring.

Mr. Leffingwell says that judging from the tides and from talks with the natives the conclusion has been reached that a large island exists not far from the mainland. The party, he says, may not return for two years. The weather he says, was moderate at the time the letter was written. The entire party of fifteen were in good health.

Experiments made by Dr. Howe in the use of vegetable foods demonstrated their inadequacy, and the serving of meat to the men had been resumed. The experiment was made in the belief that the vegetable food would decrease the danger of disease.

Leffingwell says that the letter may be the last to reach the outside world for two years, unless he succeeds in sending out a couple of men next summer.

ARCHAEOLOGICAL FIND

Naples, March 20.—The excavations at Metapontum, Gulf of Taranto, southern Italy, have resulted in the discovery of many Greek tombs, some covered with enormous tiles, others with cylinders and still others with stones.

SOCIALISTS IN FINLAND

Helsingfors, Finland, March 20.—The Socialists are well in the lead in the election to the Finnish Diet. The final count will not be completed for several days.

POPE TO BE GODFATHER

Rome, March 20.—It is officially announced that the pope has accepted the invitation to be godfather to the expected child of King Alfonso and Queen Victoria of Spain.

MANITOBA'S HOUSE

Winnipeg, March 20.—In Manitoba legislature as regards occupation, merchants and business men are in the lead in the new house. They number seventeen. Farmers are next, numberbering 13, and there are five doctors and five lawyers.

HEAVY EMBEZZLEMENT

Charlottetown, March 20.—F. H. Jones, assistant cashier of the Charlottetown bank, is missing with \$88,000 of the bank's funds. The bank has offered a reward of \$1,000 for his arrest.

FIVE MEN KILLED

Birmingham, Ala., March 20.—A telephone message from Bessemer says that the lining of a new furnace of the Woodward Iron company at Woodward, which has been undergoing repairs, fell in today and hundreds of tons of brick and mortar buried a number of workmen. Five dead bodies have been removed from the debris. Dempsey Hays, a white man, and four negroes are the known victims.

STALWART IMMIGRANTS

Winnipeg, March 20.—As an instance of the splendid lot of men who are coming over this spring there were some 200 men who were over six feet in height on today's trains. One of these big fellows, interviewed, stated that he had come to engage in horse ranching in Saskatchewan. "There are 67 feet of us in all," he said.

INDEPENDENT THEATRE

Montreal, March 20.—The erection of a new independent theatre for Montreal is an assured fact. D. W. Orliffe announces the formation of a \$250,000 company for the purpose. Work will be commenced in May, and it will be completed in January, 1908. The site of the theatre is on St. Catherine street, adjoining the gallery on Phillips square. The theatre trust will not control all bookings here.

ROBBERS FOILED

Attack on Johannesburg Bank Ended
Disastrously

Johannesburg, March 20.—An attempt was made by two masked men to rob the National Bank on Harrison street this afternoon, but it was foiled by the employees, who were quicker with their revolvers than their assailants. In a brief interchange of shots, one of the desperadoes was mortally wounded by a shot in the mouth. The other was captured as he was trying to flee. One of the bank employees was slightly wounded.

MCGILL REACHING OUT

Montreal, March 20.—Principal Patterson, of McGill university, announces that the amalgamation or affiliation with McGill of Prince of Wales college, Charlottetown, P. E. I., is now an accomplished fact. This is considered along with the B. C. plans of McGill to be an advance step in the interests of higher education in the Dominion. The first two years' course at these colleges will be accepted at McGill.

HOME MISSION FUNDS

Toronto, March 20.—Notwithstanding that there appeared to be so much difficulty in getting the \$140,000 asked for by the Presbyterian church last year, the home mission committee yesterday decided to increase the amount this year, and has set the figure \$16,000 higher, or \$150,000. While it was feared for some time that there would be a big deficit in the funds of the church, all obligations have been met, and there is a balance on hand of about \$5,000.

WRECKS ON C. P. R.

Colonist Train Derailed and Several Passengers Injured

Port Arthur, March 20.—A train of settlers' effects was wrecked about five miles east of here on the C. P. R. this morning. No person was seriously injured, although several horses were killed. The wreck was caused by the breaking down of trucks under a wrecking derrick which was being brought here from the recent wreck.

Winnipeg, March 20.—The westbound colonist special was derailed at Carlstadt, 90 miles west of Fort William, at 10 o'clock yesterday morning, seven coaches and the caboose leaving the track.

Nine passengers were injured, one of them seriously. The caboose caught fire from an overheated stove and was destroyed.

The names of the injured are: J. H. Richardson, Albert Chesley, George Taylor, William Russell, Mrs. Russell, W. A. Holland, Mrs. James Marshall, Mrs. Buttershaw and William Patterson.

They are all in the hospital at Fort William. Richardson is the most seriously injured, his back being badly crushed.

A DEMENTED MOTHER STRANGLES HER CHILD

Horrible Occurrence Reported
From Fort Rouge Section
of Winnipeg

Winnipeg, March 20.—After strangling her 9-year-old child with a suspender strap, Mrs. Ella Leslie, of Jessie avenue, Fort Rouge, attempted to take her own life by cutting her throat with a razor. She ran screaming into the street. She is thought to be suffering from emotional insanity, and has been lodged in the provincial jail.

Mrs. Leslie has been acting queerly for several weeks, according to her husband, John J. Leslie, an employee at the Western Iron Works. Some two weeks ago a younger child died from what was feared at the time to be unnatural causes. It is now known that the cause of this child's death was the mother's act.

News of the woman's horrible act today was telephoned to the police shortly before 1 o'clock by neighbors who had seen the woman with the blood oozing from a gash in her neck. She was running about the yard then.

Sergeant Newton with two constables was soon on the scene, and called Dr. C. A. Mackenzie, who upon arrival at the house found the child quite dead.

SUFFRAGETTES ARRESTED

London, March 20.—Thirty women suffragists were arrested this afternoon for attempting to force an entrance into the House of Commons.

FATAL STORM

Acton, Ont., March 20.—The concrete stables of the Acton House were wrecked by a furious wind-storm last night. John McDougall was killed and K. C. McDougall badly injured.

PRairie BASEBALL

Winnipeg, March 20.—Fans are looking forward to the opening of the season in which the Calgary and Lethbridge teams of the western Canada League will hold forth against the Maroons. Calgary plays against exhibition matches in the city, the series being fixed for May 9, 10 and 11. Lethbridge follows on the 13th and 14th, and the Maroons should be then ready for the opening of the season on the 16th.

INDEPENDENT THEATRE

Montreal, March 20.—The erection of a new independent theatre for Montreal is an assured fact. D. W. Orliffe announces the formation of a \$250,000 company for the purpose. Work will be commenced in May, and it will be completed in January, 1908. The site of the theatre is on St. Catherine street, adjoining the gallery on Phillips square. The theatre trust will not control all bookings here.

ROBBERS FOILED

Attack on Johannesburg Bank Ended
Disastrously

Johannesburg, March 20.—An attempt was made by two masked men to rob the National Bank on Harrison street this afternoon, but it was foiled by the employees, who were quicker with their revolvers than their assailants. In a brief interchange of shots, one of the desperadoes was mortally wounded by a shot in the mouth. The other was captured as he was trying to flee. One of the bank employees was slightly wounded.

ROBBERS FOILED

Attack on Johannesburg Bank Ended
Disastrously

Johannesburg, March 20.—An attempt was made by two masked men to rob the National Bank on Harrison street this afternoon, but it was foiled by the employees, who were quicker with their revolvers than their assailants. In a brief interchange of shots, one of the desperadoes was mortally wounded by a shot in the mouth. The other was captured as he was trying to flee. One of the bank employees was slightly wounded.

A LUNACY COMMISSION

MAY DEAL WITH
THAW

District Attorney Jerome in Re-

marks Indicates This
Course

MAKES AN IMPASIONED ADDRESS

An Implied Charge of Unprofessional
Conduct Against the Prisoner's
Counsel—Trial Adjourned

KILLED BY ENGINE

North Battleford, Sask., March 20.—While driving in a sleigh along the C. N. R. tracks on Saturday night, James Anderson and John McLaughlin were run down and killed by a back-engine three miles east of town. The men were going home, driving on the tracks to avoid snow-blocked trails. They lived on neighboring homesteads. Both were about 45 years old, married and with large families. Anderson was a half-breed, originally from Prince Albert, and McLaughlin played goal on last year's lacrosse team.

ROSSLAND DEVELOPMENTS

Rossland, March 20.—It is understood that the Le Roi has taken over the conduct of operations at the Spitzee mine, and will proceed to work it under a bond. A further development in the mining world, which is an open secret, is the taking over of the two hitherto unsuccessful mines, the Giant and California, which are contiguous on Red Mountain, by the well known mining man, Mr. Graves of Spokane, who is connected with the Granby company. Local belief here is that the properties in question are merely in need of sufficient capital to place them on a substantial basis.

SAN FRANCISCO'S GRAFTERS

Many Rumors Afloat in Regard to
Confessions

San Francisco, March 20.—All kinds of rumors are in circulation today about alleged confessions by city officials of graft, and about moves and countermoves by the prosecution and defence, but verification is in almost every instance impossible. Among the reports in circulation today are those that negotiations have been opened by the accused men with D. M. Dehns, the attorney who is defending Thaw, in New York, and that Mayor Schmidt has been or will be confronted with the written confessions of the super-visors and has been promised immunity if he will add his confession to theirs. This, it is said, will be done by the prosecution in order to reach the bribe-givers.

SEIZED DOCUMENTS TO BE MADE PUBLIC

French Chamber Takes Action in
Regard to Papal Nunci-
ature Papers

Paris, March 20.—After a lively debate today the chamber of deputies, by 370 to 164 votes, adopted the motion presented by the Jaurès group of Socialists, calling for the appointment of a commission to examine and make public the contents of the documents seized at the papal nunciature after the expulsion from France of Mgr. Montagnini, who was secretary of the nunciature. Premier Clemenceau and Foreign Minister Peillon supported the motion, claiming that the action of the authorities in seizing the papers was amply justified by their contents.

REBELLIOUS PEASANTS

Bucharest, March 20.—Peasants yesterday again invaded Botoshani and set fire to different parts of the town, especially the Jewish quarter. Troops intervened and several peasants were killed or wounded.

WOMEN DROWNED

Lubeck, Germany, March 20.—The German steamer Horn, of 188 tons net, has been sunk in the North Sea, with the loss of 21 lives.

NO STANLEY CUP MATCH

Use Electric Power

THOSE WHO HAVE USED IT WILL HAVE NO OTHER

Mr. J. S. H. Matson, Managing Director of the Colonist, says: "For the past year we have been running our entire printing plant by electric power, having done away with our steam plant. The service is excellent and the economy effected very great."

All our other customers are equally satisfied. Call and get particulars.

B. C. ELECTRIC RAILWAY CO.
Corner Fort and Langley Streets.

LOOK! HEINZ SPECIALS SOME OF THE 57

Apple Butter, per large jar.....	40c
Finest thing you ever used for Children	
Sweet Pickles, large bottle.....	40c
India Relish, large bottle.....	40c

Dill Pickles, in bulk, per doz..... 25c

W. O. WALLACE

Cor. Yates and Douglas Sts. Tel. 312. The Family Grocer

ARE YOU READY

for your Spring Suit or Overcoat? We are ready for you. Ready to supply you with the best clothes you ever wore and at the lowest price you ever paid for good clothes. We are exclusive Agents for

20th Century Brand

Fine Tailored Garments for men—without a doubt the best and most stylish clothes made in Canada and the most carefully tailored. Why accept inferior goods when you can get what you want at the price you are willing to pay? Once a 20th Century Brand wearer, always a 20th Century Brand wearer. Prices are—

\$15.00, \$18.00, \$20.00 up to \$30.00

Per Suit at

W. & J. WILSON
83 Government Street, Victoria, B.C.

CHOICE HAVANA CIGARS

Henry Clay Bock & Co.
Africana Manuel Garcia

WHOLESALE BY

THE HUDDSON'S BAY COMPANY
VICTORIA, B.C.

BUSINESS PROPERTY

Two Lots--each 60x120

RUNNING FROM STREET TO STREET--CLOSE IN
Fort Street

Price \$25,000

Pemberton & Son

45 FORT STREET

A Few Things You Cannot Get Elsewhere

SAVORY PROTOSE 35c WHOLE WHEAT STICKS..... 20c
POTTED PROTOSE 35c NO COFFEE 30c
NUT BUTTER 35c BROMOSE 25c

F. P. WATSON
GROCER 55 YATES STREET
Telephone 448. Best Value in Tins in the City.

DEBATE POSTPONED ON BETTER TERMS

Documents Tabled to Permit
Members to Gain In-
formation

RAILWAY ASSESSMENT IN CITIES

Public and Private Bills in Various
Stages—Answers Given to
Many Questions

The public galleries of the provincial legislative assembly were crowded yesterday afternoon in anticipation of a spirited debate upon the question of "better terms." It became apparent, however, immediately after prayers had been read by Rev. Dr. Campbell, that the matter would not be discussed, the leader of the opposition, J. A. Macdonald, rising to a question of privilege and asking that all correspondence and documents relating to better terms be handed down in order that all the members might have an opportunity of posting themselves before the subject was proceeded with.

These were submitted by the premier just as soon as Mr. Macdonald had taken his seat, with the remark that he would not only be willing to agree to an adjournment of the debate, but would be pleased to fall in with such an arrangement. It was decided, therefore, that the discussion upon this important public issue should be adjourned until Friday afternoon.

As stated, the session opened with prayers by Rev. Dr. Campbell.

Asked for Correspondence

J. A. Macdonald, leader of the opposition, asked that the correspondence upon better terms be submitted to the house before Premier McBride's resolution, which was on the order paper, was discussed. He pointed out that the reason he wished all documents relating to the matter which was proposed to take into consideration handed down was so that the members might have an opportunity of becoming thoroughly acquainted with the subject matter. In his opinion it was scarcely right that the matter should be proceeded with unless the representatives of the people were permitted to obtain a clear insight into the details.

Documents Submitted

In responding, the premier remarked that he had understood the member for Delta, John Oliver, to have stated that it was the desire that the correspondence and other documentary evidence concerning the Indian reserve question should be brought down, in view of the fact that it was the intention of the government to introduce legislation in that regard. He, therefore, had given the necessary instructions and was prepared to table reports of everything which had transpired between the provincial and Dominion governments in connection with the question referred to. With regard to better terms, he also was ready to hand down all documents in the possession of the government relating to that matter.

Both those mentioned were, therefore, placed in the hands of the clerk of the house.

J. H. Haworthwaite then drew attention to the fact that an amendment to the government's resolution on better terms, of which he had given notice during the previous day's session, had not appeared on the order paper.

The proposed amendment to the first clause of the aforementioned resolution, which read as follows:

"That this house endorses the course taken by Honorable Richard McBride, premier of British Columbia, at the said conference in respect to all the foregoing described actions."

The premier answered that he was glad of an opportunity to say something in behalf of the officials concerned. He drew attention to the fact that the King's printer, Col. Wolfenden, had had the honor to publish the first Gazette which had been issued in the colony. He was always courteous and ready to do everything within his power to assist members of the house towards obtaining information or in other ways.

The mistake to which Mr. Haworthwaite referred had been committed by one of the pages, who had mislaid the honorable member's amendment. As far as the government side of the house was concerned, he was prepared to give his assurance that the desire was to extend to the opposition every possible courtesy and consideration.

Better Terms Resolution

Before taking his seat, he wished to take advantage of the occasion to ask the approval of the house to a proposal which he wished to make, namely, the incorporating of another section in the better terms resolution as published in the orders. This would deal with the recommendation made by the federal authorities that the contemplated amendments in regard to the subdividing of the province should be made "unalterable."

He admitted that the procedure was a little out of order, but by the consent of the house it might be adopted as a method of bringing the whole question before the legislature in concrete form.

Mr. Macdonald, speaking in behalf of the opposition, had no objection to offer. He was not prepared to debate the matter at present, and would be gratified if the government would consent to an adjournment.

Adjourned to Friday

The premier agreed and the discussion upon better terms was laid over until Friday afternoon.

John Oliver, rising to a question of privilege, stated that some annoyance had been created owing to the difficulty experienced in procuring the rules of the house.

Premier McBride promised that the matter would receive attention and the members would be supplied with these publications as soon as possible.

Private Bill Report

Thereupon reports were submitted by the private bills committee as follows:

That the standing orders have not been complied with as to publication of notice and presentation of petition in connection with the undermentioned petitions:

(No. 14), being An act to incorporate "The Rainy Hollow Railway Company."

(No. 16), being An act to incorporate "The Imperial Fire Underwriters' Company."

(No. 17), being an act to amend "The Vancouver Incorporation Act, 1900."

Your committee recommends that

rules 57 and 59 be suspended with

reference to the three above-mentioned petitions.

That the standing orders in connection with the undermentioned petitions have been complied with.

(No. 1), An act to revive, ratify and confirm "The Queen Charlotte Islands Railway Company Act, 1905."

(No. 2), An act to incorporate "The Coldstream Telephone Company."

(No. 3), An act to incorporate "The Cariboo and Pacific Mining, Smelting and Development Company."

(No. 4), An act to incorporate "The Bella Coola Railway Company."

(No. 5), An act to incorporate "The Kootenay Southern Railway Company."

(No. 6), An act to incorporate "The Vancouver Stock Exchange."

(No. 8), An act respecting "Slough Creek, Limited."

(No. 9), An act respecting "The Consolidation of Leases held by the Cariboo Gold Mining Company."

(No. 10), An act respecting "The Consolidation of the Leases held by the Bullion Hydraulic Mining Company."

(No. 12), An act to incorporate "The East Kootenay Log Railway Company."

(No. 13), An act to incorporate "The Prince Rupert Light and Power Company."

Both were received and adopted.

Private Bills Introduced

A number of private bills were then introduced. Among them were the following:

By Mr. Macgowan, of Vancouver, a bill entitled "An act providing for the consolidation of leases held by the Cariboo Gold Mining Company."

By Dr. McGuire, of Vancouver, a bill entitled "An act for the incorporation of the Bell Creek Railway Company."

By Mr. Macgowan, of Vancouver, a bill entitled "An act respecting the consolidation of leases held by the Bullion Hydraulic Mining Company."

By Mr. Macgowan, a bill entitled "An act to incorporate the Vancouver Stock Exchange."

By Mr. Thomson, of Victoria, a bill entitled "An act to consolidate mining leases held by the Slough Creek Mining Company."

By Dr. King, a bill entitled "An act for the incorporation of the Okanagan Railway Company."

By Price Ellison, a bill entitled "An act for the incorporation of the Coldstream Telephone Company."

By Dr. Kergan, a bill entitled "An act for the incorporation of the Queen Charlotte Island Railway."

By Mr. Davey, of Victoria, a bill entitled "An act for the incorporation of the Prince Rupert Light and Power Company."

These were all passed through their initial stages, the majority of them being referred to different committees of the house.

A bill entitled "An act to amend the Investment and Loan Securities Act" was introduced by the attorney-general as a message from the lieutenant-governor. It was considered in committee of the whole, Price Ellison occupying the chair, and being reported upon, its second reading was fixed for the next session and so placed upon the order papers.

Renewed Registry

This proposed enactment clearly outlines the conditions under which certificates of renewed registry may be taken out by societies under the amendment of section 3 of chapter 22 of the revised statutes, 1897, by section 2 of chapter 5 of the statutes of 1905. It reads as appended:

"Should any society omit or neglect to take out a certificate of renewed registry under the provisions of sub-section (2) hereof, it may at any time within the year following the last day on which such certificate might have been taken out under the provisions of sub-section (2), take out a certificate of renewed registry under the provisions of this sub-section, which shall entitle the society obtaining the same to carry on business under this act until the first day of July following the date of such certificate. The fee for a certificate of renewed registry under this sub-section shall be double the fee for a certificate of renewed registry under sub-section (2) hereof."

Railway Assessments

"An Act to Levy and Assess Taxes on Property of Railway Companies" was the title of another bill introduced by the finance minister some days ago by message from the lieutenant-governor by the attorney-general. This deals with railway right of way and the collection of tax thereupon. It gives municipalities organized subsequently to 1895 the right to tax railways within the municipal boundaries, a privilege formerly enjoyed by the province. Sections 5, 7, 8, 11 and 12 are identical with the corresponding sections of the old act. Section 2 defines railway company and rolling stock, the old act having omitted to do so. Sections 3 and 4 provide for the inclusion of spurs and switches as taxable right-of-way, and other sections relate to the required returns of railways for the guidance of the assessor. The bill went through the usual opening stages and is slated for its second reading at the next session. It reads in full as follows:

"1. This act may be cited as the 'Railway Assessment Act, 1907.'

2. Where the words following occur in this act they shall be construed as follows, unless from the context a contrary intention appears:

(a) "Company" means a railway company and includes any person having authority to construct and operate a railway;

(b) "Railway" means any railway which the company has authority to construct or operate, and includes all branches, sidings, spurs and switches, stations, depots, wharves, rolling stock, equipment, stores, property, real or personal, and works connected therewith, and also any railway bridge, tunnel or other structure which the company is authorized to construct;

(c) "Rolling stock" means and includes all locomotive, engine, motor car, tender, snow plough, flanger and every description of car or of railway equipment designed for movement on its wheels over or upon the rails or tracks of the company.

3. Every company shall annually transmit, on or before the fifteenth day of October in every year to the surveyor of taxes and inspector of revenue, a return on forms to be supplied by him, showing—

(1) Under what acts of the province the company claims exemption from taxation upon its real and personal property and income, the date of the completion of the railway, the date of selection of the lands granted under any acts of the province, the dates of such grants and the acreage included therein;

(2) The total number of miles of main line and branches, including sidings, spurs and switches of the railway company situated within the province, and specifying the miles claimed to be exempt from taxation under any act of the province and the mileage within the limits of any municipality in the province;

(No. 14), being An act to incorporate "The Rainy Hollow Railway Company."

(No. 16), being An act to incorporate "The Imperial Fire Underwriters' Company."

(No. 17), being an act to amend "The Vancouver Incorporation Act, 1900."

Mr. Haworthwaite protested against the proposed assessment upon canneries upon much the same ground as that taken by Mr. Brewster.

Payment of Wages

The second reading of the bill entitled "An Act Respecting the Payment of Workmen's Wages" was proceeded with, Mr. Williams, the father of the measure, explained in detail the reasons for its introduction and the benefits which might be expected to accrue through its adoption. He pointed out that the system in vogue throughout British Columbia in respect to the payment of wages to laborers by employers was most unsatisfactory to the former.

The debate afterwards was adjourned upon motion of the premier.

Probate Duty Bill Passed

The report on a bill entitled "An Act to Ratify an Order-in-Council Regarding Probate Duty" was adopted. The bill was read a third time and passed.

spective days hereinafter in this section specified, to the surveyor of taxes and inspector of revenue, returns on forms to be supplied by him, as follows:

(1) On or before the fifteenth day of January in each year, a return showing all lands sold, agreed to be sold, pre-empted or leased within the limits of the grants that are held by the company under any land grant or subsidy act of the province during the period of three months preceding the date of the return, namely, from the first day of October to thirty-first day of December.

(2) On or before the fifteenth day of October in each year, a return showing all lands sold, agreed to be sold, pre-empted or leased within the limits of the said grants during the period of nine months preceding the date of the return, namely, from the first day of January to thirtieth day of September; And each of such returns shall show in detail and in tabulated form the legal description of the land, number of acres sold or agreed to be sold, name of person to whom sold or agreed to be sold or leased, date of deed, agreement or lease, and the consideration mentioned therin.

5. Every company failing to trans-

CHRONIC CATARRH NOSE AND THROAT

"At the Advice of Friends I Tried Peru-na and the Results Have Been Highly Satisfactory." — So Writes Mr. Pilon.



MR. RAOUL PILON, 116 Rue Notre Dame, Lachine, P.Q., can, writes:

"I write you a few words to express to you my satisfaction at being cured. I was afflicted with catarrh of the throat and nose and suffered much. I was greatly disengaged. I had a bad breath and bad taste in my mouth in the morning."

"I took treatment for some time without obtaining relief. At the advice of friends I tried Peru-na and the results have been highly satisfactory. At the end of four months I was completely cured."

Neglected catarrh becomes chronic. Having developed into the chronic stage, a longer and more persistent treatment will be required to cure it than if the disease were treated at the onset.

However, Peruna will bring relief, whether the catarrh is acute or chronic. If you are wise you will keep Peruna on hand and take a few doses at the first appearance of a cold or cough, and thus save yourself both suffering and expense.

Patients have the privilege of writing to Dr. Hartman for free advice. A book on "Chronic Catarrh" will be sent upon request.

BRINGS BUSINESS TO THE ALL-RED ROUTE

Retirement of The Oceanic Co. Will Result in Improved Service

"There is no doubt but that the improved service proposed by the Union Steamship Co. will augment the amount of Canadian-Australian travel," said A. A. Brown of the Union Steamship line in an interview at Vancouver. He declined to be quoted as an official of the company but was not averse to giving an interview as a private individual.

"Once the public get accustomed to traveling to Australia through Victoria and Vancouver it will be very hard to discontinue the habit," continued Mr. Brown. "The Oceanic service by way of San Francisco proved very unsatisfactory in every way. Mails were arriving in New Zealand as high as fifteen days late while two and three days was a quite ordinary affair. The action of the cabinet of New Zealand in transferring the contract for the mails from the Oceanic line to the Union line has changed matters considerably."

The contract calls for a fortnightly service to England by way of the Red Sea. This we are now supplying until the new vessel is delivered and has been placed in commission. The vessels employed on the monthly service between England and Australia as far as possible go into Brisbane by reason of a contract which the company has with the Brisbane government calling for a direct mail service.

"This service, however, will likely be terminated at the end of our contract with the government of Brisbane. Mr. Kidson, the prime minister, and the government have no objection to the mails being sent down to Sydney by train. It is a twenty-four hour run and the steamers instead of calling at Brisbane can go direct from Sydney to Auckland. By the present arrangement this is almost impossible because Brisbane takes the steamers almost in the opposite direction to New Zealand."

"The new steamers ordered by the company will be capable of keeping up seventeen or eighteen knots an hour continuously between Sydney and Vancouver. It is expected that the time of the passage will be shortened by about sixty hours."

"Hon. Sir Joseph Ward, prime minister of New Zealand, and Mr. Mills, the managing director of the Union Steamship line who are at present in London attending the colonial conference, intend to speak about the dissolution of the contract with Queensland. This may facilitate the proposed

change in relation to New Zealand mails."

"What profit did the Oceanic line derive out of handling the New Zealand mail?"

"Well, the subsidy amounted to £20,000 and the poundage amounted to more than the subsidy, so it was quite a considerable benefit to the Oceanic line. The same contract has now been taken over by the Union line to carry mails to England by way of the Red Sea."

That the Canadian government will now reconsider the action it took several years ago with regard to the New Zealand mail service is practically a certainty, and if the local board of trade takes the matter up with the government it is probable that the Canadian-Australian liners will carry all mail between Canada, New Zealand and Australasian points.

It will be remembered that some years ago the Union Steamship company of New Zealand, which practically became the New Zealand and other liners, was offering the mail subsidy paid by the New Zealand government, amounting to £20,000 a year, if the company would carry the New Zealand mails with the Australasian mails. The residents of Brisbane and Queensland were quite willing to have the mail steamer cut out the Brisbane calls, as the mails could be taken from Sydney to Brisbane by rail. The Canadian government refused to consider the proposal on the ground that it would take a day longer to carry the Australasian mails if the steamers called at any New Zealand ports.

There is only one obstacle in the way of fast mail steamers from this port, and that is the fact that all steamers plying between Victoria and New Zealand or Australian ports must carry enough coal for the trip from British Columbia or New Zealand as that commodity is too expensive at other places. Only a short time ago the Mowbray, owing to the large cargo she had on board could not carry a regular amount of coal and had to call at Honolulu to load from steamship. For common bunker coal the officers were forced to pay ten dollars a ton. It is therefore quite obvious that steamers will have to be provided which can carry a large supply of coal in order to make a fast trip with the mails. There is no possibility of the Empresses being put on the run, as they could not carry sufficient coal to last.

The present mail contract expires in July, and the service will be improved after that time. The new service is to be via New Zealand instead of Brisbane. Leaving Sydney, the Canadian-Australian liners will proceed to Auckland, N.Z., and thence to Fiji, instead of from Sydney to Brisbane and thence to Suva.

REMORE CAUSED SUICIDE

Settler's Wife Who Had Caused Her Husband Trouble

Stettler, Alta., March 20.—A rumor was brought in a few days ago that a murder had been committed at Notre Dame de Savoie, a settlement some twenty miles east of Stettler. With their usual promptness the mounted police commenced an investigation, the result of which brought to light a pathetic suicide. It appears that a German named Striblitz was summoned a few months ago for assault by his wife. He was sent up to Fort Saskatchewan and detained there for two or three months. The man claimed to have cause to suspect his wife of infidelity, and while he was away it is supposed that he lived on intimate terms with another man. When Striblitz returned from jail he treated his wife with kindness and consideration, believing his suspicions to have been unjust. Curiously enough, qualms of remorse for all she had made her husband suffer struck the woman, and she confided to her son that she meant to shoot herself. The husband suspected her of designs on her life, and secreted all the firearms in the house. Somehow or other the unfortunate woman obtained possession of a revolver, and after writing a note stating her intention in plain words, she pressed the weapon to her breast and pulled the trigger. She had evidently held the pistol with both hands, one hand on the barrel, and the other on the stock, as the palm of her left hand was scorched. Striblitz was away at the time looking for horses. The body was found in an outhouse by deceased's children, who at once gave the alarm and collected such neighbors as were in the immediate vicinity.

WANT REGISTRY OFFICES

Nanaimo Citizens Forward a Petition to the Government

Says the Nanaimo Free Press: In addition to the resolution passed by council that a land registry office be established at Nanaimo, a petition is now being circulated in the city to supplement this, reading as follows:

To the Hon. Lieutenant-Governor of the Province of British Columbia, in Council:

We, the undersigned, beg to bring to the notice of the government that the only land registry office on Vancouver Island is situated at Victoria; that the increase in the number of transfers of land lying in the northern portion of the island, in the districts in the neighborhood of Ladysmith, Nanaimo, Wellington, Parksville, Alberni and Cumberland, make it very desirable that greater facilities be provided for the examination, passing, as well as the registration of titles to lands lying in and about the above mentioned localities; that great delay is experienced in the examination, passing and registration of titles in said localities from the large amount of business passing through the Victoria land registry office, which to your petitioner is often a source of great delay and inconvenience, as well as loss.

To remedy the above, your petitioners pray that a land registry office be established at the city of Nanaimo.

ASQUITH IN PRAISE OF CHAMBERLAIN

Makes a Touching Allusion to Greatest of Birmingham's Citizens at Banquet

The London Times in a recent issue contains a report of the proceedings at the dinner held in Birmingham when Mr. Asquith was the principal guest of the Birmingham chamber of commerce: Mr. Jesse Collings, M.P., the president of the chamber, was in the chair, and amongst those present were the Lord Mayor of Birmingham (Mr. H. J. Sayer), Mr. A. G. Hooper, M.P., Mr. E. Parkes, M.P., Sir Oliver Lodge, and Judge Bray.

Mr. Asquith, in reply to the toast of "His Majesty's Ministers," prefaced his speech with a reference to Mr. Chamberlain.

"He asked to be allowed to express his most sincere and heartfelt regret that they had not with them that night, as to the great detriment of the nation they had not with them for some months in the House of Commons, the man who, all would agree, was the greatest of Birmingham's citizens. (Cheers.) The disability—he earnestly hoped the temporary and passing disability—of Mr. Chamberlain to appear in the front place in the fighting ranks in politics had not only robbed for the time being our public life of one of its most conspicuous and commanding figures, but it had sensibly and substantially impoverished that common stock of ideas and of purposes to which under our party system it was the duty and the business of every one of them, each within his own measure, to contribute. (Cheers.) Having been in somewhat acute conflict at one time and another with Mr. Chamberlain, he could only say that from no quarter in the political world did more ardent prayers proceed than from those who had the best opportunities for his speedy and complete restoration. (Cheers.) The first duty of a Chancellor of the Exchequer, situated as he was within six or seven weeks of the production of his Budget, was to hold his tongue. (Laughter.) It was at the best of times and under the most favorable of conditions a peculiarly thankless office in these days. If he might judge by what he saw in the public press and by the ceaseless stream of sanguine suggestions which by every post poured into his unfortunate—he was going to say his waste—paper basket. A chancellor of the exchequer, even if he had in his possession the philosopher's stone could add to it the secrets of perpetual motion, of eternal youth, and of the elixir of life, would still find himself not within measurable distance, he would not say of realizing the hopes, but even of satisfying the confident demands of his friends. (Laughter.) But he possessed none of those things; he did not even possess a scientific staff. (Laughter.) But poor Mr. Chamberlain, acting under the conditions under which he had to act, and which might be bettered or enlarged by a change in the future, had got to cut the nation's coat with such modest art of tailoring as his possessed according to the nation's cloth. He was not going to say anything which would shock the prejudices, offend the susceptibilities, outrage the convictions, or even seem to cast doubt upon the ideals, and hopes of any one present; but it was an undisputed indisputable fact that the year 1900 had been both in the United Kingdom and in other countries one of the most remarkable in industrial history. Our own foreign trade attained to record figures, and it was to be observed that the excess of imports over exports, according to the board of trade returns, which in the year 1904 was 180 millions sterling, fell in 1906 to 147 millions. The figures of our foreign trade during the last three years appeared to him clearly to indicate that a process which had begun some time been in suspense had begun to operate again. He meant the steady and increasing outflow of British capital for investment abroad. Mr. Asquith went on to speak of the improvement in the home trade of the country, and said he thought there was for the first time since 1900 a general not increase in weekly wages. The unrepresented trade activity of 1906 might almost be said to have been world-wide. He would quote some very remarkable figures which, so far as he knew, had not yet been adequately put before the country. If they took the foreign trade of the nine principal countries, ourselves, America, Germany, France, Austria-Hungary, Italy, Belgium, Russia, and Spain, they found their imports amounted last year to 1,900 million sterling and their exports to over 1,650 million sterling, a total of over 3,500 million showing an average increase in both exports and imports of something like 3 per cent on the previous year. That enormous addition in a single year to the burden which the combined forces of credit and of currency had to carry naturally put a strain on the machinery which was nowhere more felt than in London, London being, as he hoped

A BAD COLD SETTLED ON THE LUNGS

All the most serious affections of the throat, the lungs, and the bronchial tubes, are, in the beginning, but coughs and colds, and failure to take hold at once and get rid of them will cause many years of suffering.

Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup

contains all the lung healing virtues of the pine tree and will certainly cure all coughs and lung troubles.

Mrs. Jessie McDowell, Langton, Ont., writes: "In November, 1903, I caught a bad cold that settled on my lungs, so I got two bottles of Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup, and used one and a half of them and by that time I was cured. I laid the babies of the bottle away for future use. A few days after our eight months' old baby took the whooping cough.

He was so bad we had to call the family physician, but he said he could do but little.

I commenced using the Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup and to my great satisfaction the baby was cured. I only used four small bottles; a small doctor bill.

I believe there is no other remedy for coughs, colds, etc.

Price 25 cents a bottle at all dealers.

It would continue to remain, the free gold market of the world. (Cheers.) If at the same time they took into account the exceptional losses which had to be made good, largely from the same sources, by such catastrophes as the earthquakes at San Francisco and Chile, they had little difficulty in solving the secret of the monetary stringency which had given us a bank rate of 5 and even 6 per cent, and which in some quarters had produced demands for changes in our banking system out of all proportion, in his opinion, to actual or probable exigencies. (Hear, hear.) The same circumstances helped to explain another phenomenon which, superficially viewed, might seem to be cause of serious disquietude, and to no one more than the Chancellor of the Exchequer. He meant the relatively low level of prices which had obtained in what were called gilt-edged stocks. Just as they found he had found it during the last two or three months that the high bank rate for the time being was up to divert deposits from the savings banks, so the exceptional activity of trade in all its branches with a prospect of quick and large returns tended to bring temporary stagnation into the market of non-speculative securities which did not and could not yield more than a low rate of interest in good times. After discussing what government could do for trade, Mr. Asquith said the root of the trade of this country lay where it had always lain, in the energy, the ingenuity, the resourcefulness of the British people. (Hear, hear.) But we had been too apt to let these great qualities run to waste, or at any rate not to yield their maximum return, through want of organization and of trained and disciplined application. Every one agreed that it was necessary for the doctor, the lawyer, the architect, and the clergyman to add to his general education a special professional preparation; it was just the same, though people were slower to recognize it, with business. We have right in these days against the stress of the ever-growing competition of trained and untrained rivals, both to hold our own in the old markets and to obtain and to retain a foothold in the new markets, and it was to a clearer perception of these conditions that we owed the increasing attention paid of late years in England to what was called commercial education.

TO LET.—The finest Lodge or Sample Room in Victoria, size 10' x 12', light on three sides, stairs to street, hoist in hall. Very central and at a moderate rent to good tenant. Apply Cameron's Clothing Store, 55 Johnson street.

MORE AUTONOMY FOR THE YUKON

Member for Territory Makes a Strong Plea in the Commons

Ottawa, March 12.—Dr. Thompson, in the House today, brought up the question of the development of the Yukon, and called attention to the possibilities of a great gold production in the future. The last chapter in the history of the Yukon had not yet been written, he said. The Territory in question produced practically nothing but gold, and it was one of the best possible markets in the world for Canada. Though only 11 years old, the Yukon had produced over \$120,000,000. A strong plea for granting the Territory a fully elective council was put forward by Dr. Thompson. At the present time five members of the Council are appointed by the government and five by the people, whilst there is a commissioner who presides at the Council and acts in the dual position of Speaker of the Legislature and Governor of the Territory. In the first place, all the members were selected by the federal government, and afterwards the concession was granted to the people the right to elect a portion of them.

He submitted that the time had now come to give the Territory a further measure of self-government by allowing them to elect all the members of the Council from among themselves.

He did not ask for full provincial autonomy, but he did ask for the Yukon the same measure of autonomy as was granted to the Northwest Territories before they were converted into the provinces of Alberta and Saskatchewan. The present Yukon Council was not the first time since 1900 a general not increase in weekly wages. The unrepresented trade activity of 1906 might almost be said to have been world-wide. He would quote some very remarkable figures which, so far as he knew, had not yet been adequately put before the country.

Hydraulic Concessions.

Another important matter was the question of the hydraulic concessions, the continuance of which had produced agitation amongst the people of the Territories. They were not at all in favor of them, and something must be done. The ground relating to these concessions was still locked up, and what the people wanted was that it should be opened. He called upon the government to examine into these matters.

A request for subsidies for light-draught boats up to the headwaters

was also made by Dr. Thompson, who said that, while gold was the only thing they exported, the people of the Yukon were turning their attention to agriculture. It had been demonstrated that wheat could be successfully grown there, while potatoes, oats and barley had also been produced. For these reasons he asked the government to establish a small experimental farm, the result of which he considered would be some great surprises.

He complained that the telegraph gave a very intermittent service, and he suggested supplying the place where the breaks most frequently occurred with the wireless system.

Fuller Elective Next Time.

Mr. Oliver said, as to the question of the hydraulic concessions, the continuance of which had produced agitation amongst the people of the Territories. They were not at all in favor of them, and something must be done. The ground relating to these concessions was still locked up, and what the people wanted was that it should be opened. He called upon the government to examine into these matters.

The coming elections would, Mr. Oliver believed, be the last held without a fully elective Council.

In regard to the question of the hydraulic concessions, there had been certain cancellations, and the government was taking steps by bringing action against the concessionaires in the Exchequer Court to eject them. Every attention would be given to the future development of the country. As to the proposition for wireless telegraphy, he was unable to pass an opinion, but he considered it a question well worthy of consideration.

Government Held Responsible.

Mr. Foster (North Toronto) said the government occupied an altogether anomalous position in the Yukon. So long as the government controlled the Council by having a majority of appointed members, so long the government would be held responsible for the way the business of the country was carried on. He was absolutely at one with Dr. Thompson in the view that the people of the Yukon should have

Government Held Responsible.

Mr. Foster (North Toronto) said the government occupied an altogether anomalous position in the Yukon. So long as the government controlled the Council by having a majority of appointed members, so long the government would be held responsible for the way the business of the country was carried on. He was absolutely at one with Dr. Thompson in the view that the people of the Yukon should have

Government Held Responsible.

Mr. Foster (North Toronto) said the government occupied an altogether anomalous position in the Yukon. So long as the government controlled the Council by having a majority of appointed members, so long the government would be held responsible for the way the business of the country was carried on. He was absolutely at one with Dr. Thompson in the view that the people of the Yukon should have

Government Held Responsible.

Mr. Foster (North Toronto) said the government occupied an altogether anomalous position in the Yukon. So long as the government controlled the Council by having a majority of appointed members, so long the government would be held responsible for the way the business of the country was carried on. He was absolutely at one with Dr. Thompson in the view that the people of the Yukon should have

Government Held Responsible.

Mr. Foster (North Toronto) said the government occupied an altogether anomalous position in the Yukon. So long as the government controlled the Council by having a majority of appointed members, so long the government would be held responsible for the way the business of the country was carried on. He was absolutely at one with Dr. Thompson in the view that the people of the Yukon should have

Government Held Responsible.

Mr. Foster (North Toronto) said the government occupied an altogether anomalous position in the Yukon. So long as the government controlled the Council by having a majority of appointed members, so long the government would be held responsible for the way the business of the country was carried on. He was absolutely at one with Dr. Thompson in the view that the people of the Yukon should have

Government Held Responsible.

Mr. Foster (North Toronto) said the government occupied an altogether anomalous position in the Yukon. So long as the government controlled the Council by having a majority of appointed members, so long the government would be held responsible for the way the business of the country was carried on. He was absolutely at one with

The Colonist.

The Colonist Printing & Publishing Company, Limited Liability, 27 Broad Street, Victoria, B. C.

J. S. H. Matson, Managing Director.

The Daily Colonist

Delivered by carrier at 20 cents per week, or mailed postpaid to any part of Canada (except the city), the United Kingdom or the United States, at the following rates:

One year \$5.00

Six months 2.50

Three months 1.25

A QUESTION OF JURISDICTION

The Sunday observance question brings up the consideration of the respective jurisdictions of the Dominion Parliament and the Provincial Legislatures in regard to that subject. Much has been said on this point, but we think too much has been taken for granted. We propose, therefore, to put forward some views, which may or may not commend themselves to those specially interested in the legal point involved, and in doing so, will confine our observations to general principles, without reference to decided cases. We avoid examination into the decisions, because we think the crux of the Sunday observance matter is not involved in any case that has ever been before the courts. Decisions of the courts primarily only determine the particular case to which they relate. They govern, however, all cases to which they apply by necessary inference. But if it is possible to differentiate between two cases, it does not by any means follow that a decision in one will be held to be binding in the other. We think the question of the jurisdiction of the local legislatures in respect to Sunday observance can, since the passage of the Lord's Day Act, be differentiated from any question upon which the courts have passed, and we propose to give our reasons for so thinking.

By the British North America Act the Parliament of Canada may "make laws for the peace order and good government of Canada in relation to all matters not coming within the classes of subjects by that Act assigned exclusively to the Legislatures of the provinces," and for greater certainty the Act specifies some of the matters included in this definition, and one of them is the Criminal Law. Among the matters in regard to which the provincial legislatures may exclusively make laws are "property and civil rights in the province," and the imposition of punishments for enforcing any law made in relation to matters coming under classes of subjects with which the legislatures may deal. There can be no question that under these provisions the Dominion Parliament can make anything an offence, which in its discretion it thinks necessary to so declare in order to promote the peace, order and good government of Canada. Therefore, although to say that a man may not work at his ordinary business on any day may be an interference with his civil rights, and therefore an infringement upon the jurisdiction of the provincial legislatures, we think there can be no question that Parliament has the right so to legislate, and it makes no difference whether or not the provision applies to Sunday or any other day. Parliament has seen fit to enact that where a man is compelled to work on Sunday, he shall be given a day of rest during the week. This is about as distinct an interference with the civil right of a man to employ another seven days a week as can well be imagined, but we raise no question at present as to the jurisdiction of Parliament in the premises. If the Lord's Day Act had been confined to legislation as to work on Sunday and a day of rest other than Sunday to persons working on that day, it might be open for any one to say that the whole legislative authority to deal with the subject matter was exhausted, but Parliament did more than this. It provided that certain things should not be lawful on Sunday, except as provided in the Act "or in any provincial act now or hereinafter in force."

What does the expression "now or hereinafter in force" mean? We submit that it means just what it says, and that Parliament, knowing that the legislation, which it was enacting, was an interference with civil rights within the provinces, expressly declared that, in taking upon itself authority to deal with the subject matter by an enactment relating to all the provinces, it did so with the qualification that, if the provincial legislatures choose to pass measures conflicting therewith, they are at liberty to do so. The language quoted is a distinct recognition by Parliament that Sunday legislation may in some particulars be a proper subject for provincial legislation, and the Lord's Day Act is not to be taken as an assumption by Parliament of the exclusive right to deal with the question. If Parliament had assumed such a right there might be nothing left for the provinces but to

accept the law as they find it, but our contention is that it was expressly intended to leave the matter open so that the provinces, in pursuance of their exclusive authority to deal with property and civil rights within the province, might pass such legislation as to their respective legislatures might seem advisable.

We submit this general proposition as applicable to all legislation in Canada: It is impossible to carry out the provisions of the British North America Act in their entirety without Parliament trenching upon the jurisdiction of the legislatures, both directly and indirectly, and the legislatures doing the same in respect to the powers of parliament; that the courts will be astute to sustain as far as possible that interpretation of the powers of the two legislative bodies as those bodies may adopt; and that Parliament may exercise its unquestioned jurisdiction in such a manner as to leave the subject matter of any enactment within the powers of the local legislatures, if they see fit to exercise those powers. We submit further that the Lord's Day Act is a piece of legislation to which these observations apply, and that the provincial legislature has all the authority necessary to enable it to qualify the operation of that statute, if it sees fit to do so.

BETTER TERMS

The New Westminster Daily News deals with the question of better terms in a moderate article. We hardly expect our contemporary to discuss this subject without having a shot or two at Mr. McBride, and we suppose that such a course is legitimate enough from a party point of view, however untimely it may be at the present juncture. But with the following extract we find ourselves able to agree entirely:

"No one can deplore more than we the unfortunate position in which the matter now stands; we shall certainly refuse to accept as final any such settlement as that proposed."

In view of this expression of opinion we suggest to our contemporary, if it would not be well to dismiss for the present all partisan considerations in connection with the claims of the province. We all deplore the unfortunate position in which the matter stands. It is certainly deplorable that the Canadian Parliament should be asked to declare to the Imperial Parliament that \$100,000 a year for ten years is a final and unalterable settlement of the exceptional claims of British Columbia. Perhaps the News would not agree with the Colonist as to where the responsibility for this deplorable condition rests, but like the Colonist it must see the absolute necessity for something to be done, which will prevent the province from being estopped from any further presentations of its claims. Let us argue out the matter of responsibility later, if it is thought necessary. When a drowning man asks for aid there is no time to discuss how he came to be in the water. The first thing to be done is to rescue him; after that there will be time enough to find out how he came to be in danger. The claims of the province are in grave danger. Let us get them out of it as far as is in our power, and then hold an investigation. If we stop to clamor over the cause, the inquiry may take the shape of a post-mortem examination. While there is life in our case, let us put it in such a position that it cannot be said hereafter that it is dead beyond resurrection.

THE COLONIAL CONFERENCE

General Botha, Premier of the Transvaal, is going to London to attend the Colonial Conference. A few years ago we were raising men and money to put the General out of business. It is a very remarkable comment upon British institutions as exemplified in the Empire, that Botha will meet in London a representative of the Colonial Office, a minister whom he and his fellow Boers held in high esteem, and the premiers of Canada, Australia, Cape Colony and New Zealand, who asked their respective parliaments to send soldiers to vanquish the power of which he was such a formidable supporter.

The Morning Post thinks that the Canadian suggestion, that all colonial ministers should attend the Conference, is very significant, although some people fear that this is the first step towards the disintegration of the Empire. If ever the timid souls, who indulge in such fears, could get out of their minds that the British Empire 800 have also been spent for plant, surveys, shops, etc. in connection with red tape, there would be a better outlook for the future. Why do not all \$8,000,000, and the expenditure is not persons, who assume to lead public opinion on Imperial subjects, read the has been completed the result will not history of the Empire? Perhaps one be very satisfactory. To these great reason is because it never has been outlays to provide Canada's chief city written in any single book. In truth, with the best possible summer outlet the most of it has been written in to the sea no one takes exception, but blood and in records of sacrifice by when we reflect that in the course of that glorious legion of men and women, who during centuries have kept the mense region east of the mountains the "meteors of England" flying, will seek an outlet to foreign markets

Make Your Own Spray

Everybody's fruit trees will have to be sprayed. You can save money and yet feel assured of satisfactory results by buying your materials at

SHOTBOLT'S PIONEER DRUG STORE, 59 JOHNSON ST.

We buy by the ton, and can afford to let YOU have the benefit.

and the principles of British institutions untried in every corner of the earth. Well might Kipling say:

"What do they know of England
Who only England know?"

What do these new-found allies of Imperialism know of how the Empire has been made? The arm-chair critics of the Empire are as hopelessly out of touch with the fire that burns in the hearts of those, whom they affect to patronize as Colonials, as if they were of a separate race. The loyalty of Canadians is to what the British Crown and the British flag represent, and the same is true of the citizens of the other self-governing colonies. This is the day of patent imperial nostrums, to be taken at once before the patient dies. We tell these imperial quacks that the Empire will be maintained by the forces that created it.

PROVINCIAL RIGHTS

Senator David, of Montreal, has given notice of the resolutions appended to this article. It is very gratifying to know that this important question has been brought up, and still more so to learn that the Secretary of State is in hearty sympathy with the resolutions. As the latter is the recognized government representative in the senatorial chamber, although Sir Richard Cartwright also holds a seat in that body, it may be taken for granted that the resolutions will pass. The tendency of legislation of recent years has been to concentrate in the federal authorities powers which were intended to be administered by the provincial legislatures. We recognize that this is almost the inevitable course of events in such a political organization as we have in Canada. It is especially conspicuous in the United States. The Senate is the proper body to safeguard provincial rights. That was one of the reasons why it was created in the first instance. Following are the resolutions:

"1. The Senate will insist upon the application of section 92 of the British North America Act, 1867, in accordance with the spirit and true intent of that section, to the end that the extensive powers of the legislatures of the provinces of Canada may be protected and preserved.

"2. The Senate will not consider the mere insertion in a bill of a declaration that a work is for the general advantage of Canada itself sufficient foundation for the exercise of the legislative authority of the parliament of Canada.

"3. The Senate will not pass any bill containing a declaration that a local work or undertaking is for the general advantage of Canada or for the advantage of two or more of the provinces, unless the truth of the declaration has been proven.

"4. The Senate will not consider the presence in a bill of clauses relating to subjects within the legislative authority of the parliament of Canada to be in itself sufficient reason for the enactment of other clauses relating to subjects not within that authority."

by way of the Pacific Coast of Canada, it does seem as if the cost of bringing that traffic to the ports of Vancouver Island ought not to be so very serious a matter as to paralyze the hands of the Dominion government.

SPRIT OF THE PRESS

Eight Canadian Cruisers Suggested

A Toronto man proposes that Canada should build a navy of eight armored cruisers, six on the Atlantic and two on the Pacific. He thinks this is necessary for the defence of our immense shipping interests. There are only two objections to this proposal: (1) There is a ton limit of two to have to defend our shipping trade ourselves; and (2) it is just about eight cruisers too large if the British navy is going to defend it.

The British Empire is an empire of business men. We do not propose to throw money away just for the look of the thing. At the present time the British fleet is quite large enough to protect all the shipping interests of the Empire, be they Canadian or Scotch. And we have the assurance of Mr. Halton for saying that it does not cost the British taxpayer a farthing more because it is charged with the protection of the colonial interests along with the rest.

Under present conditions, there is only one way to defend our shipping interests, and that is to contribute to the support of the British navy. We do not propose to throw money away just for the look of the thing. At the present time the British fleet is quite large enough to protect all the shipping interests of the Empire, be they Canadian or Scotch. And we have the assurance of Mr. Halton for saying that it does not cost the British taxpayer a farthing more because it is charged with the protection of the colonial interests along with the rest.

As a matter of fact, however, Canada is not thinking of contributing money to be spent by a government which is not responsible to the Canadian people; and no patriotic Canadian statesman expects her to do so. We are adding to our navy by building up and strengthening our common Empire in another way. We are adding a new province every now and then to the Imperial domain. We are attracting a population which will be of great potential power. We are piling up commercial and industrial prosperity which will be the greatest force in the wars of the future. If we go in for little preparation for the war, it will be military and not naval, for the two excellent reasons that we can increase our military strength and make it effective for imperial purposes without letting any other government spend our money or command our sons; and secondly, it is in the power of the navy that the naval arm that the Mother Country needs resistance.

Where Fast Living Leads and Ends

Fast living is assigned as the cause of the embezzlement of \$100,000 by an astute young man from his employers. The thefts of money had extended over a period of twelve months. Fast living will make any man an embezzler if he has only his own earnings to live upon. A fast pace is always dangerous and the longer the time, the faster it becomes. From his temporary point of view the fast traveler is having a "good time." But eventually the crash comes, and then, in accordance with the universal law of compensation an account.

The fast traveler must pay for his ride. He may not be an embezzler of money, but he has thrown away time and energy and self-respect. If he has added crime against others to the crime against himself, he adds to his punishment.

"The fast traveler must pay for his ride. He may not be an embezzler of money, but he has thrown away time and energy and self-respect. If he has added crime against others to the crime against himself, he adds to his punishment.

"The fast traveler must pay for his ride. He may not be an embezzler of money, but he has thrown away time and energy and self-respect. If he has added crime against others to the crime against himself, he adds to his punishment.

"The fast traveler must pay for his ride. He may not be an embezzler of money, but he has thrown away time and energy and self-respect. If he has added crime against others to the crime against himself, he adds to his punishment.

"The fast traveler must pay for his ride. He may not be an embezzler of money, but he has thrown away time and energy and self-respect. If he has added crime against others to the crime against himself, he adds to his punishment.

"The fast traveler must pay for his ride. He may not be an embezzler of money, but he has thrown away time and energy and self-respect. If he has added crime against others to the crime against himself, he adds to his punishment.

"The fast traveler must pay for his ride. He may not be an embezzler of money, but he has thrown away time and energy and self-respect. If he has added crime against others to the crime against himself, he adds to his punishment.

"The fast traveler must pay for his ride. He may not be an embezzler of money, but he has thrown away time and energy and self-respect. If he has added crime against others to the crime against himself, he adds to his punishment.

"The fast traveler must pay for his ride. He may not be an embezzler of money, but he has thrown away time and energy and self-respect. If he has added crime against others to the crime against himself, he adds to his punishment.

"The fast traveler must pay for his ride. He may not be an embezzler of money, but he has thrown away time and energy and self-respect. If he has added crime against others to the crime against himself, he adds to his punishment.

"The fast traveler must pay for his ride. He may not be an embezzler of money, but he has thrown away time and energy and self-respect. If he has added crime against others to the crime against himself, he adds to his punishment.

"The fast traveler must pay for his ride. He may not be an embezzler of money, but he has thrown away time and energy and self-respect. If he has added crime against others to the crime against himself, he adds to his punishment.

"The fast traveler must pay for his ride. He may not be an embezzler of money, but he has thrown away time and energy and self-respect. If he has added crime against others to the crime against himself, he adds to his punishment.

"The fast traveler must pay for his ride. He may not be an embezzler of money, but he has thrown away time and energy and self-respect. If he has added crime against others to the crime against himself, he adds to his punishment.

"The fast traveler must pay for his ride. He may not be an embezzler of money, but he has thrown away time and energy and self-respect. If he has added crime against others to the crime against himself, he adds to his punishment.

"The fast traveler must pay for his ride. He may not be an embezzler of money, but he has thrown away time and energy and self-respect. If he has added crime against others to the crime against himself, he adds to his punishment.

"The fast traveler must pay for his ride. He may not be an embezzler of money, but he has thrown away time and energy and self-respect. If he has added crime against others to the crime against himself, he adds to his punishment.

"The fast traveler must pay for his ride. He may not be an embezzler of money, but he has thrown away time and energy and self-respect. If he has added crime against others to the crime against himself, he adds to his punishment.

"The fast traveler must pay for his ride. He may not be an embezzler of money, but he has thrown away time and energy and self-respect. If he has added crime against others to the crime against himself, he adds to his punishment.

"The fast traveler must pay for his ride. He may not be an embezzler of money, but he has thrown away time and energy and self-respect. If he has added crime against others to the crime against himself, he adds to his punishment.

"The fast traveler must pay for his ride. He may not be an embezzler of money, but he has thrown away time and energy and self-respect. If he has added crime against others to the crime against himself, he adds to his punishment.

"The fast traveler must pay for his ride. He may not be an embezzler of money, but he has thrown away time and energy and self-respect. If he has added crime against others to the crime against himself, he adds to his punishment.

"The fast traveler must pay for his ride. He may not be an embezzler of money, but he has thrown away time and energy and self-respect. If he has added crime against others to the crime against himself, he adds to his punishment.

"The fast traveler must pay for his ride. He may not be an embezzler of money, but he has thrown away time and energy and self-respect. If he has added crime against others to the crime against himself, he adds to his punishment.

"The fast traveler must pay for his ride. He may not be an embezzler of money, but he has thrown away time and energy and self-respect. If he has added crime against others to the crime against himself, he adds to his punishment.

"The fast traveler must pay for his ride. He may not be an embezzler of money, but he has thrown away time and energy and self-respect. If he has added crime against others to the crime against himself, he adds to his punishment.

"The fast traveler must pay for his ride. He may not be an embezzler of money, but he has thrown away time and energy and self-respect. If he has added crime against others to the crime against himself, he adds to his punishment.

"The fast traveler must pay for his ride. He may not be an embezzler of money, but he has thrown away time and energy and self-respect. If he has added crime against others to the crime against himself, he adds to his punishment.

"The fast traveler must pay for his ride. He may not be an embezzler of money, but he has thrown away time and energy and self-respect. If he has added crime against others to the crime against himself, he adds to his punishment.

"The fast traveler must pay for his ride. He may not be an embezzler of money, but he has thrown away time and energy and self-respect. If he has added crime against others to the crime against himself, he adds to his punishment.

"The fast traveler must pay for his ride. He may not be an embezzler of money, but he has thrown away time and energy and self-respect. If he has added crime against others to the crime against himself, he adds to his punishment.

"The fast traveler must pay for his ride. He may not be an embezzler of money, but he has thrown away time and energy and self-respect. If he has added crime against others to the crime against himself, he adds to his punishment.

"The fast traveler must pay for his ride. He may not be an embezzler of money, but he has thrown away time and energy and self-respect. If he has added crime against others to the crime against himself, he adds to his punishment.

"The fast traveler must pay for his ride. He may not be an embezzler of money, but he has thrown away time and energy and self-respect. If he has added crime against others to the crime against himself, he adds to his punishment.

"The fast traveler must pay for his ride. He may not be an embezz

SIR CHARLES TUPPER HONORED IN LONDON

An Historic Incident Marks the Close of a Long Public Career

PRESENTED WITH PORTRAIT

Lord Strathcona Presided and Paid Eloquent Tribute to Public Services of Sir Charles

The Montreal Star's special correspondent resident in London, writing under date of March 2, says: Yesterday afternoon's gathering at the Westminster Palace hotel was in some of its aspects an echo of the famous gathering held in the same place 40 years ago, almost to the very day. At that gathering 40 years ago, Lord Carnarvon and Sir John Macdonald, and other Canadian ministers, put the last touches to the Magna Charta of Canada's nationhood, the British North America Act, and yesterday Canadians and friends of Canada were gathered together on the same spot to present an oil painting to the sole survivor of that earlier gathering, namely, Sir Charles Tupper, in recognition of his devoted services, both to Canada and the Empire.

Fittingly enough the presentation was made by that other veteran of Canadian public life, Lord Strathcona, and among those supporting the High Commissioner were Mrs. Cameron and Miss Nancy Cameron, daughter and grand-daughter respectively of Sir Charles Tupper; Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Gray (Mrs. Gray was formerly a Miss Tupper); Mr. and Mrs. Macpherson, Quebec; Mr. Henniker Eleton, M.P.; Mr. Donald Macmaster, K. C., and Mrs. Macmaster, the Hon. J. H. Turner, agent-general for British Columbia; Mr. John Howard, agent-general for Nova Scotia; Mr. Thomas Skinner; Mr. Archer Baker, European manager of Canadian Pacific Railway company; Mr. Duff Miller, agent-general for New Brunswick, and Mrs. Duff Miller; Mr. J. G. Colmer, C. M. G., and Mrs. Colmer; Mr. J. W. Taylor, of the Bank of Montreal; Mr. Hanson, of the Anglo-Canadian firm of Coates, Son & Co.; Mr. Stuart J. Reid, the biographer of the Lord Durham of Canadian history; and Mr. W. L. Griffith, the secretary to the high commissioner.

A Notable Portrait

The portrait, which stood on an easel behind the chairman, is an excellent representation of Sir Charles Tupper as he was at the time of his greatest British activities. It was painted by the late Mr. E. J. Turner, whose pictures are a well known feature of royal galleries in this country. For instance, he painted two pictures of Queen Victoria, one for herself, and one for the present King, as well as pictures of the late Duke of Cambridge, the Duke of Connaught and many other royal and other personages. As Sir Charles Tupper himself said yesterday, when looking at the picture, "They tell me that is exactly as I was when high commissioner here in England, and I can well believe it."

So soon as the company was assembled Lord Strathcona lost no time in carrying out what he called a most pleasing duty of presenting the portrait. He forthwith read the address from the subscribers, as follows:

A Great Record

"To the Hon. Sir Charles Tupper, Bart., G. C. M. G. C. B., L. L. D., etc., etc."

"The accompanying portrait in oils has been acquired by a few of your friends, and we ask your acceptance of it as slight indication of our appreciation of your many and great services to Canada. For the last six years or more, you have been identified with your public affairs in Canada."

"In your native province of Nova Scotia, and later in the wider sphere of the Dominion. In the conferences which preceded the introduction and passage of the British North America act—the constitution of Canada you took a leading part, and your efforts in conjunction with your associates from the other provinces to bring about the confederation will be long and gratefully remembered."

"It was interjected Lord Strathcona, "in this building and in this very hall, I believe that those conferences assembled, and it is therefore most proper that we should meet here today."

"The contract for the construction of the Canadian Pacific railway and the act by which it received parliamentary sanction is another notable event in your career with which the names of yourself and of your colleagues in the government of the time will always be inseparably connected. But to attempt to recount your services to Nova Scotia, to Canada, and to the empire would mean a record of Canadian history for the long period during which you were closely associated with the direction of its affairs. It is sufficient to state that you have occupied some of the highest and most prominent positions in Canada. You have been successively Premier of Nova Scotia, prime minister of the Dominion, and high commissioner in London; and you have been called upon to represent both your province and the Dominion on many occasions when questions of the highest importance were under consideration."

The Chamberlain Ideal

"And here let me say with reference to the office of high commissioner," again interjected Lord Strathcona, "that I know from my own experience what admirable work was done in the office during the whole of the time that Sir Charles Tupper was there. (Applause.) It is that work, combined with what has been done in more recent years which has led up in a large measure to the grand position in which we find Canada at the present moment. (Renewed applause.)

"That you have always carried out the responsible duties entrusted to you with satisfaction to your fellow Canadians is well known, and generally recognized, and your name will pass down to posterity as a statesman who has done much to place Canada in the proud position she occupies today in the Empire and among the nations of the world. We beg, therefore, that you will accept the portrait with the expression of our esteem and respect. It is our earnest hope that you may have many years of health and happiness yet before you to enjoy the leisure to which you are entitled after your long and arduous labors in the interests of Canada; and we ask you to convey our warmest good wishes to Lady Tupper."

"When we remember what has been achieved in a little over three years since Mr. Chamberlain gave up his high office in the government of this country and devoted himself to the advocacy of this great policy, when we reflect upon what has been accomplished between then and now, and when we have the satisfaction of knowing that the late prime minister,

Grey Worsted

Fit-Reform Grey Worsted Suits are novel in every respect.

The designs are the very latest—the fabrics are durable—the tailoring, masterly—the fit, perfect—and the styles, irreproachable.

If one of your new spring suits is to be a Worsted, it certainly ought to be a Fit-Reform Worsted.

Fit Reform

73 Government St. Victoria, B. C.

for whom we all have a sincere regard." (Loud applause.)

Personal Friendship

But interesting as was the address, even more interesting was the little personal touch which Lord Strathcona gave to the occasion in the concluding words of his address: "Perhaps you will allow me to add that my personal friendship with Sir Charles Tupper has been a very long one, extending as it does over forty years. In those early days we were very close to each other. I should explain that we went up at that time by ordinary sleigh all the way from St. Paul to Manitoba, a journey of some five days. We had to be together, on the prairies and although we had a temperature at one time considerably below zero, nevertheless owing to the dryness of the atmosphere we felt very little inconvenience, much less indeed than we should have experienced in this country. I have only to say in conclusion that I associate myself in the warmest possible way with this presentation." (Loud applause.)

Sir Charles Tupper's Reply

Sir Charles Tupper was most cordially received on rising to reply, and he showed at once what vigor of body and speech he retains. By both words and manner he showed his keen appreciation of the esteem which prompted the gift and he added significantly, for those who know anything of Canada's inner history, "I am also by no means insensible of the greatly enhanced value of both the portraits and the address, receiving them as I do through the hands of my friend, Lord Strathcona, my successor in the office of high commissioner. Lord Strathcona has a great advantage over me, possessing as he does the entire confidence of all parties, not only in Canada but in this country—a very neat and true compliment I heard my neighbor remark.

A Strenuous Public Life

Sir Charles went on to sketch rapidly the chief events of the "somewhat strenuous public life" which he began 52 years ago. Mr. Root, the American secretary of state, can talk of Canada today as a "great and powerful nation." "How came that great and powerful nation into being?" asked Sir Charles. "By aid of the act of confederation, to which the finishing touches were given in that very hall 40 years ago, by the completion of the Canadian Pacific railway, and by the policy of protecting Canadian industries. In the Canadian Pacific enterprise of today they saw the abundant success of the faith of its founders, prominent among whom was the iron-hearted capitalist who presided over their gathering that day: for did not the company now operate 13,000 miles of railway, own a fleet of 186,000 tons and earn last year a revenue of sixty-one million dollars. But perhaps the greatest tribute to the Canadian Pacific railway was the fact that the enterprising owners of the Canadian Northern, Messrs. Mackenzie and Mann, and the Grand Trunk Railway company were vigorously prosecuting other transcontinental railways to tap the illimitable resources of the West. Remembering this much else it was no exaggeration to say that the child is already born that will see happy British homes provided on the northern portion of the continent of North America for as large a population as now occupies these British islands." (Loud cheers.)

Closing Incident

"Nothing," Sir Charles said in his last phrase—and there was a touching little catch in the voice as he said it—"Nothing so near the close of a long public career could give me greater pride and greater pleasure than to feel that I have still friends who recognize that my life has not been spent in vain."

But the choicest little incident of the gathering was yet to come. There were some English Radical contributors to the presentation fund who were seemingly nervous lest the occasion should be used to remind Englishmen once again that in their support of the policy of preference, Canada knew no party differences. Lord Strathcona, no doubt, had them in mind when he again rose, but, as it will be seen, Sir Charles Tupper was prepared for comers from all quarters. The little passage was in this wise:

"Lord Stratheona—I might, perhaps, add one word, I know it will be a pleasure to Sir Charles Tupper to know that this is an entirely non-political gathering. His friends may be of all party politics whether in this country or in Canada, but this tribute comes to him from them as a friend for whom they have the warmest regard, entirely irrespective of politics. (Cheers.)

Sir Charles Tupper—I will just add a single word to what Lord Stratheona has said. I do not quite understand how there could be two opinions upon the question. You cannot have opponents and supporters when the whole body agree. I am proud to know that in Canada, from end to end, not only one party, but both parties, heartily endorse this great policy, and are looking forward to it with the deepest possible interest."

FIREPROOF SHUTTERS

FOR EXTERIOR & INTERIOR
FIREPROOFING

HEADQUARTERS FOR
DRESS GOODS

Henry Young & Co.

REALLY GOOD TOWELS

SEE OUR WINDOWS

A splendid line of bleached white Turkish towels, from 50c down to 15c

Extra large Turkish bath towels, each 75c

Linen Turkish towels, bleached white, large size, will wear for years, each \$1.25

Brown Turkish towels, grand assort., 50c down to 15c

Roller towels, Turkish, ready to use, at each 45c & 60c

White Linen towels, ranging in price 50c down to 20c

Bath Mats, in red or blue designs, each \$1.25

Bath Sheets, a genuine comfort, each \$2.00

HENRY YOUNG & Co.

DRESS GOODS, MILLINERS, DRESSMAKING, ETC.

Government Street, Victoria

SLOW RECOVERY AFTER EARTHQUAKE

Steamer Vinland Brings News of
Conditions at Kingston,
Jamaica

After a rough but otherwise uneventful passage the Norwegian fruit steamer Vinland, Capt. Utne, arrived here last evening from the West Indies, says the St. John Telegraph of Monday, March 11th. One of the ports touched at was Kingston and one of the officers gave a general report of the ship last evening as a general work picture of the city he left it about two weeks ago. He said the only stone building standing in the city after the earthquake was the jail and that was somewhat damaged. The miserable little hovels of the natives escaped injury while the large palatial residence of the white people were totally destroyed. There is only one church standing in the entire city and the steeple of that is twisted the wrong way. A statue of Queen Victoria, erected at the time of the jubilee, was tottering on its base and looked as if it might fall at any moment.

He said the only stone building standing in the city after the earthquake was the jail and that was somewhat damaged. The miserable little hovels of the natives escaped injury while the large palatial residence of the white people were totally destroyed. There is only one church standing in the entire city and the steeple of that is twisted the wrong way. A statue of Queen Victoria, erected at the time of the jubilee, was tottering on its base and looked as if it might fall at any moment.

After a rough but otherwise uneventful passage the Norwegian fruit steamer Vinland, Capt. Utne, arrived here last evening from the West Indies, says the St. John Telegraph of Monday, March 11th. One of the ports touched at was Kingston and one of the officers gave a general report of the ship last evening as a general work picture of the city he left it about two weeks ago.

He said the only stone building standing in the city after the earthquake was the jail and that was somewhat damaged. The miserable little hovels of the natives escaped injury while the large palatial residence of the white people were totally destroyed. There is only one church standing in the entire city and the steeple of that is twisted the wrong way. A statue of Queen Victoria, erected at the time of the jubilee, was tottering on its base and looked as if it might fall at any moment.

After a rough but otherwise uneventful passage the Norwegian fruit steamer Vinland, Capt. Utne, arrived here last evening from the West Indies, says the St. John Telegraph of Monday, March 11th. One of the ports touched at was Kingston and one of the officers gave a general report of the ship last evening as a general work picture of the city he left it about two weeks ago.

He said the only stone building standing in the city after the earthquake was the jail and that was somewhat damaged. The miserable little hovels of the natives escaped injury while the large palatial residence of the white people were totally destroyed. There is only one church standing in the entire city and the steeple of that is twisted the wrong way. A statue of Queen Victoria, erected at the time of the jubilee, was tottering on its base and looked as if it might fall at any moment.

After a rough but otherwise uneventful passage the Norwegian fruit steamer Vinland, Capt. Utne, arrived here last evening from the West Indies, says the St. John Telegraph of Monday, March 11th. One of the ports touched at was Kingston and one of the officers gave a general report of the ship last evening as a general work picture of the city he left it about two weeks ago.

He said the only stone building standing in the city after the earthquake was the jail and that was somewhat damaged. The miserable little hovels of the natives escaped injury while the large palatial residence of the white people were totally destroyed. There is only one church standing in the entire city and the steeple of that is twisted the wrong way. A statue of Queen Victoria, erected at the time of the jubilee, was tottering on its base and looked as if it might fall at any moment.

After a rough but otherwise uneventful passage the Norwegian fruit steamer Vinland, Capt. Utne, arrived here last evening from the West Indies, says the St. John Telegraph of Monday, March 11th. One of the ports touched at was Kingston and one of the officers gave a general report of the ship last evening as a general work picture of the city he left it about two weeks ago.

He said the only stone building standing in the city after the earthquake was the jail and that was somewhat damaged. The miserable little hovels of the natives escaped injury while the large palatial residence of the white people were totally destroyed. There is only one church standing in the entire city and the steeple of that is twisted the wrong way. A statue of Queen Victoria, erected at the time of the jubilee, was tottering on its base and looked as if it might fall at any moment.

After a rough but otherwise uneventful passage the Norwegian fruit steamer Vinland, Capt. Utne, arrived here last evening from the West Indies, says the St. John Telegraph of Monday, March 11th. One of the ports touched at was Kingston and one of the officers gave a general report of the ship last evening as a general work picture of the city he left it about two weeks ago.

He said the only stone building standing in the city after the earthquake was the jail and that was somewhat damaged. The miserable little hovels of the natives escaped injury while the large palatial residence of the white people were totally destroyed. There is only one church standing in the entire city and the steeple of that is twisted the wrong way. A statue of Queen Victoria, erected at the time of the jubilee, was tottering on its base and looked as if it might fall at any moment.

After a rough but otherwise uneventful passage the Norwegian fruit steamer Vinland, Capt. Utne, arrived here last evening from the West Indies, says the St. John Telegraph of Monday, March 11th. One of the ports touched at was Kingston and one of the officers gave a general report of the ship last evening as a general work picture of the city he left it about two weeks ago.

He said the only stone building standing in the city after the earthquake was the jail and that was somewhat damaged. The miserable little hovels of the natives escaped injury while the large palatial residence of the white people were totally destroyed. There is only one church standing in the entire city and the steeple of that is twisted the wrong way. A statue of Queen Victoria, erected at the time of the jubilee, was tottering on its base and looked as if it might fall at any moment.

TO RENT

The Dean Farm, consisting of 186 acres, all under cultivation. Large modern house with furnace and all conveniences; large orchard, stables, barns, etc.

APPLY

Grant & Lineham

2 VIEW STREET

WE SELL THE EARTH

DRURY & MACGURN

34 Government Street

Exclusive Agents for the following Property

We are also Sole Agents for the following Choice Buys

Lot 60x120, St. Charles street, very choice lot, hard to duplicate, \$3,000

Lots 16, 18 and 20, St. George's (now Belmont avenue), beautiful location, exceptionally fine view, \$5,000

Lots 15, 17 and 19, fronting on Regent's Park avenue, desirable site

for beautiful home, \$5,000

These building sites are situated in the choice residential section and there are only a few left.

This is not speculative property but it is steadily increasing in value.

Money loaned on Life Policies.

Money to loan on Real Estate.

House and lot, north side Pandora, just east of Fernwood. This house is entirely new, seven rooms, bath, etc. concrete foundations, good basement, \$3,500

Lots on Pembroke street, Belmont avenue, Pandora avenue, ranging in prices from \$500 to \$800.

Particulars and terms on application. Population of Victoria in a few years will be 50,000. Prices will advance. Buy now.

Money to loan on Real Estate.

THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE

VICTORIA'S QUALITY STORE

CANADIAN MEATS

MATHEW FANCY CURED MEATS.

Rose Brand Hams, at	25c
Rose Brand Bacon, at	25c
Rose Brand Back Bacon, at	20c
Rose Brand Green Bacon, at	18c
B. C. Bacon, at	25c
B. C. Green Bacon, at	20c
B. C. Hams, at	25c

FELL & CO., LTD.

Telephone 94 49 Fort Street
Phone orders promptly attended to.

Sale of Lots

In the Finest Subdivision
Yet Put on the Market

Bounded by

Cook St., Dallas Road, Moss St.

Buy one or more Lots for your home while prices are low

British-American Trust Company, Ltd.

CORNER BROAD AND VIEW STS. TELEPHONE 319.

Our Syrup of

Hypophosphites

IS A GOOD TONIC
AND PICK-ME-UP

\$1.00 per Bottle

CYRUS H. BOWES

Chemist

98 Government St., near Yates St.

Phone 425



HAVE YOU SEEN IT?
It Is In Town
The "07" CADILLAC

The car that runs 1000 miles without a stop. If you are thinking of purchasing an auto, 'Phone 1191. We will be pleased to arrange a demonstration.

VICTORIA GARAGE, 164 Yates Street

YES, WE PERMANENTLY CURE HEADACHES WITH GLASSES

Talk it over with our optician

W. B. SHAKESPEARE, Jeweler and Optician, 31 Govt St., near Post Office

THE
HAPPY
WOODSMAN

Atkins' Celebrated Saws

IN

CROSS CUTS
HANDSAWS
BANDSAWS
HACKSAWS

The HICKMAN, TYE HARDWARE CO.

LIMITED

Victoria, B.C., Agents, 32-34 Yates St.

Keeps out Cold
Keeps in HeatResists Damp
Absorbs Moisture

EDDY'S IMPERVIOUS SHEATHING

The best Sheathing for Houses
Stables, Barns, Churches, Silos
Equally good for inside decoration
or outside utility. Can be painted,
tinted, oiled, varnished or white-
washed. For Sale Everywhere

MANUFACTURED BY

THE E. B. EDDY CO.
HULL, CANADA.

Write for Sample and Price

MITCHELL BROS., Agents
VICTORIA and VANCOUVER

Every place in Canada asks for Eddy's Matches

ANNUAL REPORTS, NOTICES OF
MEETINGS, CIRCULARS, ENVELOPES, ETC., "MIMEOGRAPHED."
A. M. JONES
STENOGRAPHER
98½ GOVERNMENT STREET
PHONE 302.

Ask for Amherst solid leather footwear.

Bank Clearings

Victoria bank clearings for the week
ending March 19th were \$1,108,797.

Function at Metchosin.

The King's Daughters of Metchosin will give a tea and hold a small sale of work on Easter Monday at 3 p.m. at the residence of Mrs. Fisher. A cordial invitation is extended to all.

Socialists, to Speak

The Socialist members of the local legislature intend addressing the public next Sunday evening at the A. O. U. W. hall, on the subject of the Lord's Day Alliance and the Shops Regulation acts.

Last Rites

The funeral of the late John Dutton took place yesterday morning from the family residence, Douglas street, at 10 o'clock. Rev. J. Grundy conducted the religious services at the home and grave. The following acted as pallbearers: W. W. Jones, R. C. Horn, C. H. Drury and H. B. Gregory.

Fernwood's Social

The regular 500 tournament of the Fernwoods will be held tonight (Thursday) as usual in their club rooms, 108 North Chatham street. These social evenings are increasing in interest and a large number gather every week to participate. A cordial invitation is extended to all friends of the association to participate.

Address to Mothers' Club

This afternoon Rev. Wm. C. Drahm will address the Mothers' club in the Spring Ridge school at 3 p.m. on "A Child's Pleasure in Accord with Law." One hardly associates the idea of law with the spontaneous joys of child life, but the speaker no doubt will reconcile the seeming incongruity. All are cordially invited to attend.

St. Andrew's Society

Last evening the St. Andrew's society gave a very enjoyable concert in the Victoria hall, when the following programme was rendered: W. D. Kinnard, song; Miss Leask, recitation; James Taylor, song; James Hill, Highland fling; Miss McCoy, song; Miss Angus, piano solo; Miss Smith, Highland fling. Messrs. McDonald, Rossie and Rogers rendered selections on the bagpipes.

Immigrants from Australia

There promises to be a big influx of immigrants from Australia within the next few months, according to arrivals from the Antipodes on the steamer Aorangi. W. H. Lillingstone, of Sydney, is at the head of a large party of Australasians who have come to this province with a view of investing in realty.

Strike On White Pass

A special despatch from Skagway, dated March 18, says: The machinists, boilermakers, moulderers, blacksmiths and carpenters employed in the White Pass shops, walked out yesterday, because of their inability to get 20 per cent. of a raise in wages, previously demanded. The men say wages are lower here than on Puget Sound, but this is denied by the White Pass officials. There was a conference between the strikers and Superintendent Hahn last night, but nothing resulted. Machinists have been receiving five dollars a day and they now demand six.

Engineer Honored

The many friends in British Columbia of Dr. Waddell, civil engineer, of the firm of Waddell & Harrington—now Waddell & Harrington—consulting engineers, of Kansas City, Mo., who designed, and had charge of the construction of the bridge over the Fraser river at New Westminster, will be gratified to hear that the Princess Olga, Grand Duchess of Russia, has conferred upon him, for services in connection with the Trans-Alaska-Siberian railway, the first-class decoration of the order which she established a few years ago and confers only upon those who, in an eminent way, have been useful to the Russian government. Count de Lebel, the president and principal promoter of the Trans-Alaska-Siberian railway, was similarly decorated a short time ago.

New Books That Are Good Books

Memoirs of Prince Hohenlohe; Jack London's "Before Adam"; Lawson's "Friday the 13th"; Oppenheim's "Malefactor"; "Poison Island"; "Guillotin Couch"; "Awakening of Helen Richie," "Desnaud," "Madame de Treyneg," by Edith Wharton; "Dust of Conflict," by Blindeoss; "The Far Horizon," by Lucas Malet; "The Second Generation," by David Graham Phillips; "Half a Rogue," by Harvard MacGrath. Victoria Book & Stationery Co., Limited.

Selling Out—Owing to continued illness I am retiring from drygoods business. My entire stock is on sale at wholesale prices to clear. Come early and get your choice. Robinson's, 86 Yates street.

Why not be young forever? Andra Oil removes wrinkles, smallpox pits, moth patches. Hives and iron spots, also yellowness or darkness of the skin, makes old faces look young again; will also develop the chest and arms. Dermatol removes pimples, blackheads, oily skin, sunburn, salt rheum, coarse pores, tatters and eczema. Best pure French Castile Soap, 35 cents. French Dental Cream will whiten the darkest teeth; 25 cents. All Dr. H. B. P. Criston's French Toilet. Preparations represented by Mrs. Winch, 129 Cormorant street. All orders by mail receive special attention.

Cold Snap—Get your heaters from Clarke & Pearson—largest assortment in Victoria.

Camp stoves or all kinds at Clarke & Pearson's, 17 Yates street.

Heaters and Stove Ranges, call and inspect Clarke & Pearson's large and superb stock—it will pay you.

Bird Cages and Cutlery at Cheapside.

Elegant Hall Stoves and Stove Boards at Cheapside.

Bar and Household Tumblers always in stock at Cheapside.

Farmer—"This ain't no Farmer's Almanac." Agent—"Why not, sir?" Farmer—"There's too darned many hollidays in it."

MANUFACTURED BY

THE E. B. EDDY CO.
HULL, CANADA.

Write for Sample and Price

MITCHELL BROS., Agents
VICTORIA and VANCOUVER

Every place in Canada asks for Eddy's Matches

MOOTED EXTENSIONS OF TRAMWAY SYSTEM

Belt Line Project and Extension
to Cemetery Under Consideration

Rumors are in the air as to proposed extensive extensions of the local tram car system. It is stated on the best of authority that plans have been formulated by the B. C. Electric Railway company, for the extension of the present Douglas Street line beyond its present terminus at Cloverdale, and its ultimate connection with the Willows Beach line.

No official announcement has yet been made as to the correctness of this statement, but it is generally admitted that the tram company is considering such an extension, and that tentative plans will be drawn up soon. Just when the extension will be made is impossible to say, but it seems likely that steps in this direction will be taken very shortly by the authorities.

The construction of a line between Cloverdale and Willows Beach would have many obvious advantages. In the first place, it would enable the company to run a belt line system. As things are at present, the Douglas street and Fort street cars, after having made their journeys, are obliged to turn round and come back the same way, this arrangement necessitating the waiting for other cars coming in the opposite direction at switches, and all the inconvenience and delay consequent upon such a course. Should the Willows beach and Cloverdale termini be joined, it would enable the cars to run right round without there being any delay at switches and crossing points.

The distance between the terminus at Willows beach and that at Cloverdale is not great, not more than two miles, and between the two points lies a district that is being rapidly settled up. Just what streets the line would be likely to follow it is impossible to say, but with very little deviation from a direct course it would be possible to lay a track which would pass through a comparatively well inhabited district. There can be no doubt but that such a line would pay from its very inception.

The proposed extension of the car system to the Ross Bay cemetery is still under the consideration of the officials of the company. That such an extension will be made is as good as an absolute certainty, but just when it will be constructed has not yet been determined. The probabilities are that the present summer will see the inception of the work.

CHECKED IN TIME

The Marine Iron Works on North Pembridge street, the property of Andrew Gray, narrowly escaped being destroyed by fire on Tuesday evening at eight o'clock. It was only due to the prompt response of the fire teams that the building was saved.

It appears that just before the shops closed at six o'clock a casting was made, and that, just as the men were leaving, the molten residue from the furnace was emptied. Some of the white hot metal was allowed to come in contact with the planking of the floor, and remained there after the men had gone. The wood became ignited and the flames crept on until at eight o'clock a very fair blaze was in progress. The fire was just gaining a hold when it was noticed, and an alarm was turned in from box 52.

The teams responded promptly. From the headquarters' station, went the chemical, the engine, hose reel and ladder truck, while the Victoria West and James Bay brigades also responded.

The blaze was quenched without trouble, and before any damage had been done; but it was only due to the quick work of the fire laddies that the building was not utterly destroyed.

HAPPILY WEDDED

Nuptials of Miss Gladys E. Mason and R. C. Furlonger

At Christ Church cathedral yesterday, Ravenhill C. Furlonger, of this city and Miss Gladys Emily Mason, daughter of Mrs. George Stevenson, also of this city, were united in the bonds of holy matrimony. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Canon Bearlands, and the wedding was an extremely pretty one. The church was beautifully decorated. A large number of the friends and acquaintances of the parties most interested, both of whom are well known in this city, were present. The bride's dress was of crepe de chine, and she carried a splendid bouquet of roses. She was attended by her sisters, Miss Dorothy and Miss Vera Mason. The bride was given away by her brother, Morton Mason. The groom was supported by Clifford Whiting of this city.

The wedding march from "Lohengrin" was rendered at the close of the ceremony as the guests left the church. Afterwards a reception was held at the residence of Mrs. Stevenson the mother of the bride.

Mr. and Mrs. Furlonger left on the steamer Indianapolis for Seattle, whence they will take the train across the continent to New York. The honeymoon will be spent in England on the continent.

Among the invited guests at the wedding were: Miss Mary Skinner, Mrs. Robert Skinner, Mr. Ernest Skinner, Miss Emily Skinner, Mr. Frank Davie, Misses Winifred and Daisy Davie, A. E. Phillips and Mrs. Phillips, Mrs. Juniper, Mrs. Tilton, Mrs. Pemberton, Mr. Laing, Roger Monttch and J. Brown, Messrs. Monttch and Brown acted as ushers.

THISTLES AND DANDRUFF

An Interesting Parallel and a Valuable Deduction Therefrom

Cutting down thistles no more relieves the land of thistles than does scouring the scalp cure dandruff. In each case permanent relief can only come from eradicating permanently the cause. A germ that plows up the scalp, searching for the hair root where it sits, the vitality, causes dandruff, falling hair, and baldness. If you kill that germ, you'll have no dandruff but a luxuriant suit of hair.

Newbold's Hellebore is the only hair preparation in the world that cures dandruff and falling hair by killing the germ. "Destroy the cause, you remove the effect." Sold by leading druggists. Send 10c in stamps for sample to The Herpelde Co., Detroit, Mich.

Two sizes, 50c and \$1. C. H. Bowes & Co., 98 Government street, Special Agents.

Farmer—"This ain't no Farmer's Almanac." Agent—"Why not, sir?" Farmer—"There's too darned many hollidays in it."

MANUFACTURED BY

THE E. B. EDDY CO.
HULL, CANADA.

Write for Sample and Price

MITCHELL BROS., Agents
VICTORIA and VANCOUVER

Every place in Canada asks for Eddy's Matches

FOR SALE

THE "EYRIE"

"Ideal" bungalow cottage, with magnificent view of Mount Baker and Olympian Range; highest part of town; about 7-8 acre of land; 7-room house. \$9,000. Phone A449.

Phone A449.</

DOCTORS WEIGH PASSING SOUL

Startling Theory Advanced After Long Experiment—Body an Ounce Lighter

Boston, March 12.—According to a remarkable scientific article published here a quintet of Massachusetts doctors, after six years of experimenting, have discovered the existence of a soul in the human body. They have determined also that the departure of the soul from the body is attended by manifestations evident to mortal senses—in other words, that at the instant after "death" the body is lighter by a measurable amount.

Proved by Tests, They Say

Every known test has been made which would be in any way likely to disprove the facts. Instead of doing this, each subject has added to the confirmation of results which were obtained when the first experiment was made.

The difference between the weight of the live human body and the body a moment after death, or when the soul has quitted it, was found to be from one-half ounce to one ounce, and to this it is said there can be no other possible solution except that it is the weight of the human soul.

In every case the loss was shown after all known scientific deductions, such as the loss of respiratory air, of moisture and of all excretions and secretions of the body had been taken into consideration.

In order that the experimenting physicians might accurately ascertain that this unaccountable loss was not due to some peculiar physical characteristic of sex, both men and women have been subjects of the experiments.

In nearly all cases under test the diminishment took place upon the instant life ceased to exist in the body, although in one case there was a delay of nearly a minute, believed to be due to the sluggishness of that particular soul in realizing that its physical fetters had been broken.

Placed Patient on Scales

The method of finding this result, as followed by the doctors, was to place the dying patients in bed upon one of the platforms of a pair of scales made expressly for the experiments, and then to balance this weight by placing an equal weight on the opposite platform. These scales were so delicately constructed as to be sensitive to a weight of less than one-tenth of an ounce.

In every case when the soul was set free by death the platform opposite the one in which lay the subject of the test fell suddenly just as naturally would have happened if a weight had been taken from the opposing balance. The figures on the dial index indicated the loss in weight.

Dr. Duncan McDougal, of Faverhill, one of the experimenting physicians, describes his experiments as follows, prefacing his account with the statement that he is not a believer in Spiritualism or in mysterious psychic phenomena except as they are susceptible to scientific explanation:

"Four other physicians under my direction made the first test upon a patient dying with tuberculosis. This man was one of the ordinary type of the usual American temperament, neither particularly high-strung nor of marked phlegmatic disposition. We placed him, a few hours preceding death, upon a scale platform; which had constructed, and which was accurately balanced.

"Four hours later, with five doctors in attendance, he died. The instant life ceased the opposite scale pan fell with a suddenness that was astonishing—as if something had been suddenly lifted from the body.

"Immediately all the usual deductions were made for loss of weight, and it was discovered that there was still a full ounce of weight unaccounted for.

All Physicians Mystified

"My fellow physicians were mystified and only half convinced. I myself had grave doubts that our calculations were correct. Otherwise how was it possible to account for this strange loss? There was no known scientific manner of doing so."

"Julius Caesar" Tonight

The production of "Julius Caesar" by Charles B. Hanford, which is to be seen at the Victoria theatre tonight, must inevitably awaken memories which are cherished with reverent interest by every student on the American stage. When Booth and Barrett formed their famous partnership and produced "Julius Caesar" on a scale of magnificence which astonished both the theatrical profession and the public, there was some curiosity as to who would play the part of "Marc Anthony." It was immediately decided that Mr. Booth would play "Brutus" and that Mr. Barrett would play "Cassius." These two distinguished players were prompt in fixing on Charles B. Hanford for the other prominent role. It was a brilliant part for the young actor and he embraced it with befitting artistic enthusiasm. It is a somewhat remarkable fact that it was a performance in broad farce that paved the way for Mr. Hanford's appearance as a tragedian. When Robson and Crane were playing the "Comedy of Errors" Hanford was engaged in the supporting company with the part of "Aegeon." Despite its merry surrounding, there is a strain of pathos and dignity in this character which Mr. Hanford brought out in a manner that attracted the notice of Lawrence Barrett and led to the subsequent distinguished association which paved the way for the career Hanford has since enjoyed. Mr. Barrett occupied a box, and the effect produced by Mr. Hanford's work was noted by one of the Chicago critics as follows: "Even Aegeon, a very minor part, was presented by Charles B. Hanford in such a manner as to thrill Lawrence Barrett and evoke his unbound applause." After that Mr. Hanford played with Booth and Barrett, and Booth and Myles and other distinguished stars of that day. But his loyalty to the play in which he first took a signal success never wavered, and when Lawrence Barrett estate, Mr. Hanford purchased from the estate the entire Julius Caesar production. This he used in his initial starring our. The Booth-Barrett production is of course a thing of the past, yet it served as a basis upon which is constructed the elaborate modern scenic revival which Mr. Hanford will present at the Victoria theatre on Thursday, March 21.

The company will again include Miss Marle Dromph, who will have the role of "Portia," and the replacement of the cast has been selected with the care which is always in evidence when these players appear.

Some Delayed a Minut

"But this was less remarkable than what took place in the third case. The subject was that of a man of larger physical build with a pronounced sluggish temperament.

"When life ceased, as the body lay in bed upon the scales, for a full min-

ute there appeared to be no change in weight. The physicians waiting in the room looked into each other's faces silently, shaking their heads in the conviction that our test had failed.

"Then suddenly the same thing happened that had occurred in the other cases. There was a sudden diminishment in weight, which was soon found to be the same as that of the preceding experiments. In this case, that of a pugnacious man, slow of thought and action, the soul remained suspended in the body after death, during the minute that elapsed before it came to the consciousness of its freedom. There is no other way of accounting for it, and it is what might be expected to happen in a man of the subject's temperament.

"Three other cases were tried, including that of a woman, and in each it was established that a weight of from one-half to a full ounce departed from the body at the moment of expiration. In nearly every experiment each physician made his own figures and then a comparison of results followed.

Always the Same Results

"Every test was made to disprove as well as to prove the peculiar results, but always with the same definite and marked change. Thus it appears that the soul must be some space-occupying body, either of gravitated or some other form of matter which has weight.

"If this strange loss is not due to the weight of the departing soul it remains for someone to offer a better solution of the mystery.

Dr. McDougal declares his belief to be that this soul substance is so fine that it can not be confined by any known material that man possesses.

He thinks that it might much resemble the "x" ray, which can be made to pass through the most dense substance.

He does not believe that if the body was confined in a steel case

the instant before death there would be a possibility of keeping the soul shut in.

THE STAGE.

"The Ragged Messenger."

"The Ragged Messenger," as presented by Creston Clarke and his company at the Victoria theatre last night, is unquestionably one of the strongest plays that has been put upon the stage in this city during the season. It has a thrilling story of deep human interest through it, and abounds in highly dramatic episodes. Mr. Clarke is an actor of unusual power and although his portrayal of character is extremely impressive, he seems always to have great force in reserve. Virginia Thornton, the leading lady of the company, makes an excellent associate for him in this play. Her work resembles his very much, both of them displaying the same intensity of feeling without much overt demonstration. The whole support is well balanced, and while most of the interest necessarily centres in the two leading characters, the others add very greatly to the party. The company, however, claims that the disturbance to the system has reached such a stage as to render immediate action absolutely necessary, and the officials are unwilling to brook any delay.

"The city may experiment if they wish," said R. B. McMickling, manager of the company, to the Colonist yesterday, "but the wires have got to be taken from our poles. We can stand for the trouble any longer. Why, matters have reached such a pass that it is absolutely impossible to speak at all through several of the telephones. We aim to make our service here an efficient one, and we can't put up with a continuation of the present state of affairs."

Mr. McMickling pointed out that it was only certain light wires which the company wished removed. "In some cases the wires do not affect our instruments in the slightest," he said, "and where there is no disturbance we are perfectly willing that they should remain on our poles. Where they are disturbing the service, however, the light wires have got to go."

It is this fact, mentioned by Mr. McMickling, that the disturbance is a very variable quantity, which has led the city to recommend an investigation. That the trouble is due to induction is by no means certain, and should it be so, the city hopes to find means of remedying it.

"Induction," said Foreman Hutchison of the Electric Light Department to the Colonist yesterday, "is the influence which one electrified wires has upon another running parallel to it. It is usual to regard the influence of the electricity in a wire as confined to itself. This, however, is by no means the case. Each separate wire surrounds itself with a kind of magnetic atmosphere, and other wires coming within the aura of this atmosphere are disturbed by it. Induction is fairly well understood, and experiment has shown that it follows certain fixed laws. It varies in intensity with the voltage and the length of the wires in question. If the trouble with the telephones were due to induction it ought to follow these laws, but it doesn't. The disturbance on the telephones ought, according to the laws of induction, to be greater the longer the wire. That is by no means the case. Some of the longest wires in the city service are not influenced at all, while others, which are comparatively short, are almost rendered useless by it."

"I conducted a few experiments into the matter some days ago," said Mr. Hutchison. "I went to the telephone office and tried a number of the phones, and I found that there was no sort of agreement between the different cases." There were the telephones to the Victoria Machinery Depot and to Capt. Grant's residence just across the street. The two lines are of exactly the same length, and subject to the same influences, so far as induction is concerned. Yet while the Machinery Depot telephone was virtually normal, Capt. Grant's was highly disturbed. There were other similar cases."

From these preliminary experiments Mr. Hutchison states that he is inclined to believe that the disturbance on the wires is not due to induction at all, but to leakage or some other cause, which once discovered by means of a series of careful tests, might be remedied.

"The same result happened at the passing of his life. The instant the heart ceased to beat there was the sudden and almost uncanny diminishment in weight."

"As experimenters, each physician in attendance made figures of his own concerning this loss, and, at a consultation, these figures were compared. The unaccountable loss continued to be shown."

"The question then arose as to what the loss meant. It was a loss of substance which could be obtained in known figures, which was also such a singularly appreciable loss as to place it beyond all doubt that it might be due to any error in calculation."

"The two separate differences obtained corresponded, each being of about an ounce."

Some Delayed a Minut

"But this was less remarkable than what took place in the third case. The subject was that of a man of larger physical build with a pronounced sluggish temperament."

"When life ceased, as the body lay in bed upon the scales, for a full min-

BUZZING TELEPHONES SUBJECT OF DISPUTE

City Authorities and Telephone Company Somewhat Differ in Opinion

The city council and the telephone authorities are somewhat at odds at the present over the question of the disturbance of the telephone system by induction from the city light wires.

The telephone company some time ago requested the city to remove certain of the light wires from the company's poles, and at the time the Light and Telephone Committee of the council was ordered to conduct an investigation into the complaints. As recorded in Tuesday's paper, the committee reported at Monday's evening's meeting of the council, recommending that the city allow the wires to remain where they are. The course of the council is by no means pleasing to the telephone company, and if immediate action is not taken to remedy the trouble steps may be taken to remove the wires by force.

The grounds given by the Light and Telephone Committee of the council in recommending that no action be taken at the present were that the exact cause of the disturbance to the telephone system is still a matter of considerable doubt, and it was urged that the carrying out of a series of experiments might result in the discovery of the real nature of the trouble, and its remedying, without expense to either party. The company, however, claims that the disturbance to the system has reached such a stage as to render immediate action absolutely necessary, and the officials are unwilling to brook any delay.

"The city may experiment if they wish," said R. B. McMickling, manager of the company, to the Colonist yesterday, "but the wires have got to be taken from our poles. We can stand for the trouble any longer. Why, matters have reached such a pass that it is absolutely impossible to speak at all through several of the telephones. We aim to make our service here an efficient one, and we can't put up with a continuation of the present state of affairs."

Mr. McMickling pointed out that it was only certain light wires which the company wished removed. "In some cases the wires do not affect our instruments in the slightest," he said, "and where there is no disturbance we are perfectly willing that they should remain on our poles. Where they are disturbing the service, however, the light wires have got to go."

It is this fact, mentioned by Mr. McMickling, that the disturbance is a very variable quantity, which has led the city to recommend an investigation. That the trouble is due to induction is by no means certain, and should it be so, the city hopes to find means of remedying it.

"Induction," said Foreman Hutchison of the Electric Light Department to the Colonist yesterday, "is the influence which one electrified wires has upon another running parallel to it. It is usual to regard the influence of the electricity in a wire as confined to itself. This, however, is by no means the case. Each separate wire surrounds itself with a kind of magnetic atmosphere, and other wires coming within the aura of this atmosphere are disturbed by it. Induction is fairly well understood, and experiment has shown that it follows certain fixed laws. It varies in intensity with the voltage and the length of the wires in question. If the trouble with the telephones were due to induction it ought to follow these laws, but it doesn't. The disturbance on the telephones ought, according to the laws of induction, to be greater the longer the wire. That is by no means the case. Some of the longest wires in the city service are not influenced at all, while others, which are comparatively short, are almost rendered useless by it."

"I conducted a few experiments into the matter some days ago," said Mr. Hutchison. "I went to the telephone office and tried a number of the phones, and I found that there was no sort of agreement between the different cases." There were the telephones to the Victoria Machinery Depot and to Capt. Grant's residence just across the street. The two lines are of exactly the same length, and subject to the same influences, so far as induction is concerned. Yet while the Machinery Depot telephone was virtually normal, Capt. Grant's was highly disturbed. There were other similar cases."

From these preliminary experiments Mr. Hutchison states that he is inclined to believe that the disturbance on the wires is not due to induction at all, but to leakage or some other cause, which once discovered by means of a series of careful tests, might be remedied.

"The same result happened at the passing of his life. The instant the heart ceased to beat there was the sudden and almost uncanny diminishment in weight."

"As experimenters, each physician in attendance made figures of his own concerning this loss, and, at a consultation, these figures were compared. The unaccountable loss continued to be shown."

"The question then arose as to what the loss meant. It was a loss of substance which could be obtained in known figures, which was also such a singularly appreciable loss as to place it beyond all doubt that it might be due to any error in calculation."

"The two separate differences obtained corresponded, each being of about an ounce."

Some Delayed a Minut

"But this was less remarkable than what took place in the third case. The subject was that of a man of larger physical build with a pronounced sluggish temperament."

"When life ceased, as the body lay in bed upon the scales, for a full min-

FURNITURE SALE! FURNITURE SALE!

A grand opportunity to Winnipeggers and others. BLYGH, the James Bay Furniture Man, has decided to hold the Biggest Sale of Furniture ever held in Victoria, and when you read these prices you will wonder how he does it. Well, I will tell you. I pay no rent, I use no light, I hire no salesmen, I represent the factory. This enables me to sell 40 p.c. below my competitors. Come and buy, for this is your golden opportunity. :: :: ::

Two Quartered Cut Oak Chiffoniers, bevel glass, \$26.00. Now.....	\$19.50
Two Quartered Cut Oak Dressers, British bevel glass, \$32.00. Now.....	\$21.50
Two Quartered Cut Oak Dressers, British bevel glass, \$35.00. Now.....	\$24.50
Two Quartered Cut Oak Dressers, British bevel glass, \$55.00. Now.....	\$39.00
One Quartered Cut Oak Polished Buffet, bevel glass, \$50.00. Now.....	\$39.50
One Quartered Cut Oak Polished Buffet, bevel glass, \$45.00. Now.....	\$36.00
One Quartered Cut Oak Polished Buffet, bevel glass, \$75.00. Now.....	\$50.00
Large, Massive Oak Sideboards, bevel glass, \$40.00. Now.....	\$29.00
One Massive Sideboard, hand-carved, bevel glass, \$36.00. Now.....	\$25.00
All-Brass Beds, heavy and massive, \$78.00. Now.....	\$49.00
Brass and Iron Beds in all colors, \$35.00. Now.....	\$25.00
Brass and Iron Beds, regular \$25.00. Now.....	\$17.00
Brass and Iron Beds, regular \$7.00. Now.....	\$5.00
Quarter Cut Oak Leather Upholstered Dining Chairs, regular \$5.50. Now.....	\$3.75
Quarter Cut Oak Leather Upholstered Dining Chairs, regular \$6.50. Now.....	\$4.00

Big discount on all goods not mentioned in this list. Take the Beacon Hill car and ask the conductor to let you off at BLYGH'S FURNITURE STORE and save over 40 per cent.

Sale will start Saturday Morning at 9 o'clock. Remember the day, as it is a red letter one and if you wish your goods stored, no charge will be made.

ALBERTA COAL

MINES ACTIVE

Properties in Which Victoria People Are Interested Kept Busy

far as the removal of the light wires is concerned, until such tests have been made, and it is hoped that a satisfactory arrangement may be arrived at, as should the city be forced to remove light wires from the telephone poles, and to construct pole lines of its own it would be a matter of considerable expense. As matters are now, the telephone company uses the poles of the city, and the city uses those of the company, the pole lines of the city being fairly evenly divided between the two parties. It is not likely that a split will occur between the two parties bad enough to necessitate the entire separation of the two systems, as such a crisis would mean that both would be considerably out of pocket.

MEXICO IS NOW ADVANCING FAST

Street Car System of The Principal City Compares Favorably With Any in U. S.

Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Merrick arrived in the city this week, coming from Mexico says the Winnipeg Tribune of Friday last.

Mr. Merrick was forced to abandon his position of terminal superintendent of the Mexican Central railway, owing to ill-health, and chose as a recuperative, the bright and bracing air of Mexico.

When in the Tribune reporter this morning, Mr. Merrick related many interesting and queer customs of the people of Mexico, particularly regarding lotteries. He also reported Mexico as a young and general, and the Canadian companies are interested in numerous corporations there. Canadian companies operate the Mexican street railway, also the light and power company.

Mr. Merrick said the street car system of the city of Mexico compares favorably with the system in the large city of the States. There are two distinct ways of riding and paying by passengers. One line of cars is for the upper class, and the other for the lower. On the lower class cars the fares are

Considerably Less.

than on the other class, enabling the working and poor people to ride for a reasonable sum. Every passenger, though, can choose his way of riding, provided he had the necessary amount of money. A novel feature of the system is, that after a passenger pays his fare, the conductor gives him a slip of paper, something the shape of a transfer, containing the name of the car. No transfer is issued, however, the slip of paper merely showing that the passenger has paid his fare. Inspectors see that the slips are correct, and a passenger has to show his slip on demand, or pay another fare. The conductor has to account for every one given out by them.

There is also a number on the slip which gives the holder an opportunity to win a prize, in the lottery run off by the street railway company each month. The prizes amount to \$1,000 and a person of luck has a chance to win a prize big enough to pay for his street car tickets for a number of years.

There are also tickets in cigarette packages with numbers on them. The cigarette manufacturers give out prizes twice a year, amounting to \$1,000, and holders of these tickets have an equal chance of winning some of the big prizes.

The Bull-Fighting Season

commences in November and lasts until March. Fights are pulled off in the city of Mexico every Sunday. Mr. Merrick said some of the fights were more in the shape of a butchery than combat. Especially was this so when inexperienced bulls were used.

A curious incident occurred in connection with the death of Antonio Montes, one of the noted matadors of Mexico, a short time ago. This matador has thirteen men under him, and if a person bets on the victory of a number of Antonio Montes was killed in an unlucky way. It happened on the day of his death, that it was the 13th day of the month, that it had been hurt 13 times before, and that he was engaged in his 13th fight of that month. Later it developed that the car was 13, while the ship that conveyed his body back to Spain had been lodged 13 days.

The Wood Supply

of Mexico for fuel is being used up rapidly, while the Mexican coal supply is limited and of poor quality. No coke is manufactured there. Mexico getting nearly all its coal from the United States. Owing to the inability to secure the requisite amount of coke from the States last year, a quantity was imported from Germany.

The Mexican Central Railroad, the biggest in Mexico, is at present burning oil, cutting their supply from their wells in California.

Mr. Merrick said there was a colony of Mormons, also a colony from Omaha in Northern Mexico.

Land Values

The climate of Mexico at this time of the year is very fine. Land varies there from \$1.00 to \$100 an acre, but fairly good lands can be purchased for \$6 to \$10 an acre. The great difficulty in buying land is that the land is sold, only in large blocks, the least being about 1,000 acres.

Mr. Merrick remarked on the recent elections there, saying it was much easier in Mexico to elect a president than the president is the whole power and he is absolute in everything. The present president has been in power for twenty-seven years and is very popular with the people.

"When the life of the president of Mexico is written it will be one of the most interesting biographies ever compiled," said Mr. Merrick. A couple of weeks ago Mr. Merrick noticed in the papers of the city of Mexico where a party of tourists from Winnipeg had registered there.

AN EXPENSIVE TASK

Fill on New Ladner Road Will Cost \$26,000

New Westminster, March 20.—According to the report of Surveyor W. N. Draper, the fill of the ravine on the route of the proposed new Ladner road over the hill will cost \$26,000 to fill the immense gap, while the cost of building around the ravine will be about \$100,000, although it would be considerably longer.

As the V. V. & E. Railway company wishes the location of the road changed to make room for that portion of its line along the Golden West line, the president is the whole power and he is absolute in everything. The present president has been in power for twenty-seven years and is very popular with the people.

"When the life of the president of Mexico is written it will be one of the most interesting biographies ever compiled," said Mr. Merrick. A couple of weeks ago Mr. Merrick noticed in the papers of the city of Mexico where a party of tourists from Winnipeg had registered there.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

NEEDS OF THE CHURCH IN CANADA

Sir.—I enclose a cutting from the Colonial and also one from the last issue of the Canadian Churchman. They read as follows:

"The Society for the Propagation of Christian Knowledge has contributed \$45,000 through the Archibishop of Canterbury for Missions in Central Canada. This is very generous; but we think the people of Great Britain ought not to be called upon to spend a single dollar for missions

Cold on the Chest Seemed to be Unmovable, but Cure Was Soon Effect when We Used Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine.

It is waste of time to use ordinary cough mixtures for serious colds on the chest, and time is of infinite value when the lungs are in danger.

The risk is too great, especially when you wait to think that Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine is for sale in nearly every store that keeps medicine at all.

This letter gives you some idea of the effectiveness of this great medicine.

Mrs. A. Barnum, Ingersoll, Ont., writes: "My husband had a very severe cold on his chest and got so bad he could not speak above a whisper. The cough medicines he tried seemed to have no effect and reading about Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine I sent for a bottle. In two days he was cured and in very grateful for such a medicine. He says we will never be without this medicine in the house."

Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine, 25 cents a bottle, family size 60 cents, at all dealers or Edmaston, Bates & Co., Toronto.

TACOMA—A popular day wear style, 24 inch at back. Comfort-spaced, graceful, easy-slitting, Carter sizes.

LINEN Collars

Castle Brand collars are made in Isaac Linen, a style of starch and cotton, interesting, lessened at white folds, so ironing won't fray, doubly sewn and gutter seam to give your money's worth. 50¢

Makers, Berlin

VICTORIA DAILY COLONIST.

WORK OF BUILDING A TRANSCONTINENTAL

Progress of the Work East of Quebec City—An Immense Viaduct

The work on the Quebec division of the transcontinental railway is being rapidly pushed along by the contractors, Messrs. M. P. & J. T. Davis, wherever the formation will allow of winter work, says the Montreal Gazette. This firm has the contract for fifty miles west of Quebec bridge. At the present time there is a force of 1,000 men at work, and steam shovels at work on the gigantic cuttings from the Quebec bridge to Cape Rouge, a distance of three miles. The work is very heavy, being an average cutting of forty feet, and every day a shovel of solid rock. The fact of a shovel moving in this class of work, but the machine is making rapid progress. Tons of dynamite and gunpowder are being used in this work, and it is expected that by the middle of August it will be completed as far as

From Bluff to Bluff

This viaduct, a steel structure, will stretch from bluff to bluff across the little village of Cap Rouge, eight miles above Quebec. It will be about a mile in length and a hundred and seventy-five feet high in the central section, resting on a series of masonry abutments, and each series of supports rest on concrete pedestals built on a foundation of piles. At present there is a large force at work here preparing for the summer's operations. Millions of feet of calson timber is on the market, and the contractors are employing 1,000 men in the course of construction and in a few weeks these will be going in full blast. Already the old wooden bridge across Cape Rouge river has been pulled down, a new one being built to the south of it, and a temporary truss bridge is in use for the carrying of this concrete to the pedestals.

This is the only work in operation on the eastern part of the contract, and it reflects credit on the contractors to see the determined efforts they are making to complete the work in spite of the severe climate.

On the viaduct the work is of a different nature. Here nothing is heard but the hum of the planers, the buzz of the saws and the pounding, grinding, hammering and "heave-hoing" of a host of artificers, and soon the air compressors, engines and concrete mixers will be in full blast.

A. J. STANLEY ARD.

WHEN YOU MAY EXPECT PARALYSIS

Paralysis in some form is the natural result of neglected diseases of the nerves but paralysis, instead of coming on suddenly, as is generally supposed, is almost invariably preceded by months or years of warning symptoms.

Sicklessness, headache, falling memory, loss of vigor and energy, stomach troubles, weakness in the mornings, dizziness, weak heart action and despondency are some of the indications of exhausted nerves which gradually and certainly yield to the reconstructive influence of Dr. Chase's Nerve Food or if neglected lead to paralysis, locomotor ataxia or insanity.

You may think this a strong way of putting it, but it is the truth, nevertheless, and it is impossible to emphasize it too strongly, for the reason that many people who have these symptoms vainly imagine that they will pass away of themselves.

New nerve force must be added to the body and this can best be accomplished by the use of Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, which is sold at 50 cents a box, 6 for \$2.50, at all dealers or Edmaston, Bates & Co., Toronto.

Big Dividends.—A little time, energy and money spent now in gardening will bring in big dividends in the fall. Spades \$1.00 to \$2.25. Hoes 45c. to 60c. Rakes 35c. to 75c. Trowels 15c. to 35c. Weeder 15c. Other things too numerous to mention, at R. A. Brown & Co.'s, 80 Douglas street.

PATHEMIC END TO NEW BRUNSWICK MAN

Came West to Seek Fortune and Died Unknown at Nanaimo

Call West to Seek Fortune and Died Unknown at Nanaimo

AN EXPENSIVE TASK

Fill on New Ladner Road Will Cost \$26,000

BILLEANS

FOR
VICTORIANS.

50c
per
box

WOMEN WILL DEFEND THEIR SUFFRAGE RIGHT

Meeting to be Held on Friday
Evening to Combat Property
Owners' Movement

The meeting which has been called to take place in the council chambers at the city hall on Friday evening, for the purpose of protesting against the proposal to take from the property owners the right of adult suffrage promises to be an interesting affair. The ladies of the city, or certain of their number at least, are to make appearances feeling quite outraged at the attempt which is being made to wrench from them the privilege which chance gave to them at the last sitting of the house, and a resolution will in all probability be passed that will cause the municipal committee of the house to sit up and take notice.

It is at the Property Owners' association that the ladies are aiming their lightning, that body being responsible for the resolution which has brought them their ire. At its last annual meeting a resolution was passed deprecating the granting of adult suffrage to women, alleging that it put dangerous power in the hands of irresponsible persons, and asking that the legislature repeal the amendment. This resolution was, as recorded in the Colonist some days ago, recently submitted to the municipal committee of the house, and it is to counteract the effect of the resolution that tomorrow's meeting has been called.

The amendment which gave all the ladies the right to vote, while only taxpayers among males are accorded that privilege, reads as follows: "Householder" shall mean and include any person of the full age of twenty-one years who occupies a dwelling, tenement, hotel, or boarding house, or any part of a tenement, hotel, or boarding house, and who shall, unless exempt by statute or municipal bylaw, have paid directly to the municipality, rates, taxes or fees of not less than two dollars for the current year."

The amendment was inserted with a view to righting an error which had been inadvertently committed by an amendment to the same act in the previous year, by which militiamen were deprived of a vote. It was to this purpose that the words "unless exempt by statute or municipal bylaw" were inserted. It was not until after the house had adjourned that it was found that not only did the phrase have the effect of giving militiamen a vote, but also all women, over the age of twenty-one, these being "exempt by statute."

Now, however, that the ladies have once got the suffrage they do not propose to let go—not without a struggle at any rate—and they are moreover seconded in their attempt by many gentlemen of this city, prominent among them being His Worship, the mayor. The first symptom of the coming struggle was the meeting held in the rooms of the W. C. T. U. on Thursday of the past week, at which His Worship occupied the chair, and which caused so much discussion in the council on Saturday night. On Friday the ladies will make their appeal in public.

One of the leaders of the ladies in their attempts to retain the suffrage is Mrs. Spofford, provincial organizer for the W. C. T. U. Mrs. Spofford is pronounced in her views.

"We cannot countenance any attempt to take from the women the right of adult suffrage," said she to the Colonist yesterday. "Once we have got that right, I consider that it would be a backward step to take it away again."

"But men have not got adult suffrage," pointed out the reporter. "We can only vote when we pay taxes."

"Oh, we shall recommend that adult suffrage be extended to men too," was the answer. "We think that it should be general."

The other side of the question was set forth to the Colonist by a well-known property owner yesterday.

"I can't see that there can be any possible defence for adult suffrage for women or for men either for that matter," said that gentleman. "Why should a person, male or female expect to exercise the right to vote unless he or she does something towards the support of the civic administration? Give adult suffrage and you give every Tom, Dick and Harry, the right to vote. Men and women utterly irresponsible, without any interest in the welfare of the city, will be allowed to exercise the highest right of citizenship. That, I claim, is not as it should be. Let no man or woman vote until he has paid some tax or some fee to show that his or her intentions are really legitimate. Let them pay a registration fee of twenty-five cents, when the vote is cast. That's all right, but as for allowing every irresponsible person who feels like it, to cast a vote, why, that's outrageous."

HYMAN'S EFFORTS TO RESIGN.

The absent Minister of Public Works is described as a capable business man and a shrewd politician. He has long been an active campaigner, and is supposed to understand the rules and laws of Parliament in his private capacity. He carries on a large and prosperous business, the details of which are said to be in the full grip of his good right hand.

But how does it happen that a man of Mr. Hyman's capacity and experience can not do what has been done by many prominent men in the same field and with experience worth mentioning? It has not hitherto been found difficult for a member to resign his seat in the House. Comparatively stupid members have done it, the other, being an invalid, was able to do it. And when Mr. Hyman, in sufficient good health to go to New York to see the elections, made the attempt and failed. For three months, or nearly that being in bad health, he gave them up as too bad a task. After strong, but vain efforts, and Mr. Hyman was announcing his return to the department, he made another struggle to accomplish his resignation. Again the task proved too great. The Committee of Privileges and Elections, during two years, had been holding a long and tedious inquiry of Mr. Hyman's February effort. The inquiry had been handed over to a sub-committee, but it appears that only one lawyer in the house is satisfied that the resignation is valid. This is the result of four months' work, less longer effort on the part of Mr. Hyman to give up his seat.

Mr. Hyman's capacity and experience are not to be denied, but it is not clear whether his reputation for ability, the job is really too great. And lawyer's job will steer the Minister through the difficulty and yet here is a third of a year expended on the undertaking.

Meanwhile a committee of the privileges committee, consisting of Mr. Hyman and Mr. Gowan, has been holding a long and tedious inquiry of Mr. Hyman's February effort. The inquiry had been handed over to a sub-committee, but it appears that only one lawyer in the house is satisfied that the resignation is valid. This is the result of four months' work, less longer effort on the part of Mr. Hyman to give up his seat.

Mr. Hyman's capacity and experience are not to be denied, but it is not clear whether his reputation for ability, the job is really too great. And lawyer's job will steer the Minister through the difficulty and yet here is a third of a year expended on the undertaking.

Mr. Hyman's capacity and experience are not to be denied, but it is not clear whether his reputation for ability, the job is really too great. And lawyer's job will steer the Minister through the difficulty and yet here is a third of a year expended on the undertaking.

Mr. Hyman's capacity and experience are not to be denied, but it is not clear whether his reputation for ability, the job is really too great. And lawyer's job will steer the Minister through the difficulty and yet here is a third of a year expended on the undertaking.

Mr. Hyman's capacity and experience are not to be denied, but it is not clear whether his reputation for ability, the job is really too great. And lawyer's job will steer the Minister through the difficulty and yet here is a third of a year expended on the undertaking.

Mr. Hyman's capacity and experience are not to be denied, but it is not clear whether his reputation for ability, the job is really too great. And lawyer's job will steer the Minister through the difficulty and yet here is a third of a year expended on the undertaking.

Mr. Hyman's capacity and experience are not to be denied, but it is not clear whether his reputation for ability, the job is really too great. And lawyer's job will steer the Minister through the difficulty and yet here is a third of a year expended on the undertaking.

Mr. Hyman's capacity and experience are not to be denied, but it is not clear whether his reputation for ability, the job is really too great. And lawyer's job will steer the Minister through the difficulty and yet here is a third of a year expended on the undertaking.

Mr. Hyman's capacity and experience are not to be denied, but it is not clear whether his reputation for ability, the job is really too great. And lawyer's job will steer the Minister through the difficulty and yet here is a third of a year expended on the undertaking.

Mr. Hyman's capacity and experience are not to be denied, but it is not clear whether his reputation for ability, the job is really too great. And lawyer's job will steer the Minister through the difficulty and yet here is a third of a year expended on the undertaking.

Mr. Hyman's capacity and experience are not to be denied, but it is not clear whether his reputation for ability, the job is really too great. And lawyer's job will steer the Minister through the difficulty and yet here is a third of a year expended on the undertaking.

Mr. Hyman's capacity and experience are not to be denied, but it is not clear whether his reputation for ability, the job is really too great. And lawyer's job will steer the Minister through the difficulty and yet here is a third of a year expended on the undertaking.

Mr. Hyman's capacity and experience are not to be denied, but it is not clear whether his reputation for ability, the job is really too great. And lawyer's job will steer the Minister through the difficulty and yet here is a third of a year expended on the undertaking.

Mr. Hyman's capacity and experience are not to be denied, but it is not clear whether his reputation for ability, the job is really too great. And lawyer's job will steer the Minister through the difficulty and yet here is a third of a year expended on the undertaking.

Mr. Hyman's capacity and experience are not to be denied, but it is not clear whether his reputation for ability, the job is really too great. And lawyer's job will steer the Minister through the difficulty and yet here is a third of a year expended on the undertaking.

Mr. Hyman's capacity and experience are not to be denied, but it is not clear whether his reputation for ability, the job is really too great. And lawyer's job will steer the Minister through the difficulty and yet here is a third of a year expended on the undertaking.

Mr. Hyman's capacity and experience are not to be denied, but it is not clear whether his reputation for ability, the job is really too great. And lawyer's job will steer the Minister through the difficulty and yet here is a third of a year expended on the undertaking.

Mr. Hyman's capacity and experience are not to be denied, but it is not clear whether his reputation for ability, the job is really too great. And lawyer's job will steer the Minister through the difficulty and yet here is a third of a year expended on the undertaking.

Mr. Hyman's capacity and experience are not to be denied, but it is not clear whether his reputation for ability, the job is really too great. And lawyer's job will steer the Minister through the difficulty and yet here is a third of a year expended on the undertaking.

Mr. Hyman's capacity and experience are not to be denied, but it is not clear whether his reputation for ability, the job is really too great. And lawyer's job will steer the Minister through the difficulty and yet here is a third of a year expended on the undertaking.

Mr. Hyman's capacity and experience are not to be denied, but it is not clear whether his reputation for ability, the job is really too great. And lawyer's job will steer the Minister through the difficulty and yet here is a third of a year expended on the undertaking.

Mr. Hyman's capacity and experience are not to be denied, but it is not clear whether his reputation for ability, the job is really too great. And lawyer's job will steer the Minister through the difficulty and yet here is a third of a year expended on the undertaking.

Mr. Hyman's capacity and experience are not to be denied, but it is not clear whether his reputation for ability, the job is really too great. And lawyer's job will steer the Minister through the difficulty and yet here is a third of a year expended on the undertaking.

Mr. Hyman's capacity and experience are not to be denied, but it is not clear whether his reputation for ability, the job is really too great. And lawyer's job will steer the Minister through the difficulty and yet here is a third of a year expended on the undertaking.

Mr. Hyman's capacity and experience are not to be denied, but it is not clear whether his reputation for ability, the job is really too great. And lawyer's job will steer the Minister through the difficulty and yet here is a third of a year expended on the undertaking.

Mr. Hyman's capacity and experience are not to be denied, but it is not clear whether his reputation for ability, the job is really too great. And lawyer's job will steer the Minister through the difficulty and yet here is a third of a year expended on the undertaking.

Mr. Hyman's capacity and experience are not to be denied, but it is not clear whether his reputation for ability, the job is really too great. And lawyer's job will steer the Minister through the difficulty and yet here is a third of a year expended on the undertaking.

Mr. Hyman's capacity and experience are not to be denied, but it is not clear whether his reputation for ability, the job is really too great. And lawyer's job will steer the Minister through the difficulty and yet here is a third of a year expended on the undertaking.

Mr. Hyman's capacity and experience are not to be denied, but it is not clear whether his reputation for ability, the job is really too great. And lawyer's job will steer the Minister through the difficulty and yet here is a third of a year expended on the undertaking.

Mr. Hyman's capacity and experience are not to be denied, but it is not clear whether his reputation for ability, the job is really too great. And lawyer's job will steer the Minister through the difficulty and yet here is a third of a year expended on the undertaking.

Mr. Hyman's capacity and experience are not to be denied, but it is not clear whether his reputation for ability, the job is really too great. And lawyer's job will steer the Minister through the difficulty and yet here is a third of a year expended on the undertaking.

Mr. Hyman's capacity and experience are not to be denied, but it is not clear whether his reputation for ability, the job is really too great. And lawyer's job will steer the Minister through the difficulty and yet here is a third of a year expended on the undertaking.

Mr. Hyman's capacity and experience are not to be denied, but it is not clear whether his reputation for ability, the job is really too great. And lawyer's job will steer the Minister through the difficulty and yet here is a third of a year expended on the undertaking.

Mr. Hyman's capacity and experience are not to be denied, but it is not clear whether his reputation for ability, the job is really too great. And lawyer's job will steer the Minister through the difficulty and yet here is a third of a year expended on the undertaking.

Mr. Hyman's capacity and experience are not to be denied, but it is not clear whether his reputation for ability, the job is really too great. And lawyer's job will steer the Minister through the difficulty and yet here is a third of a year expended on the undertaking.

Mr. Hyman's capacity and experience are not to be denied, but it is not clear whether his reputation for ability, the job is really too great. And lawyer's job will steer the Minister through the difficulty and yet here is a third of a year expended on the undertaking.

Mr. Hyman's capacity and experience are not to be denied, but it is not clear whether his reputation for ability, the job is really too great. And lawyer's job will steer the Minister through the difficulty and yet here is a third of a year expended on the undertaking.

Mr. Hyman's capacity and experience are not to be denied, but it is not clear whether his reputation for ability, the job is really too great. And lawyer's job will steer the Minister through the difficulty and yet here is a third of a year expended on the undertaking.

Mr. Hyman's capacity and experience are not to be denied, but it is not clear whether his reputation for ability, the job is really too great. And lawyer's job will steer the Minister through the difficulty and yet here is a third of a year expended on the undertaking.

Mr. Hyman's capacity and experience are not to be denied, but it is not clear whether his reputation for ability, the job is really too great. And lawyer's job will steer the Minister through the difficulty and yet here is a third of a year expended on the undertaking.

Mr. Hyman's capacity and experience are not to be denied, but it is not clear whether his reputation for ability, the job is really too great. And lawyer's job will steer the Minister through the difficulty and yet here is a third of a year expended on the undertaking.

Mr. Hyman's capacity and experience are not to be denied, but it is not clear whether his reputation for ability, the job is really too great. And lawyer's job will steer the Minister through the difficulty and yet here is a third of a year expended on the undertaking.

Mr. Hyman's capacity and experience are not to be denied, but it is not clear whether his reputation for ability, the job is really too great. And lawyer's job will steer the Minister through the difficulty and yet here is a third of a year expended on the undertaking.

Mr. Hyman's capacity and experience are not to be denied, but it is not clear whether his reputation for ability, the job is really too great. And lawyer's job will steer the Minister through the difficulty and yet here is a third of a year expended on the undertaking.

Mr. Hyman's capacity and experience are not to be denied, but it is not clear whether his reputation for ability, the job is really too great. And lawyer's job will steer the Minister through the difficulty and yet here is a third of a year expended on the undertaking.

Mr. Hyman's capacity and experience are not to be denied, but it is not clear whether his reputation for ability, the job is really too great. And lawyer's job will steer the Minister through the difficulty and yet here is a third of a year expended on the undertaking.

Mr. Hyman's capacity and experience are not to be denied, but it is not clear whether his reputation for ability, the job is really too great. And lawyer's job will steer the Minister through the difficulty and yet here is a third of a year expended on the undertaking.

Mr. Hyman's capacity and experience are not to be denied, but it is not clear whether his reputation for ability, the job is really too great. And lawyer's job will steer the Minister through the difficulty and yet here is a third of a year expended on the undertaking.

Mr. Hyman's capacity and experience are not to be denied, but it is not clear whether his reputation for ability, the job is really too great. And lawyer's job will steer the Minister through the difficulty and yet here is a third of a year expended on the undertaking.

Mr. Hyman's capacity and experience are not to be denied, but it is not clear whether his reputation for ability, the job is really too great. And lawyer's job will steer the Minister through the difficulty and yet here is a third of a year expended on the undertaking.

Mr. Hyman's capacity and experience are not to be denied, but it is not clear whether his reputation for ability, the job is really too great. And lawyer's job will steer the Minister through the difficulty and yet here is a third of a year expended on the undertaking.

Mr. Hyman's capacity and experience are not to be denied, but it is not clear whether his reputation for ability, the job is really too great. And lawyer's job will steer the Minister through the difficulty and yet here is a third of a year expended on the undertaking.

Mr. Hyman's capacity and experience are not to be denied, but it is not clear whether his reputation for ability, the job is really too great. And lawyer's job will steer the Minister through the difficulty and yet here is a third of a year expended on the undertaking.

Mr. Hyman's capacity and experience are not to be denied, but it is not clear whether his reputation for ability, the job is really too great. And lawyer's job will steer the Minister through the difficulty and yet here is a third of a year expended on the undertaking.

Mr. Hyman's capacity and experience are not to be denied, but it is not clear whether his reputation for ability, the job is really too great. And lawyer's job will steer the Minister through the difficulty and yet here is a third of a year expended on the undertaking.

Mr. Hyman's capacity and experience are not to be denied, but it is not clear whether his reputation for ability, the job is really too great. And lawyer's job will steer the Minister through the difficulty and yet here is a third of a year expended on the undertaking.

Mr. Hyman's capacity and experience are not to be denied, but it is not clear whether his reputation for ability, the job is really too great. And lawyer's job will steer the Minister through the difficulty and yet here is a third of a year expended on the undertaking.

Mr. Hyman's capacity and experience are not to be denied, but it is not clear whether his reputation for ability, the job is really too great. And lawyer's job will steer the Minister through the difficulty and yet here is a third of a year expended on the undertaking.

Mr. Hyman's capacity and experience are not to be denied, but it is not clear whether his reputation for ability, the job is really too great. And lawyer's job will steer the Minister through the difficulty and yet here is a third of a year expended on the undertaking.

Mr. Hyman's capacity and experience are not to be denied, but it is not clear whether his reputation for ability, the job is really too great. And lawyer's job will steer the Minister through the difficulty and yet here is a third of a year expended on the undertaking.

Mr. Hyman's capacity and experience are not to be denied, but it is not clear whether his reputation for ability, the job is really too great. And lawyer's job will steer the Minister through the difficulty and yet here is a third of a year expended on the undertaking.

Mr. Hyman's capacity and experience are not to be denied, but it is not clear whether his reputation for ability, the job is really too great. And lawyer's job will steer the Minister through the difficulty and yet here is a third of a year expended on the undertaking.

LABOR QUESTIONS UP BEFORE TRADES COUNCIL

Pronouncements on Alleged La- bor Shortage and Several Other Subjects

The Victoria Trades and Labo-
Council met last evening, Presiden-
Walters occupying the chair.

Charles McKenzie presented his cre-
dentials as delegate from the Inter-
national Brotherhood of Blacksmiths
and Helpers' Unions.

The Executive Committee reported
regarding their action in connection
with the Laborers' Union in conven-
ing a public meeting to discuss labor
matters; also in regard to the Van-
couver and Victoria Executives hav-
ing waited upon the provincial gov-
ernment, and having laid all the res-
olutions passed at the recent meet-
ing of the Canadian Labor Congress. The
reported that the members of the gov-
ernment had received them most
courteously and after discussing the
questions at issue promised to give
the matters referred to their most
serious consideration.

The report was received, ordered
filed, and the committee thanked.

The Hall Committee were give-
power to make improvements in the
large labor hall to the value of about
\$50.

The special committee on shortag-
of labor made the following report:

Victoria, March 20, 1907.

Secretary Victoria Trades and Labo-
Council:

The committee appointed by the T
and L. Council to enquire into labor
conditions in the province, particular-
as to whether or not the claim ad-
vanced that a scarcity of labor was
working hardships to many industrie-
was based on good foundation, be-
leave to report. We entered into com-
munication with central bodies in
Seattle, Vancouver, Greenwood, an-
Fernie, receiving the answers append-
ed to this report. In every case the
take the same position, that is, that a
scarcity of labor exists. A great deal
has been said in the daily press rela-
tive to the scarcity of farm laborers
and we are given to understand that a
system of assisted immigration to
this province will be inaugurated by
the Salvation Army, financially assist-
ed by the provincial government, with
the object of relieving the shortage that
claimed to exist. Of course, in the
nature of things, the committee are
not in a position to either affirm or
deny that the farming interests are suf-
fering for want of help, but we are
of the opinion that a system of

RICHARD McBRIDE.

Mrs. Anderson, secretary of the Gar-
ment Workers' Union, wrote, enclos-
ing the second contribution of \$10 to
the "Anti-Tuberculosis Fund."

Secretary Watt of the Typographia-
Union also wrote enclosing \$10 for the
same fund.

The secretary was instructed to
thank the contributing unions on be-
half of the council.

Letters were received from the Unit-
ed Mine Workers of Fernie, the Min-
ers' Union of Greenwood, B.C., an-
the Trade and Labor Council of Van-
couver, all strongly denouncing the
"scarcity of labor" cry.

A letter was also received from the
Central Labor Council of Seattle, giv-
ing a great deal of valuable informa-
tion regarding Pacific Coast labor con-
ditions. The secretary was instructed
to thank the above bodies for the large
amount of valuable information which
they so quickly furnished.

The Vancouver Trades and Labo-
Council wrote to inform this coun-
that the Vancouver body had sent
strong protest to the Attorney General
against the Dominion Governmen-
"Lord's Day Observance Act."

A. Johnson and John Fraser, tw-
delegates who were present at the last
meeting of the labor council, desired
stated that they did not vote for the
motion of protest passed against the
"Lord's Day Observance Act." The
Press Committee was instructed ac-
cordingly.

The council unanimously endorsed
Bill No. 14, by Parker Williams
M.P.P., entitled "An Act Respecting
the Payment of Wages," and the
secretary was instructed to notify
Mr. Williams and Premier Mc-
Bride to that effect, also our repre-
sentatives in parliament, Messrs.
Davey, Behnson, and Thomson, ask-
them for their good will and sup-
port for the bill.

Several delegates complained of the
way the "Supreme Court Act" worked
as, at present constituted, it seems that
if a man owes another one dollar over
a thousand the creditor may get judg-
ment and then the debtor can snap his
fingers at him. The Legislative Com-
mittee were instructed to look into this
matter and lay it before Premier Mc-
Bride with a view of having said Ac-
amended.

FRIGHTENED A TRAMP

Woman with Revolver Stood Off In-
truder

Chatham, March 20.—Mrs. Byro
Freeman, Lacroix street, had an un-
pleasant experience with a tramp the
other night. Her husband had gone
up town, leaving her alone with her
small children. About half-past nine
o'clock a tramp walked into the house
without knocking, evidently knowin-
that she was alone. He at once com-
menced ordering her around, and de-
manded a cup of tea and lunch. Mrs.
Freeman refused and told the strange-
to go. At this he became enraged and
resorted to threats.

Mrs. Freeman finally told him to go
in one room until she got the tea and
lunch. She went out and shortly re-
turned, and told the tramp that she
had changed her mind, and that he
would have to depart. The tramp per-
sisted that he was going to remain
saying that it was too cold a night to
go any farther, and that he intended
to remain all night.

Mrs. Freeman had been standin-
with her hand behind her back, and she
now drew from behind her a large
silver Colt's revolver, and as quick-
asked the man if he wouldn't change
his mind. For the first and only time
during his visit, the tramp displayed
little courtesy. It was brief, how-
ever, as he lost no time in complyin-
with the woman's request.

MR. BRYCE SEES CHANGE

United States Evolutions Since His
Book Was Written

In view of the principle adopted
framing the Canadian constitution, giving to the Federal authorities a
powers not specifically delegated to the
provinces, the tendency in the State to
strengthen the Federal at the ex-
pense of the state authorities, is of in-
terest. Collier's speaks of it thus:

"Golden Medical Discovery," not only
cures serious heart affections, but is a
most efficient general tonic and invigorator,
strengthening the stomach, invig-
orating the liver, regulating the bowels
and curing catarrhal affections in all
parts of the system.

Dr. Porce's Pellets cure Constipation.

Stone root is also recommended by Drs.
Hale and Ellingwood, of Chicago, for
valvular and other diseases of the heart.
The latter says: "It is a heart tonic of
direct and permanent influence."

"Golden Medical Discovery," not only
cures serious heart affections, but is a
most efficient general tonic and invigorator,
strengthening the stomach, invig-
orating the liver, regulating the bowels
and curing catarrhal affections in all
parts of the system.

Dr. Porce's Pellets cure Constipation.

gret that the report was not more
strongly worded.

Delegate Ryan, local organizer of
the American Federation of Labor, re-
ported that the employees of the mill
and sash and door factories had taken
active steps towards organizing
union, and he was sure that by next
meeting the union would be in
good working order.

The secretary of the Painters' Union
Local No. 5, wrote enclosing the sum
of \$10 as a contribution to the "Anti-
Tuberculosis Fund."

Mackenzie King, Deputy Minister of
Labor, wrote thanking the officers an-
members of the council for the very
active interest displayed by them in
the work of the Labor Department.

John Mackenzie, a New Zealand
journalist, wrote offering to deliver
lectures here and elsewhere. The mat-
ter was referred to the Legislative
Committee.

W. P. Bevan wrote regarding some
difficulty he had in regard to the law
regarding the letter and file sam-
for future reference.

In reply to the representations of the
council, Hon. R. McBride wrote as fol-
lows:

C. Sivertz, Secretary Victoria Trade
and Labor Council.

Dear Sir—Referring to your letter of
Feb. 21, 1907, in reference to the pro-
posed scheme of immigration from
Great Britain, I beg to state that it is
not the intention of the government to
do anything injurious to the interest of
labor in this province. For the most
part the immigrants are expected to be
settlers and become colonists, who are
hoped will become permanent resi-
dents in the country. I may add that at
any time the Trades and Labo-
Council feel that the slightest uneasiness
is being caused in local labor con-
ditions the government will be only to
please to receive any representa-
tion that may be made in the matter.

W. W. BOLTON, Chairman.

Gentlemen—I have the honor to submit
my report of finances of the club for the
season of 1906:

Receipts
Gates, outside tables and sub-
scriptions \$ 1,304 60

Expenditures

Home and visiting team, O. B. Park
Association and general run-
ning expenses, as per No. 1
member statement \$ 1,304 60

Liabilities none.

Balance \$ 225 00

The board of managers do not ask the
new committee to concern itself with repay-
ment to us of what has been put up for
the good of the game. That amount covers
the cost of the coach, \$600, which was
a special outlay put up by us in the belief
that it would and will help to build up
increases in our city. W. W. BOLTON,
Treasurer.

FOOTBALL

Mainland Team is Strong

Every member of the All-Island team has
accepted his position and all ready
for the big match on Saturday. The
interest in this match increases as the day
approaches, and without doubt there will
be a record attendance. Reports from the
various clubs also indicate that there will
be more than 10,000 spectators on Saturday.
The players of the Mainland are very
confident, while the Island team, though
they are not worrying, and the visitors
from across the Gulf are liable to get a surprise. W. Risk, one of the most prominent
members of the Mainland association, arrived
from the Victoria last evening and in
conversation with the Colonist stated
that the Mainland was sending over a
strong team. Mr. Risk is a member of the
Celtics, and was offered a place on the team, but wing to business engagements
he declined. According to his remarks the
Mainland is a very strong one, and he expects to see it win. Among
the players are some Old Country men
who have won renown in their own part
of the country, and expect to add further
luster to the Island team on Saturday. Both teams are confident of victory
and will exert every effort to land the title.
The committee in charge of the Island team
has everything in readiness for the game, and
judging by the number of tickets that have
been sold the attendance will be large.

HUNDRED MILLION MORTGAGE

The state board of tax commissioners has
received notice of the recording in New
York county of a hundred-million-dollar
mortgage. The giver of the mortgage is
the Hudson & Manhattan Railroad com-
pany, familiarly known as the McAdoo Tunnel
Company, to be operated between Man-
hattan Island and New Jersey. The prop-
erty covered is partly in New York and
partly in New Jersey.

It is the duty of the state board of tax
commissioners to determine what propor-
tion of the mortgage will be paid by New
York state by ascertaining the relative
value of the mortgaged property within
that state as compared with the total
value of the entire mortgaged property.

At the time of recording the mortgage
the value for \$2,104,45 for the tax was
paid to the recording of New York county.
The sum is divided equally between the
county and the state.

BASKETBALL

Fifth Regiment Active

The Fifth Regiment basketballers are
getting in line for their match on Saturday
evening against the Portland Tigers. The game will be played at the
drill hall in connection with the first band
meeting of the season, and a lively game is
looked for. The basketball players have
been doing some hard work, and are in
good condition, and although they are not
quite as strong as last year, they will make
the visitors go some if they expect to win.
The team has not been definitely selected,
but it will be decided after practice
this evening.

THE TURF

Grand National

The English racing season commenced
Tuesday with the running of the Lincoln-
shire handicap worth \$10,000. The Grand
National Steeplechase will be run at Liver-
pool tomorrow and with the exception of
the first, the Grand National is the biggest
of any race in the world. The favorite this
year are Timothy Titus, Eremo, Wolf's
Folly, and Aunt May. The local sweep-
stakes on this event, conducted by H. L.
Simpson, closed today with the sale of
tickets, and the money will be given to
various agencies. No new books will be
opened, as time has to be allowed for the
preparation of the drawing, which will take
place this evening. The total subscription
is in the neighborhood of two thousand.

To the Members of the Victoria Lacrosse
Club:

Gentlemen—Your board of managers at
the opening of last season outlined the
object of the club, and they are:

1. Retention in the B. C. A. L. A. by hon-
orary membership.

2. Entry into the B. C. Intermediate L. A.

3. The securing of a coach.

4. The cutting out all semi-professional-
ism.

5. The cutting down of the outlays of
players.

The revision of the laws of the B.
C. A. L. A.

7. The securing a challenge cup for the
whole province.

Mr. B. C. A. L. A. met in the most
friendly spirit and has been of great
service in the working of the business of
the club.

It was evidently known that
we were received into the B. C. I. L. A., and our game, whilst successful
in one instance, with Vancouver, were
not so interesting and carried through
in the most spirit.

The players acted well by the club in
the way of finances, asking for nothing
save that which they were in all fairness
entitled to.

In Mr. L. E. Yorke as coach, we secured
a most excellent man, and one who
had a spirit of good fellowship amongst
the club, which has been a long-felt
want. Most fortunately, we were able to
secure Mr. Yorke in a position which he is
now filling after his work for us was com-
pleted.

Mrs. Freeman had been standin-
with her hand behind her back, and she
now drew from behind her a large
silver Colt's revolver, and as quick-
asked the man if he wouldn't change
his mind. For the first and only time
during his visit, the tramp displayed
little courtesy. It was brief, how-
ever, as he lost no time in complyin-
with the woman's request.

It is impossible to make a soap
any better, purer,
or more pleasant to
use than

BABY'S OWN SOAP

Ideal for toilet, nursery
and bath.

ALBERT SOAPS, LIMITED
MFRS., MONTREAL 3-1-6

It is impossible to make a soap
any better, purer,
or more pleasant to
use than

BABY'S OWN SOAP

Ideal for toilet, nursery
and bath.

ALBERT SOAPS, LIMITED
MFRS., MONTREAL 3-1-6

It is impossible to make a soap
any better, purer,
or more pleasant to
use than

BABY'S OWN SOAP

Ideal for toilet, nursery
and bath.

ALBERT SOAPS, LIMITED
MFRS., MONTREAL 3-1-6

It is impossible to make a soap
any better, purer,
or more pleasant to
use than

BABY'S OWN SOAP

Ideal for toilet, nursery
and bath.

ALBERT SOAPS, LIMITED
MFRS., MONTREAL 3-1-6

It is impossible to make a soap
any better, purer,
or more pleasant to
use than

BABY'S OWN SOAP

Ideal for toilet, nursery
and bath.

ALBERT SOAPS, LIMITED
MFRS., MONTREAL 3-1-6

It is impossible to make a soap
any better, purer,
or more pleasant to
use than

BABY'S OWN SOAP

Ideal for toilet, nursery
and bath.

Pioneer Explorer of B. C.

Lecture by Mr. A. Robinson, Superintendent of Education

Alexander Robinson, superintendent of education for British Columbia, delivered an exceedingly interesting lecture on "Captain Vancouver—His Explorations," in the lecture room of the Vancouver Collegiate Institute, on the evening of Friday, March 15. The lecture was given under the auspices of the McGill University Undergraduate's Literary society, George Robertson, vice-principal of the Vancouver branch of McGill university, occupied the chair. The audience was such a large one that the seating capacity of the large lecture room was taxed to its utmost.

Before introducing Mr. Robinson, the chairman read a letter from Principal Shaw, who is now on his way to Europe, where he will take an extended holiday during the coming summer. Mr. Shaw expressed his regret at being deprived of the pleasure of listening to Mr. Robinson's lecture, which he felt sure that gentleman would deliver in his characteristic manner.

Mr. Robinson dwelt at some length on the pleasure he felt in having the honor of presiding at such a large gathering of Vancouverites and of introducing such a distinguished scholar as was the superintendent of education.

Mr. Robinson, in opening, expressed his appreciation for such a kind reception and proceeded at once to his lecture, the words of Mr. Shaw being amply borne out by the able way in which it was delivered. The speaker during the course of the lecture frequently referred his audience to several large maps showing the islands and mainland coast of British Columbia, with all its harbors and inlets which had been surveyed by Captain George Vancouver in the 1790's in the name of His Britannic Majesty King George III. These maps, Mr. Robinson has copied himself. They are wonderfully well done and the labor expended on the drawing of them can not easily be estimated.

Born in 1758

Mr. Robinson first referred to Captain Vancouver having been born about 1758; of how he had entered the navy at the age of 13 years and accompanied Captain Cook in his second (1772-74) and third (1776-79) voyages of discovery; how in later years he was appointed to command an expedition to the northwest coast of America, the object being to explore the coast from 30 degrees N. latitude, around to Cook's Inlet (or river as it was then called), with a view to the discovery of an eastward passage to the Great Lakes in the British Dominions. He next described the progress Captain Vancouver made until he disembarked with his party on May 11, 1792, when he had made his way almost to the head of Hood's Channel. They were desirous of obtaining a supply of game but were only partly successful.

Mr. Robinson's description of the country round Hood's Channel was particularly impressive. He said the next morning, Saturday, May 12, at 4 o'clock, Captain Vancouver and the party again embarked. Having been supplied for five days only, the party were nearly exhausted and the consumption of that day, which was the sixth, threatened them with short allowance; the spokesman of the party had been unable to assist them and the prospect of obtaining any supplies from the natives was equally uncertain. The region which Captain Vancouver had passed seemed destitute of human beings. The brute creation seemed also to have deserted the shores; the tracks of the deer were no longer to be seen, nor was there any aquatic bird on the whole extent of the canal. Animated nature seemed nearly exhausted and the awful silence was only broken now and then by the breathing of a seal or the scream of an eagle. Captain Vancouver's records state that "even these solitary sounds were so seldom heard, that the rustling of the breeze along the shore assisted by the solemn stillness that prevailed, gave rise to ridiculous suspicions in our seamen, of hearing rattlesnakes and other hideous monsters in the wilderness."

Visited Puget Sound

At length the party came to what is now Puget Sound. Mr. Robinson gave an account of how some friendly natives attended a dinner which the explorers were having on the shores of the sound. Two of these natives expressed a desire to cross the line of separation which divided them from the whites. To this Captain Vancouver and his men acquiesced with pleasure. The Indians were invited to partake of some of the white men had. Although the duskiest accepted bread and fish, it was only with the greatest difficulty that they were prevailed upon to even taste the venison pie which formed part of the dinner. They appeared to believe that it had been made from human flesh. When Captain Vancouver's followers had gone through numerous indescribable gestures in an endeavor to impress upon the natives the fact that the flesh was that of deer, they happily convinced them of their mistake.

"Captain Vancouver," said Mr. Robinson, "had been looking forward to the 3rd of June, the birthday of the British King, purposefully to take possession on that day of all the countries he had been employed in exploring. The day fell on Sunday. When it arrived the party was engaged in examination of an inlet which they had distinguished by the name of Admiralty Inlet. To execute his purpose Captain Vancouver accompanied by Mr. Broughton and some of the officers, went ashore about 1 o'clock. The usual formalities which are observed on such occasions were pursued, and under the discharge of a royal salute from the vessels possession was taken of the land."

Quotes from Records

Quoting from Captain Vancouver's records, Mr. Robinson proceeded to describe the boundaries: "The coast from that part of New Albion in the latitude of 39° 20' N., to the entrance to this inlet of the sea, said to be the supposed Straits of Juan de Fuca, as likewise all the coast islands within the said straits, as well on the northern as on the southern shores; together with those situated in the interior sea we had discovered, extending from the said straits in various directions between the northwest, northeast and southern quarters, which interior sea I have honored with the name of the Gulf of Georgia; and the continent binding the said gulf and extending southward to the 45th degree of north latitude with that of New Georgia, in honor of his present Majesty. This branch of Admiralty Inlet obtained the name of Possession Sound; its western arm after the vice-admiral, Sir Alan Gardner, I distin-

Burrard Inlet—or channel, as it was named by the explorer. The versatile superintendent dwelt at considerable length upon the exploration of Burrard Inlet, which at first the party thought was the entrance of the trans-continental waterway they were seeking. They went in small boats to the head of the inlet and made drawings of one little inlet. On Friday, the 22nd of June, Captain Vancouver and his men were returning to their vessels, which had been left anchored near Point Grey, when they discovered two vessels anchored under the land not far from the point where their own had been left.

Ships Are Sighted

They thought at first that the men had been left in charge of the vessels had moved in closer to meet them on their return, but on a nearer approach it was learned that the ships sighted were a brig and a schooner wearing the colors of Spanish vessels of war. Captain Vancouver concluded that they were engaged in similar pursuits as were his own, and he confirmed this when he boarded the Spanish vessels, which proved to be a detachment from the commission of Senor Malaspina who was then employed in the Philippines Islands. Captain Vancouver was told by Don D. Galiano who was in command of the detachment, that Senor Malaspina had the preceding year visited the coast and that he (Don Galiano) had, in company with Don C. Valdes, sailed from Acapulco on the 8th of March of that year to prosecute discoveries on the coast. Captain Vancouver was further informed that the vessels he had met were on their way to complete the examination of the inlet which had the preceding year been partly surveyed by some Spanish officers, whose chart they produced.

Mr. Robinson spoke of how Captain Vancouver had experienced mortification in finding that much of the country he had visited and explored had been previously explored by the Spaniards. However, the distinguished and courteous Captain Vancouver allowed Senor Galiano to take from his sketches such notes as he wished, and in return the Spanish commander

had extended the same courtesy to him. The Spaniards evinced great surprise when in answer to inquiries they were told by the captain that he had not found a river at the head of Burrard Inlet, said to exist in that region and which had been previously named by the Spaniards Rio Blanco, in compliment to the then prime minister of Spain.

Cruised in Company

The English and Spanish vessels had then cruised round for days together. Mr. Robinson told his listeners that Senor Galiano had informed Captain Vancouver that he had examined the small branch the latter gentleman had passed in Burrard Inlet, and allowed him to take a copy of the Spaniard's sketch of it. After giving the names of various Englishmen in honor of whom Jervis and Broughton Inlets and other points and bays, etc., had been named, and citing names such as Gabriola Island, Texada Island, Galiano Island, etc., as having been named by the Spaniards, Mr. Robinson closed his lecture by saying he regretted that the present Vancouver Island does not bear the name with which it was distinguished by Captain Vancouver, i.e., the Island of Quadra.

This had been done at the earnest request of Senor Quadra in command of a subsequent Spanish commission to commemorate the meeting of the two explorers on the shores of the Island.

The reading and adoption of the report of the Executive Council and that of the treasurer, together with reports from the affiliated associations, constituted the principal business of this morning's session of the Canadian Association for the Prevention of Consumption and other forms of tuberculosis, which is holding its seventh annual convention in the Normal school, says the Ottawa Free Press of Wednesday. The president, Hon. W. C. Edwards, was unable to be present and in his absence Mr. J. M. Courtney, C.M.G., presided.

The executive report, which was a comprehensive review of the work of the association since its organization six years ago, was read by the secretary, Rev. Dr. Moore.

Speaking of the results achieved the report says:

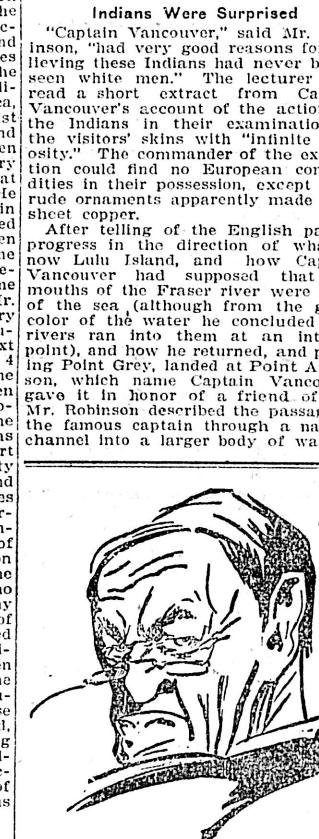
"The vital statistics of Ontario and Quebec for a nearly coincident period of five years show that, notwithstanding the fact that in both provinces the decrease has not been uniform and continuous, there has been on the whole such an improvement as to show the saving of 816 lives in the last year of the selected period, as compared with the first.

"It is possible that there may have been a proportionate improvement in the other provinces of the Dominion. Perhaps it is not too much to say that this improvement is in some measure owing to the increased intelligence which has been brought about by the labors of the Canadian association, and that the dawn of a better day is upon us."

When Mr. Robinson had done speaking, he was tendered a hearty vote of thanks by George Robertson, the vice-principal, the motion having been moved and seconded by Gardner Eldridge and A. R. Thompson, respectively.

Mr. Robinson was the recipient of many private expressions of appreciation for the instructive lecture after the National Anthem had been sung and the audience was dispersing.

Dame Fashion's Dictum



Who Said Dinner?

UH! xx! ?-? !x !!

!x--! Cranky and !x--! Because

!x--! Don't Digest x !-



A misses' suit of dull blue Panama cloth with vest, reverses, and girdle of black satin. The waist closes over the shoulder with gilt buttons, and the skirt and girdle close in the centre of the back, under the plastron, which buttons over, as in the front.

NEW ZEALAND'S HAND IS NOW HELD OUT

Colony in the Antipodes Is Anxious to Trade With Canada

New Zealand is anxiously looking for

ward to the colonial conference this sum-

mer in England as an opportunity to ex-

port to Canada the right hand of fellow-

ship says the Ottawa Free Press. So

declared Mr. J. Graham Gow, commis-

sioner from New Zealand before the mem-

bers of the board of trade. With the es-

tablishment of the proposed steamship line be-

tween the Dominion and her sister colony

which is to be subsidized by both govern-

ments, New Zealand will send in butter

and cheese, wool, tallow, kauri gum and

frozen mutton, and is prepared to give

preference principally in boots and shoes

of a higher grade, machinery and paper.

Mr. Gow has had six years experience

in England as an opportunity to ex-

port to Canada the right hand of fellow-

ship says the Ottawa Free Press. So

declared Mr. J. Graham Gow, commis-

sioner from New Zealand before the mem-

bers of the board of trade. With the es-

tablishment of the proposed steamship line be-

between the Dominion and her sister colony

which is to be subsidized by both govern-

ments, New Zealand will send in butter

and cheese, wool, tallow, kauri gum and

frozen mutton, and is prepared to give

preference principally in boots and shoes

of a higher grade, machinery and paper.

Mr. Gow has had six years experience

in England as an opportunity to ex-

port to Canada the right hand of fellow-

ship says the Ottawa Free Press. So

declared Mr. J. Graham Gow, commis-

sioner from New Zealand before the mem-

bers of the board of trade. With the es-

tablishment of the proposed steamship line be-

between the Dominion and her sister colony

which is to be subsidized by both govern-

ments, New Zealand will send in butter

and cheese, wool, tallow, kauri gum and

frozen mutton, and is prepared to give

preference principally in boots and shoes

of a higher grade, machinery and paper.

Mr. Gow has had six years experience

in England as an opportunity to ex-

port to Canada the right hand of fellow-

ship says the Ottawa Free Press. So

declared Mr. J. Graham Gow, commis-

sioner from New Zealand before the mem-

bers of the board of trade. With the es-

tablishment of the proposed steamship line be-

between the Dominion and her sister colony

which is to be subsidized by both govern-

ments, New Zealand will send in butter

and cheese, wool, tallow, kauri gum and

frozen mutton, and is prepared to give

preference principally in boots and shoes

of a higher grade, machinery and paper.

Mr. Gow has had six years experience

in England as an opportunity to ex-

port to Canada the right hand of fellow-

ship says the Ottawa Free Press. So

declared Mr. J. Graham Gow, commis-

sioner from New Zealand before the mem-

bers of the board of trade. With the es-

tablishment of the proposed steamship line be-

between the Dominion and her sister colony

which is to be subsidized by both govern-

ments, New Zealand will send in butter

and cheese, wool, tallow, kauri gum and

frozen mutton, and is prepared to give

preference principally in boots and shoes

of a higher grade, machinery and paper.

Mr. Gow has had six years experience

in England as an opportunity to ex-

port to Canada the right hand of fellow-

ship says the Ottawa Free Press. So

declared Mr. J. Graham Gow, commis-

sioner from New Zealand before the mem-

bers of the board of trade. With the es-

tablishment of the proposed steamship line be-

between the Dominion and her sister colony

'Phone 11

One Cent a Word, Each Issue

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

AUCTIONEERS

FOR SALE—Grocery and millinery stock, store and stable to let in Work Estate. Good reasons for selling. Apply by letter to P. O. Box 72.

ALES AND STOUT

FAIRALL BROS.—Bottled Ale, Stout and "Bromo, Hygeia." East Rd., Tel. 444.

BAGGAGE DELIVERED

VICTORIA TRANSFER CO., Ltd., Tel. 129.

BAKERY

FOR CHOICE FAMILY BREAD, CAKES, Confectionery, etc., try D. W. Hanbury, 73 Fort St., or ring up Phone 361, and your order will receive prompt attention.

BOOKBINDING

THE COLONIST has the best equipped bookbindery in the province; the result is equal in proportion.

BOOKS AND STATIONERY

AND LATEST NOVELTIES, at Standard Stationery Co., 96 Government St. 2nd

BUILDER & GEN'L CONTRACTOR

THOMAS CATERALL—16 Broad Street, Building in all its branches; wharf work and general jobbing. Tel. 820.

BOOT AND SHOE REPAIRING

WORK DONE with neatness and dispatch; lowest prices; repairs while you wait. A. Hibbs, 3 Oriental Ave., opp. Old Grand Theatre.

CARPENTERS

S. CREECH, Carpenter and Jobber, 39½ Douglas street.

CIVIL ENGINEER

WM. E. DEVEREUX—Civil Engineer and British Columbia Land Surveyor. Surveys undertaken in any part of Province. Apply 30 Broad street.

CARRIAGE BUILDER

Importer and manufacturer of Carriages and Buggies. Wm. Mable, 115 Johnson St.

COAL AND WOOD

J. E. PAINTER, Cut Wood and General Teaming, 21 Cormorant St., Tel. 534.

CONTRACTORS

C. A. MCGREGOR—Carpenter and Jobber, 95 Yates street. Terms moderate.

B. C. General Contract Co., Ltd., Pte. Driving, Concreting, Dredging, Vancouver

COFFEE AND SPICE MILLS

PIONER COFFEE AND SPICE MILLS, Ltd., Pembroke St., Victoria, Tel. 697.

CUSTOMS BROKER

C. S. BAXTER, Government street, Metropolitan block, opposite post office, Tel. 730.

DRAYMAN

JOSEPH HEANEY—Office 52 Wharf St., Telephone 171.

VICTORIA TRUCK & DRAY CO.—Telephone 18.

DYE WORKS

VICTORIA STEAM DYE WORKS—100 Yates Street, Tel. 717. All descriptions of ladies' and gentlemen's garments, cleaned or dyed and pressed equal to new.

B. C. STEAM DYE WORKS—Largest dyeing and cleaning establishment in province. Country orders solicited. Phone 200. Henns & Benfry.

PAUL'S CLEANING AND DYE WORKS, 120 Fort Street, Tel. 624.

ENGINEERS

Victoria Machinery Depot Co.—Shipbuilders, Founders, Work St. Tel. 570.

FURRIER

FRED FOSTER, 42½ Johnson street. Telephone A182, makes a specialty of seal garments.

GARDENER

GARDENING WORK of all kinds done on shortest notice by contract or by day. Ng. Hon. Office No. 1½ Cormorant street, or P. O. Box 339, city.

GRAVEL ROOFING

COUGHLIN & CO., 28 Broad, next Times.

HARDWARE

THE HICKMAN TIRE HARDWARE CO., LTD.—Iron, Steel, Hardware, Cutlery, 82 and 34 Yates Street, Victoria, B. C.

WALTER S. FRASER & CO., LIMITED—Dealers in Hardware, Iron pipe fittings and brass goods. Wharf Street, Victoria.

E. G. PRIOR & CO.—Hardware and agricultural implements. Corner of Johnson and Government Streets.

HARNESS AND SADDLERY

A. SHOTWELL, Porter Block, Douglas street, manufacturer and importer of Saddles, Harness, etc.; complete assortment of Whips, Rugs; International Stock Food for sale.

JAPANESE GOODS

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL—Best Japanese Green Tea at all prices; Pocket Stores; Tooth Powder, J. M. Nagano & Co., 41 Store street, and 61 Douglas, Balmoral Block.

JUNK

BRASS, Copper, Bottles, Sacks and Junk wanted. Victoria Junk Agency, 30 & 32 Store street.

LITHOGRAPHING

LITHOGRAPHING, ENGRAVING AND EMBOSSED—Nothing too large and nothing too small; your stationery is your business card. The Colonist unequalled. Toronto, The Colonist Printing & Publishing Co., Limited.

LIVERY AND TRANSFER

VICTORIA TRANSFER CO., Ltd., Tel. 129.

LOGES AND SOCIETIES

A. O. F. Court Northern Light, No. 5035, meets at K. of P. Hall, 2nd and 4th Wednesdays. W. F. Fullerton, Secy.

NATIVE SONS—Post No. 1, meets K. of P. Hall last Tues. of each month, A. E. Hayes, Secy., B. C. of Commerce, Bldg.

SONS OF ENGLAND—Pride of Island Lodge, A. O. U. W. Hall 1st and 3rd Tues. Fred. Dyke, Pres.; Thos. Gravell, Secy.

K. of P.—No. 1, Far West Lodge, Friday, K. of P. Hall, corr. Douglas and Pandora Sts. H. Weber, K. of P. and S. Box 544.

LUMBER

Taylor Mill Co., Ltd., Lts., Sashes, Doors and Lumber, Government street, Tel. 604.

Victoria Machinery Depot Co.—Engineers, Shipbuilders, etc. Work street, Tel. 570.

MIXED PAINTS AND VARNISHES

JOSEPH SEARS—01-03 Yates street, Tel. B742. Complete assortment, best goods.

NOVELTY WORKS

L. H. HAPER—General Machinist, No. 150 Government street.

OLD MATERIALS

HIGHEST PRICES paid by Victoria Junk Agency, 30 Store street; Copper, Brass, Bottles, etc.

THE DAILY COLONIST CLASSIFIED PAGE

'Phone 11

One Cent a Word, Each Issue

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

AUCTIONEERS

FOR SALE—Grocery and millinery stock, store and stable to let in Work Estate. Good reasons for selling. Apply by letter to P. O. Box 72.

ALES AND STOUT

FAIRALL BROS.—Bottled Ale, Stout and "Bromo, Hygeia." East Rd., Tel. 444.

BAGGAGE DELIVERED

VICTORIA TRANSFER CO., Ltd., Tel. 129.

BAKERY

FOR CHOICE FAMILY BREAD, CAKES, Confectionery, etc., try D. W. Hanbury, 73 Fort St., or ring up Phone 361, and your order will receive prompt attention.

BOOKBINDING

THE COLONIST has the best equipped bookbindery in the province; the result is equal in proportion.

BOOKS AND STATIONERY

AND LATEST NOVELTIES, at Standard Stationery Co., 96 Government St. 2nd

BUILDER & GEN'L CONTRACTOR

THOMAS CATERALL—16 Broad Street, Building in all its branches; wharf work and general jobbing. Tel. 820.

BOOT AND SHOE REPAIRING

WORK DONE with neatness and dispatch; lowest prices; repairs while you wait. A. Hibbs, 3 Oriental Ave., opp. Old Grand Theatre.

CARPENTERS

S. CREECH, Carpenter and Jobber, 39½ Douglas street.

CIVIL ENGINEER

WM. E. DEVEREUX—Civil Engineer and British Columbia Land Surveyor. Surveys undertaken in any part of Province. Apply 30 Broad street.

CARRIAGE BUILDER

Importer and manufacturer of Carriages and Buggies. Wm. Mable, 115 Johnson St.

COAL AND WOOD

J. E. PAINTER, Cut Wood and General Teaming, 21 Cormorant St., Tel. 534.

CONTRACTORS

C. A. MCGREGOR—Carpenter and Jobber, 95 Yates street. Terms moderate.

B. C. General Contract Co., Ltd., Pte. Driving, Concreting, Dredging, Vancouver

COFFEE AND SPICE MILLS

PIONER COFFEE AND SPICE MILLS, Ltd., Pembroke St., Victoria, Tel. 697.

CUSTOMS BROKER

C. S. BAXTER, Government street, Metropolitan block, opposite post office, Tel. 730.

DRAYMAN

JOSEPH HEANEY—Office 52 Wharf St., Telephone 171.

VICTORIA TRUCK & DRAY CO.—Telephone 18.

DYE WORKS

VICTORIA STEAM DYE WORKS—100 Yates Street, Tel. 717. All descriptions of ladies' and gentlemen's garments, cleaned or dyed and pressed equal to new.

B. C. STEAM DYE WORKS—Largest dyeing and cleaning establishment in province. Country orders solicited. Phone 200. Henns & Benfry.

PAUL'S CLEANING AND DYE WORKS, 120 Fort Street, Tel. 624.

ENGINEERS

Victoria Machinery Depot Co.—Shipbuilders, Founders, Work St. Tel. 570.

FURRIER

FRED FOSTER, 42½ Johnson street. Telephone A182, makes a specialty of seal garments.

GARDENER

GARDENING WORK of all kinds done on shortest notice by contract or by day. Ng. Hon. Office No. 1½ Cormorant street, or P. O. Box 339, city.

GRAVEL ROOFING

COUGHLIN & CO., 28 Broad, next Times.

HARDWARE

THE HICKMAN TIRE HARDWARE CO., LTD.—Iron, Steel, Hardware, Cutlery, 82 and 34 Yates Street, Victoria, B. C.

WALTER S. FRASER & CO., LIMITED—Dealers in Hardware, Iron pipe fittings and brass goods. Wharf Street, Victoria.

E. G. PRIOR & CO.—Hardware and agricultural implements. Corner of Johnson and Government Streets.

HARNESS AND SADDLERY

A. SHOTWELL, Porter Block, Douglas street, manufacturer and importer of Saddles, Harness, etc.; complete assortment of Whips, Rugs; International Stock Food for sale.

JAPANESE GOODS

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL—Best Japanese Green Tea at all prices; Pocket Stores; Tooth Powder, J. M. Nagano & Co., 41 Store street, and 61 Douglas, Balmoral Block.

JUNK

BRASS, Copper, Bottles, Sacks and Junk wanted. Victoria Junk Agency, 30 & 32 Store street.

LITHOGRAPHING

LITHOGRAPHING, ENGRAVING AND EMBOSSED—Nothing too large and nothing too small; your stationery is your business card. The Colonist unequalled. Toronto, The Colonist Printing & Publishing Co., Limited.

LIVERY AND TRANSFER

VICTORIA TRANSFER CO., Ltd., Tel. 129.

LOGES AND SOCIETIES

A. O. F. Court Northern Light, No. 5035, meets at K. of P. Hall, 2nd and 4th Wednesdays. W. F. Fullerton, Secy.

NATIVE SONS—Post No. 1, meets K. of P. Hall last Tues. of each month, A. E. Hayes, Secy., B. C. of Commerce, Bldg.

SONS OF ENGLAND—Pride of Island Lodge, A. O. U. W. Hall 1st and 3rd Tues. Fred. Dyke, Pres.; Thos. Gravell, Secy.

K. of P.—No. 1, Far West Lodge, Friday, K. of P. Hall, corr. Douglas and Pandora Sts. H. Weber, K. of P. and S. Box 544.

LUMBER

Taylor Mill Co., Ltd., Lts., Sashes, Doors and Lumber, Government street, Tel. 604.

Victoria Machinery Depot Co.—Engineers, Shipbuilders, etc. Work street, Tel. 570.

MIXED PAINTS AND VARNISHES

JOSEPH SEARS—01-03 Yates street, Tel. B742. Complete assortment, best goods.

NOVELTY WORKS

L. H. HAPER—General Machinist, No. 150 Government street.

OLD MATERIALS

HIGHEST PRICES paid by Victoria Junk Agency, 30 Store street; Copper, Brass, Bottles, etc.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

POTTERY WARE, ETC.

SEWER PIPE, Field Tile, Ground Fire Clay, Flower Pots, etc. B. C. Pottery Co., Ltd., Lts., Sashes, Doors, Pandoras, etc.

PAINTING AND PAPERHANGING

JOSEPH SEARS, 117 Douglas, opposite City Hall—Jobbing promptly attended to.

JOSEPH SEARS, 117 Douglas, opposite City Hall—Complete assortment, best goods.

REMINGTON TYPEWRITERS

TEN-KEY STATIONERY CO., No. 96 Government street, sole agents for the reliable Remington—the leading type-writer.

B. C. LAND and INVESTMENT AGENCY, Ltd.
40 GOVERNMENT STREET.

20 LOTS—In North End in one block, nicely situated with gentle southern slope, all land \$1000 per acre. Terms, \$1000.
SEVERAL BUSINESS PLACES—Just off Government street. Full size and with buildings. Call for prices and particulars.
412 ACRES in the Highland district, lake George, also to Langton, 4000. Good timber, also timber, \$4000.
LARGE COTTAGE—On Upper Fort street, modern in every respect. Lot 60 x 120, facing south; \$4,000. Easy terms.
100 ACRES miles from Victoria, on 100 acres, 70 acres rich agricultural land. Will grow anything; also some good timber; only \$200 per acre.
VERY LARGE MODERN DWELLING—10 rooms on Cadboro Bay road, with four lots. Large, roomy, back entrance, stable, etc. \$10,000. Terms.
HATLEY PARK—This beautiful property at Esquimalt, containing 232 acres with large water frontage, large portion cultivated with modern barns and outbuildings. One of the best places in the district. Will subdivide well. Enquire for further particulars.
140 acres on Railway and Elk Lake, only nine miles from Victoria. At least 100 acres, which is good land covered with light brush, balance has good timber. \$750 per acre.
Large two story dwelling in James Bay on car line. Modern in every respect. Fully equipped, lot 60 x 120, \$8,000.
COMFORTABLE COTTAGE—In Fernwood estate, on a corner, Orchard, etc., with 4 lots. Price \$1700.
5 ACRES—New house, within 3 miles of post office and in good condition, acre of strawberries, land all under cultivation. City water. \$6000. Terms.
BUSINESS PROPERTY—3 frontages, size 60 x 240, with buildings. All location. \$10,000. Terms.
4 ACRES—With large water frontage, 16 acres cultivated, new modern dwelling, all conveniences, water laid on. Price includes furniture, etc.; \$16,000. This place is well situated and would make an ideal country home.
5 roomed modern house in James Bay and 2 lots fronting on harbor house particularly well built. \$8000. Terms.
BUSINESS BARGAIN—Yates street, corner of Yates and Broad, good revenue, only \$1,500.
SEVERAL CHEAP PROPERTIES for sale at Alberni. Call for particulars.
CORNER LOT and 6 roomed cottage on Oak Bay Ave., just outside city limits. \$1,700.
BUSINESS CORNER in North End, grocery and two-story modern dwelling in good order, lot 60 x 100. Price \$6,000.
FAIRFIELD ESTATE—3 or 4 roomed lots, each \$2000 per acre. 20 minutes from post office.
FAIRFIELD ESTATE—2 choice acre lots on main thoroughfare with sewer, \$2,000. \$5000 per acre. All lots well fenced and planted in fruit, just outside city limits and close to car line.
BUSINESS CORNER—On Cook street, and five buildings all rented, paying investment, \$10,000. Terms.
METCHOSIN BAY—About 275 acres, large portion cleared, house, barns and large frontage on two roads; will make first-class fruit farm.
STOCK RANCH—Just off Nicola, B. C. consisting of 600 acres, convenient to school, post office and railway. Stock, agricultural implements, etc.
5 ROOMED COTTAGE—Corner lot, stable etc. \$1000. terms.
7 ROOMED HOUSE and full sized lot on Fort St., excellent view. \$4000—Terms.
SEVERAL VERY DESIRABLE IMPROVED FARMS—In the Shuswap peninsula. Good soil and location, suitable for subdivision. Full particulars at office.

CORNER LOT on Dallas road, and 2 houses, excellent view. \$3750.
ESQUIMALT RD.—Over on acre of ground and 2 large modern bungalows, comparatively new, 3000 acres in subdivide. \$3,250—Oak Bay 2.30 acres all under cultivation, new 6-room furnished cottage with stone foundation, barn and outbuilding, fenced and has double front door. \$2,000.
1 ACRE—Just off Burnsides road, a corner, for a year, \$1050. Good land.
SOOKE—About 700 acres and lake. Crown granted and timbered; \$10 per acre.
FIRE—Good house, good kitchen, electric light, hand to car. Victoria West. SUBURBAN ACREAGE—Shoal Bay water frontage at \$500 per acre—also rich garden land at \$1,500 per acre. Very choice.
VICTORIA AREA—5½ acres, house, barn, buildings, etc., facing on Arm, with large water frontage and inside city limits, \$15,000. The only available site left in this vicinity.

TEXADA ISLAND—Over 2,000 acres of land, all cleared, \$1000 per acre.
SHEEP FARM—1,000 acres, 100 acres cultivated, buildings, etc. 1000 acres of good arable land; only \$15,000.
BUSINESS PROPERTY—We are offering some choice property. Fort street in the business centre. Call for particulars.
SUBURBAN HOME—7 acres and modern bungalow; beautiful grounds, stables, etc. One of the best views in the city. In fine condition, \$10,000. Terms.
INSTANTANEOUS HOUSES for sale on the plan all over the city. Why pay rent when you can buy a home on the terms we offer.
\$1500—6 roomed cottage and large lot opposite post office, \$1000. Terms.
BUSINESS LOTS—Two full sized lots handy to Railway station. \$6,300, lot separately.
160 ACRES at Alberni, all good land and well cleared. Price \$15 per acre. Terms.
BELLER ST.—Handsome modern dwelling, 9 rooms, corner lot (large); all in first class order, only \$7500.
10 ROOMED BUNGALOW DWELLING and \$10,000 for a beautiful view, garden, etc. Price \$10,000 for outlet sale.
INVESTMENT—Five two story buildings and full sized lot centrally located and within the business centre. \$10,000.
CADDY RD.—Part of 200 acres of beautiful land in high state of cultivation overlooking the water, with double road frontage. Full particulars at office.
LOTS—In James Bay, nicely situated corner. 1700.

BANNERMAN & NIVIN
103 Government St., Next Imperial Bank.
2 STOREY HOUSE—8 rooms modern in every way—�ance, etc. on Linden Avenue. Price \$3500.
2 STOREY HOUSE—7 rooms; fine front and back lawn, nice streets and good garden. Lot 50 x 140. Caledonia Ave., \$2500. Terms good for \$500 advance. COTTAGE NEAR OAK BAY CAR LINE. Modern, fine, level, nice lawn and streets. Price \$2250.
COTTAGE 5 ROOMS—Stable and outhouses. Francis Avenue, \$1600. terms.
NICE MODERN RESIDENCE—Menzies St., 9 rooms, \$2500. terms.
Call and look your property with us, we have clients for desirable residences and lots.
BACON ST.—James Bay, 2 lots. \$1500 for 2.
ST. ANDREW'S ST.—James Bay, 1 lot \$1000. terms.
MEDIANA ST.—James Bay, 4 lots, choice locality.
NIAGARA ST.—7 lots, good values.
LINDEN AVE.—3 lots, watch values. Call and examine our list of small acreage and fruit farms. We have a big demand for this class of property. Let us list yours.

FOR SALE.
A BARGAIN—One of the few large tracts of land still open for subdivision close to city limits, part of Section 81, within fifteen minutes of car line. Cheap, easily accessible on the market. Section IV, Sooke District, fronting on Sooke Harbor. Three acres of land at car terminals in Esquimalt, having fine sea frontage. The water front lots at foot of Yates street with wharf and two large warehouses. Lots 198 and 199, corner of Yates and Wharf streets, with buildings on the whole of the lots.
TO LET—Large wharf at foot of Yates street, with commodious sheds and offices. For particulars apply to J. STUART YATES, 22 Broad Street, Victoria.

PEMBERTON & SON
45 FORT STREET.

FERNWOOD ESTATE—10 lots fronting on Shoreside street, \$1000. Large, comfortable bungalows, \$1000. JUST OFF OAK BAY AVE.—6 acres, will subdivide into over 30 large lots, and allow for 60 foot roadway. Sold as acreage at \$150 per acre.
ALFRED ST.—Lots on the south side between Cook and Chambers St. \$400 each and easiest of terms.
SIXTH ST.—Two large lots above King's road. Houses on both sides. \$750 the acre.
GORDON HEAD—5 acres, patches of fruit land, close to new uplands. Sub-division. New house going up alongside. \$400 per acre.
MOUNT TOLMIE—Acreage at \$500 per acre.
ALFRED ST.—4 roomed cottage built in 1905. Rents for \$11 per month. \$1300 Good terms.
HATLEY PARK—This beautiful property at Esquimalt, containing 232 acres with large water frontage, large portion cultivated with modern barns and outbuildings. One of the best places in the district. Will subdivide well. Enquire for further particulars.
140 acres on Railway and Elk Lake, only nine miles from Victoria. At least 100 acres, which is good land covered with light brush, balance has good timber. \$750 per acre.
Large two story dwelling in James Bay on car line. Modern in every respect. Fully equipped, lot 60 x 120, \$8,000.
COMFORTABLE COTTAGE—In Fernwood estate, on a corner, Orchard, etc., with 4 lots. Price \$1700.
5 ACRES—New house, within 3 miles of post office and in good condition, acre of strawberries, land all under cultivation. City water. \$6000. Terms.
BUSINESS PROPERTY—3 frontages, size 60 x 240, with buildings. All location. \$10,000. Terms.
4 ACRES—With large water frontage, 16 acres cultivated, new modern dwelling, all conveniences, water laid on. Price includes furniture, etc.; \$16,000. This place is well situated and would make an ideal country home.
5 roomed modern house in James Bay and 2 lots fronting on harbor house particularly well built. \$8000. Terms.
BUSINESS BARGAIN—Yates street, corner of Yates and Broad, good revenue, only \$1,500.
SEVERAL CHEAP PROPERTIES for sale at Alberni. Call for particulars.
CORNER LOT and 6 roomed cottage on Oak Bay Ave., just outside city limits. \$1,700.
BUSINESS CORNER in North End, grocery and two-story modern dwelling in good order, lot 60 x 100. Price \$6,000.
FAIRFIELD ESTATE—3 or 4 roomed lots, each \$2000 per acre. 20 minutes from post office.
FAIRFIELD ESTATE—2 choice acre lots on main thoroughfare with sewer, \$2,000. \$5000 per acre. All lots well fenced and planted in fruit, just outside city limits and close to car line.
BUSINESS CORNER—On Cook street, and five buildings all rented, paying investment, \$10,000. Terms.
METCHOSIN BAY—About 275 acres, large portion cleared, house, barns and large frontage on two roads; will make first-class fruit farm.
STOCK RANCH—Just off Nicola, B. C. consisting of 600 acres, convenient to school, post office and railway. Stock, agricultural implements, etc.
5 ROOMED COTTAGE—Corner lot, stable etc. \$1000. terms.
7 ROOMED HOUSE and full sized lot on Fort St., excellent view. \$4000—Terms.

PEMBERTON & SON
45 Fort Street.

E. WHITE, 100 Government St.
CHEAP COTTAGE—Hillside avenue, near car line, \$1800. \$600 cash required, balance on car line. Modern in every respect. Fully equipped, lot 60 x 120, \$8,000.
3 CHOICE BUILDING LOTS—Near the Willows, only \$1200.
4 LOTS—Pearce Estate, \$1750.
LARGE CORNER LOT and HOUSE—In good repair. Victoria West, \$1250.
CORNER LOT and 6 roomed cottage on Oak Bay Ave., just outside city limits. \$1,700.
BUSINESS CORNER in North End, grocery and two-story modern dwelling in good order, lot 60 x 100. Price \$6,000.
FAIRFIELD ESTATE—3 or 4 roomed lots, each \$2000 per acre. 20 minutes from post office.
FAIRFIELD ESTATE—2 choice acre lots on main thoroughfare with sewer, \$2,000. \$5000 per acre. All lots well fenced and planted in fruit, just outside city limits and close to car line.
BUSINESS CORNER—On Cook street, and five buildings all rented, paying investment, \$10,000. Terms.
METCHOSIN BAY—About 275 acres, large portion cleared, house, barns and large frontage on two roads; will make first-class fruit farm.
FRUIT FARMS—Several of the best barns near the city.
WATERFRONT—Valuable sites on Esquimalt harbor and the Gorge, from 10 to 200 acres.
BEAUTIFUL BUILDING SITES—On Oak Bay and Fort Bay, outside city limits. Beautiful building lot, \$500 per acre.
ACREAGE—Near Oak Bay, off Cadboro Bay road. Only 6 minutes from car. Get particulars.
LOTS.
ST. CHARLES ST.—The best building sites close to Fort street and Belcher avenue. Good particulars.
\$1800.
DALLAS ROAD—2 lots for \$1,000. One corner.
COWICHAL ST.—Victoria West, acre lot \$800.
FORT ST.—Near Cook. Large lot fronting on two streets. \$2500.
FARMS.
NORTH SANANICH—About 60 acres. All under cultivation. Good buildings, excellent fence, 75 acres.
15 ACRES—On the Wilkinson road, partly cultivated, fruit trees, etc. An excellent fruit growing proposition; \$1500.
GORDON HEAD DISTRICT—21 acres. \$100 per acre.
SOUTH SANANICH—Slightly over 50 acres, all cultivated. Fine orchard, 5 miles out. \$15,000.
ROBT. WARD & CO., LTD.
REAL ESTATE DEPARTMENT.
Temple Building. 17 Fort St.

TWO STOREY HOUSE—8 rooms and bath, stone foundation, on Stanley Avenue, EIGHT ROOMED, TWO STOREY HOUSE—Good stable and carriage house, in first class condition, with well kept grounds, convenient to cars, on Richmond Avenue, Price \$800.
EIGHT ROOMED RESIDENCE—Grand location, view of the Bay, corner Dallas and Monroe street; a desirable property.
FOUR ROOMED COTTAGE—Good barn, on Rupert street. A small garden, 1000 feet from the ocean, 7 roomed bungalow. A most desirable residential property.
Residence of 8 rooms, on Oswego street, nicely situated, well kept grounds with shrubbery.
A beautiful 8 room bungalow, corner of Cedonia Avenue and Quadra street; fruit trees and lawn. (Terms can be arranged.)
A very desirable house on Rutherford street with large lot.
House on Superior street, with 4 lots; fine shrubbery and fruit trees. A bargain. Call and list your property with us. We have clients on our waiting list for desirable property.
A modern 8 roomed house on Craigflower road, 1 acre of land, in fine condition, in most desirable location, close to car line. This is a most desirable property and a fine location. Price, \$7,500. Terms.
Two-storey house on King's road, all modern conveniences, large lot, close to car line. A snap. \$1,000. Terms.
Two-story house on Pandora street, on Prospect Bay, corner of Pandora street, excellent location, barn and chicken house; lot 50x120. Price \$1,600. Terms.
Small house, in good order, situated on Toronto street, convenient to car. A good buy. \$3100.
A six-room house; modern conveniences, newly painted and in excellent state of repair, on John street, close to car; large lot and excellent location. Price \$1,800. Terms.
A roomed house, newly built residence, on Fernwood Avenue, close to Fort street; stone foundation, nice lawn and house is in first class state of repair. Terms can be arranged.
Two-storey house on Belmont Avenue, with all modern conveniences, well kept lot, in excellent order; lot 60x122. This is a good buy. Price \$2,500.
Eight lots on Wilson street, off Oak Bay Avenue. A snap. \$150 each. Terms. Two five-roomed house on corner lot, semi-detached, both rented to good tenants. Price \$3,150. Terms.
Very desirable lot on Fort street above Cook street, with frontage on 2 streets. This lot will be sold as a bargain. Investigate terms.
We have a large list of Acreage and Lots in every part of the city and vicinity; also some of the best Improved and Unimproved Farms on the Island.

E. A. HARRIS & CO.
35 FORT STREET.

200 ACRES—30 cultivated, small house, large barn. Property faces a lake. Distant one hour from city. Price \$10,500.
340 ACRES—30 under cultivation, large house, barns and outhouses. 7 miles out. \$20 per acre.

FORT ST.—11 room house, cellar, brick foundation, modern improvements, corner lot, \$7,500.

VIEW, near school, 1 lot 60 x 120, \$1500.
5 ROOM HOUSE—1 acre sea front, \$2850.
FOR SALE—One of the few large tracts of land still open for subdivision close to city limits, part of Section 81, within fifteen minutes of car line. Cheap, easily accessible on the market. Section IV, Sooke District, fronting on Sooke Harbor. Three acres of land at car terminals in Esquimalt, having fine sea frontage. The water front lots at foot of Yates street with wharf and two large warehouses. Lots 198 and 199, corner of Yates and Wharf streets, with buildings on the whole of the lots.
TO LET—Large wharf at foot of Yates street, with commodious sheds and offices. For particulars apply to J. STUART YATES, 22 Broad Street, Victoria.

GRANT & LINEHAM
2 VIEW ST.

HEISTERMAN & CO.
73 Government St.
REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE.
1473
CHOICE LOTS—On Franklyn and Labour streets. Sewered and in good neighborhood. \$1000.
VERY LARGE CORNER LOT—Adjoining new city park. \$1000.
FIVE DOUBLES—Candler—Stanley and Gladstone Avenue. \$1300.
KINGSTON ST.—Choice 60 x 120 lots, very close to town. \$1200.
ACREAGE
50 ACRES, CADBRO BAY—Adjoining handsome bay property, beautiful beach frontage. A splendid bay.
25 ACRES—Adjoining Flintry's beach, with water frontage, delightful residential locality.
HOUSES
138 acres, Otter Point; 20 acres cleared, all good land; cottage, barn, root and chicken house; near water; 8 head stock—
\$2350.00
133 acres, Highland District, 12 miles from town—
\$2500.00

MONEY TO LOAN

S. A. BAIRD
70 Douglas St.
200
JOHN ST.—6 roomed cottage, with modern conveniences. \$1800.
JAMES BAY—2 lots on Government St., for \$350.
ESQUIMALT DISTRICT—110 acres, of which 20 acres are cleared, 5 roomed cottage, barn etc., some fruit trees.
3 ACRES—Near Shoal Bay, \$4,000.
VIEW ST.—Close to, two story dwelling, moderate conveniences, \$3000.
6 ROOMED HOUSE—Good condition, sewer, etc. James Bay, \$1525.
WANTED—For the summer, furnished cottage at Cordova Bay.

LATIMER & CO.

REAL ESTATE AND INVESTMENTS.
16 Trounce Avenue.

VICTORIA HARBOR—Three waterfront lots that are rapidly increasing in value.

GOVERNMENT ST.—90 x 73 feet.

OAK BAY.

4 LOTS—Each containing 1 1/4 acres. \$1500 per acre. One-third cash.

A BEAUTIFUL WATER FRONT SITE—Over 11 acres at \$500 per acre. This is a snap. Adjoining property sold some months ago at \$1,000 per acre.

FAIRFIELD ESTATE.

ACREAGE—Can be bought from us at \$1500 per acre. \$1000 is high class property and will pay easily. One hundred per cent. after subdivision.

2 GOOD LOTS—Near Beacon Hill Park for \$750 each.

ONE BEAUTIFUL BUILDING LOT—On Richardson street for \$1200.

ONE-HALF ACRE—Off Washington Ave. \$1800.

5 ROOMED HOUSE—On Richmond Avenue, with 3/4 acre of ground, fruit trees, stable, coach house, etc. Price for a quick sale, \$5,000.

5 ROOMED HOUSE—Near Cook. Large lot fronting on two streets. \$2500.

FARMS.

NORTH SANANICH—About 60 acres. All under cultivation. Good buildings, excellent fence, 75 acres.

15 ACRES—On the Wilkinson road, partly cultivated, fruit trees, etc. An excellent fruit growing proposition; \$1500.

GORDON HEAD DISTRICT—21 acres. \$100 per acre.

SOUTH SANANICH—Slightly over 50 acres, all cultivated. Fine orchard, 5 miles out. \$15,000.

A RARE CHANCE, SOUTH SANANICH—A splendidly situated farm containing 95 acres fine-class soil. 65 acres cleared, balance slashed and partly cleared, on main road and convenient to railway, together with a good 6 room house, stable, barns and other outbuildings. 73 head of sheep, 10 lambs, 2 horses, 2 cows, 2 thoroughbred sows, chickens, ducks, plovers, binder, mow, rake and seed drill, barrows, bairn wagon and other implements and articles too numerous to mention. Farm in first-class running order. As a going concern, Price \$17,000. All kinds of properties for sale. LIST YOUR PROPERTY WITH US. We will advertise it and endeavor to effect quick sale.

FIRE INSURANCE AND MONEY TO LOAN.
For your property with us.

D. A. MACKENZIE & CO.
REAL ESTATE.
18 Trounce Avenue. Victoria, B. C.

FERNWOOD ESTATE—Choice lots fronting on Edmonston road, Fernwood road, and Denman street. Each lot \$100.

JAMES BAY—Large lots, all in good condition, modern conveniences.

GORDON ROAD—Albert and Errol Streets, 2 lots, will sell separately, \$750 each.

BANK STREET—On Oak Bay, 2 lots x 120. Each \$800.

CRAGHORN ROAD—1 1/2 acre, over \$2000.

RELMONT AV.—1 large lot; 60 x 20'. corner. \$1825.

JACINTH ST.—Corner of Cook and Hillside, lot. Terms \$150.

JOHNSON ST.—House, 7 rooms, furnace, \$1200.

The B. C. Department of Agriculture

Has ordered that all fruit trees must be sprayed or destroyed. We have the spray that will save your trees. Put up in suitable packages for all sized orchards

Quarts	\$ 35
Half gallon	60
Gallon	1.00

Also we can supply your needs in barrel lots

B. C. HARDWARECO.

E. E. Greenshaw W. J. Griffin
P. O. Box 683 Phone 82

BEAUTIFUL HOMES

Are the leading attraction in Victoria; that is why we carry the most artistic Electroliers, Pendants and Brackets, imported direct from England, finely wrought in Antique Hammered Brass and Iron.

HINTON ELECTRIC COMPANY, Ltd.

29 Government Street, Victoria, B. C.

COOKING POTATOES

A few more at \$1.50 per 100 Pounds
ORDER EARLY, SUPPLY LIMITED

SYLVESTER FEED CO., - - - 87-89 YATES STREET.

WE NEVER SLEEP NOW FRASER DRUG STORE,

Open Day and Night

The WOODS HOTEL

VANCOUVER, B. C.

Newest and only Modern Hotel in B. C. American—rates \$2, \$2.50 and \$3. Also European.

WOOD, WILLIAMS & WOOD Proprietors.

TRAFFIC FERRIES

PRONOUNCED SUCCESS

Revival of Proposal to Establish System Across the British Channel

London Times.

The statutory general meeting of the Channel Ferry, (Dover) company was held on Monday at the Cannon-street hotel, Lord Weydale presiding. The chairman remarked that the proposal to establish a system of steam ferries across the British channel was by no means a new one. After referring to earlier attempts, he said that during the session of 1866, a bill was introduced which sanctioned the establishment of a system of steam ferries between Dover and the continent, and provided for the incorporation of a parliamentary company with authority to enter into agreements with the railway companies and local authorities. This bill was passed by both houses and parliament, and it was the parliamentary company thereupon contemplated whose first statutory meeting was now being held.

After discussing the tunnel scheme, he observed that this company was offering another and, he ventured to think, an almost equally effective solution, but wholly free from any strategical objections, and involving an expenditure of only £1,000,000, against £15,000,000 or £20,000,000 for the tunnel.

They proposed to adopt a system already in successful operation in Europe between the German mainland and Denmark crossing an arm of the Baltic, over a distance of 26 miles; again, between Copenhagen and Malmö, a distance of 19 miles; and between Korsør and Nyborg, about 16 miles.

There was a further European ferry between Messina and Reggio, and the system had been very largely adopted in the United States. Across Chesapeake bay to New York the Philadelphia Railway company operated a ferry from Cape Charles to Norfolk, a distance of about 36 miles, and on a sea which was at times as rough as those encountered by an ocean service.

But it was more particularly on Lake Michigan, which, although euphemistically called a lake, was really an inland sea, where the waves were sometimes higher, and the fogs even more dense, than those met with in the British channel, that the operation of train ferries was most universal.

ADVERTISING VICTORIA

Honor L. Wilhelms, editor and manager of The Coast Magazine, is in the city on one of his periodical visits in the interests of his publication, which enjoys the enviable reputation of being the best of its kind in western America, "covering" as it does development and progress not only in Washington, but British Columbia, Alberta, and the Yukon.

During his present visit Mr. Wilhelms will prepare a descriptive article on Victoria, the same to be profusely illustrated and published in the next issue. This will not in any sense be a paid "write-up," as Mr. Wilhelms does no such business with his magazine—each and every article, when descriptive of a city or district, being published as a news feature, pure and simple.

While in the city Mr. Wilhelms will call on the business men and solicitors for the special Victoria number of his publication, and confidently anticipates a good measure of success which he certainly deserves.

Just now The Coast is devoting a great deal of attention to the forthcoming Alaska-Yukon exposition; and as proof that the articles are being widely read, Mr. Wilhelms says he is in receipt of hundreds of letters of enquiry.

WHEN YOU CALL

For a drink at the bar

TRY

Carnegie's Swedish Porter

It will be a revelation to you, as it combines the purity and strength of Dublin Stouts with the full flavor of the London Porters.

If the bartender has no supply of this famous beverage tell him the

WHOLESALE AGENTS

ARE

PITHER & LEISER

YATES STREET,
VICTORIA, B. C.

YOUR GROCER SELLS

HUNTLEY

AND

PALMERS

BISCUITS

THE HEINTZMAN & CO.

PIANO

Stands out distinctive from other PIANOS. Is a distinctive production—a piano with an individuality of its own. It is renowned through Canada for its durability, pure singing quality, responsiveness, touch and an unrivaled tone.

M. W. WAITT & CO.

LIMITED.

SOLE AGENTS

HOTEL ARRIVALS

The Driard

R. G. Belden, Spokane; B. C. Grinnell, A. H. Ross, Seattle; H. A. Manly, city; J. H. Jastad, Montreal; W. H. Fullwood, New York; G. A. Gesman, Regina; L. E. Goudy, Crofton; A. Goodfriend and wife, Jas. Carroll, Seattle; H. B. Morley, Vancouver; Thos. D. Jay, Armstrong; C. E. McKeen, B. L. Waddell, Vancouver; G. Brymer, H. Hills, Toronto; W. H. Hardy, Vancouver; A. G. Bernard, San Francisco.

The King Edward

M. J. Whitson and wife, Seattle; Chas. S. Buck and wife, N. Sandefur; Geo. St. James, Portland; B. Scharschmitt and wife, City; B. Bickwell, New York; A. W. Bell, W. A. Cutler, G. R. Hughes and wife, Vancouver; J. K. Kerr, Jr., Galveston; S. Palmer, A. J. Simpson and wife, Mrs. D. Larsen and child, Seattle; B. Brownell, St. Louis; H. P. Kwhuk, Seattle; Mrs. J. Griffith, Quelch, Wash; J. A. McLean, City; S. F. Boardman, Campbell River; Dr. Dickson, A. Macleod, Vancouver; C. D. Hinckley, Hotel Bay; F. Humphreys, Vancouver; W. H. Hoffman, Kelowna; W. Latham, Kamloops, B. C.; C. C. L. Blackwood, Whinlips; John A. Carter and wife, Chatham; Wm. J. Risk, Vancouver; F. Creswell, San Francisco; F. E. Fulmer, Vancouver; A. S. Senn, S. "Iroquois"; R. Hodder, Duncan; S. Petrelough, North Vancouver; C. M. Hardy, City.

The Dominion

Geo. Lee, Whinlips; J. A. Patiney, G. Dunn and wife, N. Sandefur; Geo. St. James, Portland; B. Scharschmitt and wife, City; B. Bickwell, New York; A. W. Bell, W. A. Cutler, G. R. Hughes and wife, Vancouver; J. K. Kerr, Jr., Galveston; S. Palmer, A. J. Simpson and wife, Mrs. D. Larsen and child, Seattle; B. Brownell, St. Louis; H. P. Kwhuk, Seattle; Mrs. J. Griffith, Quelch, Wash; J. A. McLean, City; S. F. Boardman, Campbell River; Dr. Dickson, A. Macleod, Vancouver; C. D. Hinckley, Hotel Bay; F. Humphreys, Vancouver; W. H. Hoffman, Kelowna; W. Latham, Kamloops, B. C.; C. C. L. Blackwood, Whinlips; John A. Carter and wife, Chatham; Wm. J. Risk, Vancouver; F. Creswell, San Francisco; F. E. Fulmer, Vancouver; A. S. Senn, S. "Iroquois"; R. Hodder, Duncan; S. Petrelough, North Vancouver; C. M. Hardy, City.

The Balmoral

G. A. Gesman, Regina, Sask.; J. Phair, Victoria; C. A. Darrow, Seattle; J. Brewster, San Francisco.

The Victoria

R. Jaynes, B. Jaynes, Seattle; Arthur Cobbin, Tacoma; W. B. Wheeler, Shawinigan Lake; H. L. Wilhelm and wife, A. Goodfriend, E. Barn, M. L. Latham, Mr. and Mrs. T. H. Heffern, Mr. and Mrs. T. Pollock, M. H. Jay, J. T. Rogers, Seattle; B. Rodger, Duncan; S. Petrelough, North Vancouver; A. S. Thomas, Townsend; H. McKey, Cariboo.

The St. Francis

C. Croton, Clarke, J. Carter, H. Dalton, Philadelphia; J. T. Clark, Vancouver; P. Vauquelin, Scotland; W. H. Battle and wife, Vancouver; J. L. Aldwell, Pitt, Angeles; W. T. Jackson, W. McHutchen, Vancouver; Miss Furness, G. Furness, S. S. Island; M. Hanson, Nels Hanson, J. Johnson, Mrs. Larson, Norway; G. B. Roberts, Rock Island, Ill.

Use telephone to Ladysmith.

Use telephone to Vancouver.

Use telephone to New Westminster.

DAVID SPENCER, LTD.

THE GREAT EMPORIUM OF THE GREAT WEST

DAVID SPENCER, LTD.

SPECIAL EASTER VALUES FOR ALL

EVERY succeeding Easter opening surpasses its predecessor—the present will not by any means fall short of this reputation. Not all the credit is due to ourselves but to those who design all kinds of wearables to satisfy fashion's taste. They have made it possible for the merchant to have on display such elegance and distinctiveness in high-grade merchandise. Our "buys" are direct from the fashion centres of the globe, and you will find in the new goods a captivating display of diversified styles. We are showing everything that is new; novel and meritorious that will appeal to every known taste. All our patrons and friends are cordially invited to visit every day this special display of Easter Goods. We are assured of one thing, that the splendid values throughout the store will eclipse all previous offerings in any preceding Easter opening of the past.

EXQUISITE MILLINERY CREATIONS

An authoritative collection of masterpieces from the French capital and the foremost English and American milliners. Every model represents a new style idea. Your undivided attention during the coming week will be entreated around the exquisite creations that discriminating women will inevitably adopt for Easter and Spring wear.

Pattern Hats range from \$25.00 down to \$5.00.

The new French flowers in pleasing varieties are now here. We invite you to see our splendid assortment.

CHARMING NEW SILK AND OTHER WAISTS

We have everything from the ordinary Cotton and Fine Lawn Wash Waists up to the most exquisite productions in rich imported silks—all of them from the best manufacturers.

COTTON OR LINEN FABRICS trimmed with the fine lace or neat

embroideries, ranging in prices from \$8.50 down to \$1.00

CHOICE FASHIONABLE SILK WAISTS of rich imported Jap silks,

with hemstitched pleats, embroideries, shirrings, etc., in prices

ranging from \$12.50 down to \$3.75

GRAND EASTER OPENING OF NEW FASHION'S FOOTWEAR

Distinguishing beauty, durability and lowness of prices, characterise the new Footwear on special show today

Originality can be discriminated in the most practical portions of personal attire. Our Shoe Department bursts forth today with its full showing of new spring footwear for Easter. The various shapes of the new lasts are so distinct as to stamp them different from the shoes and Oxfords worn in previous seasons, nor are there more novelties in women's footwear than men. Unquestionably the new Oxfords will be popular with both sexes. The styles of lasts are fashion's newest, and in the elegant footwear therefrom, we have a most comprehensive assortment, from the dainty party Oxfords to the sturdier yet most elegant for street wear. The new styles have been specially featured and manufactured to our order. Every pair bears eloquent testimony in the voice of correct fashion. The present is the most important of all Easter showings in the new and latest footwear.

Men's Footwear

KEITH'S KONQUEROR SHOES FOR MEN.

Made by the famous Preston B. Keith Shoe Co., Campello, Mass., U. S. A. Exclusive Agent, D. Spencer Ltd., Victoria, B. C.

For Style, Fit, Wear and up-to-the-hour they cannot be excelled, evening wear. Per pair \$6.50

MEN'S PATENT COLT BLUCHER LACE BOOT, medium heel. Mystic Last, welted sole. Per pair \$6.00

MEN'S PATENT COLT BLUCHER LACE BOOT, cloth top, military heel, Elk Last, welted sole. Per pair \$6.00

MEN'S PATENT COLT BLUCHER LACE BOOT, whole foxed, medium heel, welted sole. Per pair \$6.50

MEN'S IVORY CALF BLUCHER LACE BOOT; low heel, Mystic Last, welted sole. Per pair \$6.00

MEN'S PATENT COLT BLUCHER LACE BOOT; dull kid top, Mystic Last, welted sole. Per pair \$6.00

MEN'S KANGAROO BLUCHER LACE BOOT; three-quarter foxed, welted sole. Per pair \$6.00

MEN'S OXFORDS OR LOW SHOES

MEN'S PATENT COLT BLUCHER OXFORD; Elk Last, welted sole. Per pair \$6.00

MEN'S PATENT OXFORD YANKEE TIP; Mystic Last, welted sole. Per pair \$6.00

MEN'S PATENT BUTTON OXFORD; dull kid top, welted sole, Elk Last. Per pair \$6.00

MEN'S GUN METAL CALF HUTTON OXFORD; Hobs Last, welted sole. Per pair \$6.00

MEN'S VELVET CALF BLUCHER OXFORD; low heel, Preston Last, welted sole. Per pair \$5.50

MEN'S MANILA CALF, BLUCHER OXFORD; Hobs Last, welted sole. Per pair \$5.50

MEN'S CHOCOLATE VICI KID BLUCHER OXFORD TIE; Stag Last, welted sole. Per pair \$5.00

MEN'S PATENT COLT BLUCHER OXFORD, welt sole, per pair \$5.00

MEN'S VELVET CALF BLUCHER OXFORD; welt sole. Per pair \$4.00

MEN'S CHOCOLATE KID OXFORDS; welt sole. Per pair \$3.50

MEN'S DONGOLA OXFORDS; medium sole. Per pair \$2.50

MEN'S VELVET CALF OXFORDS; welt sole. Per pair \$3.50

Women's Footwear

WOMEN'S FASHIONABLE OXFORDS

WOMEN'S CANVAS OXFORDS, in white, lavender and the new shade, "Oyster Grey; Cuban heel, turn sole, canvas covered heel; very dressy.